THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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DEMOCRATS OF FOUR STATES GIVE VOICE TO THEIR SLOGANS

In Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa and California State Conventions Are Held.

OHIO DEMOCRATS ALONE INDORSE FREE SILVER

Under Tom Johnson's Orders They Shout for Bryan—Iowa, Wisconsin and California Make the Trusts and the Tariff Paramount.

The democrats of Ohio, Iowa, Wisconsin and California held state conventions yesterday.

In Iowa Mayor Tom Johnson controlled and the platform represents his individual views. Bryan and free silver are indorsed.

In Iowa silver was ignored and the trusts and the tariff denounced.

In California silver was not mentioned, but the tariff and the trusts were condemned.

The Wisconsin democrats devote nearly all of the platform to state issues, but denounce trusts and the tariff.

THE TICKET.

Secretary of State—Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, Cincinnati.

Supreme Judge—Michael Donnelly, Napoleon.

Food and Dairy Commissioner—Phillip H. Bruck, Columbus.

Member of State Board of Public Works—Joseph J. Pater, Hamilton.

Cedar Point, Via Sandusky, Ohio, September 3.—The democratic state convention here today was principally the occasion of booming its presiding officer, Mayor Tom L. Johnson, for the presidency, and of introducing into Ohio politics Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, pastor of the Vine Street Congregational church at Cincinnati. The former has been conspicuously before the public as congressman and delegate to the national and other conventions for years, but the latter was not so well known until he was today made the standard-bearer of his party and made a speech of acceptance that was received with unusual enthusiasm. Bigelow is 33 years old, independent in his creed and has become prominent as a lecturer as well as a popular preacher.

The convention lasted less than three hours and had only one ballot, most of the time being devoted to speeches, and that of Rev. Bigelow was conceded to be the feature of the occasion. In presenting the names of candidates and in seconding the same and accepting nominations, over a score of orators were heard, but none of them commanded more attention, not excepting the keynote speech of Chairman Johnson, than the young minister.

Johnson All Way Through.

It was a Johnson convention throughout, although Mr. Johnson himself was more conciliatory today than at the preliminary meetings of the past two days. The platform was adopted as it came from him to the committee. The state central and executive committees were both organized as he suggested, and the state ticket, with a single exception, was nominated by acclamation as slated by the Johnson men. All the proceedings were conducted with dispatch, in accordance with what was known as the Johnson programme, and the chairman was made the hero of the day in every possible form of demonstration. Men passed through the audience and the commodious grounds of the summer resort with valises full of buttons bearing the picture

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HAITI MAY BE SEIZED BY THE UNITED STATES

Washington, September 3.—The Post tomorrow will say that the president has tentatively discussed with some of his close advisers the question of annexing the island of Haiti, with a view to action in case the Haitiens themselves fail to restore peace and order. The frequency of the revolutions in Haiti necessitating the presence of American men of war to protect American and foreign interests, the general instability of government and anarchial conditions and the desirability of maintaining order in the West Indies, The Post will say, have led to the informal discussion of the possible necessity of interference by a stronger power. According to The Post it is believed that favorable terms can be made with the republic of Santo Domingo, which shares the occupation of the island, so that the entire country can pass into American possession.

Cape Haitien, Haiti, September 3.—The German steamer Markamannia, carrying arms and ammunition sent by the provisional government to Cape Haitien, was boarded yesterday by an armed force from the Firminist gun boat Crete-a-Pierrot at the entrance of this harbor. The boarding party took possession of the war munitions against the protest of her captain and the German consul.

ROSE IN BLOOM IN WISCONSIN

Mayor of Milwaukee Named for Governor by Democrats.

Platform Ignores Silver, but Raps the Trusts and the Protective Tariff—Gratitude Expressed for the Escape of Roosevelt.

Milwaukee, Wis., September 3.—Mayor David S. Rose, of this city, was tonight nominated for governor of Wisconsin by the democratic state convention. John W. Wattawa, of Kewaunee, was the unanimous choice for lieutenant governor. The remainder of the ticket will be named tomorrow.

Mayor Burt Williams, of Ashland, presented the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously:

"Resolved, That the democratic party, in convention assembled, express its regret and sorrow over the untimely death of President McKinley and an abhorrence of the doctrine of anarchy.

"Further resolved, That we receive with deep gratitude news of the escape of our nation's president, Theodore Roosevelt, from severe injury in the accident of this day."

The platform which was adopted says in part:

"Appreciating the burning and pressing necessity for relief from the extortions to which the people are subjected," condemns the republican party "for the enactment and maintenance of a tariff law which fosters trusts and enables certain combinations and corporations to charge American consumers exorbitant prices for the products of their factories, while selling the same class of goods to European consumers at greatly reduced prices."

It continues:

"We point to the business methods of the steel trust as a striking example of the infamous workings of certain schedules of the Dingley tariff law. It is a notorious fact that this trust is selling the products of its factory to European consumers at prices ranging from 25 to 40 per cent less than it charges American consumers for the same class of goods. Any law which thus permits American manufacturers to rob American consumers, either directly or indirectly, is wrong in morals, un-American, undemocratic and subversive of good government, and so far as it so operates we demand its immediate unconditional repeal.

"We believe that the state should not grant its sovereign power to corporations to be exercised in the unlawful oppression of the people, and we hereby pledge ourselves to cause to be instituted and prosecuted with vigor such proceed-

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IOWA DEMOCRATS IGNORE SILVER

For the First Time Since the Convention of 1896.

Result Reached After a Protracted Contest—Strong Utterances in the Platform in Regard to the Trusts and the Tariff.

THE TICKET.

Secretary of State—Richard Burke.

Auditor—J. S. McLuin.

Attorney General—John Dennison.

Treasurer—R. U. Chapman.

Judge of Supreme Court—Thomas Stapleton.

Clerk Supreme Court—Jesse Tripp.

Supreme Court Reporter—John F. Dalton.

Judge of Supreme Court, short term, W. H. Quick.

Railroad Commissioner — Thomas Benson.

Des Moines, Ia., September 3.—The foregoing ticket was named by the democratic state convention here today. The nominations were by acclamation in every case.

The convention adopted a platform which makes no mention of free silver or the national declaration of the party at Kansas City. This is the first time the Iowa democrats have ignored the silver question since the Dubuque convention of 1896, when free silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 was specifically indorsed. The result today was reached at the conclusion of a protracted contest. The initial plank over which the contest arose reads:

"We, the chosen representatives of the democratic party in Iowa, hereby declare anew our faith in the fundamental principles of the democratic party and renew our allegiance thereto."

Trust and Tariff Planks.

The trust and tariff utterances in part follow:

"We find much in the domestic affairs of the nation that ought to be changed. The tariff policy originally adopted for the avowed purpose of raising revenue to meet the enormous burdens of the civil war has been turned to the use of individual and class interests until it has become the creator of countless unearned fortunes and the shelter of huge

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DEATH DARTS MIGHTY CLOSE TO ROOSEVELT

Carriage of the President in Collision with an Electric Street Car.

GUARD AND ONE HORSE ARE INSTANTLY KILLED

Driver Seriously Injured and President and Secretary Cortelyou Are Badly Bruised—Accident Witnessed by Hundreds of People.

Pittsfield, Mass., September 3.—The president of the United States escaped a tragic death by only a few feet in a collision between his carriage and an electric street car in this city today, while one of his most trusted guards, Secret Service Agent Wiliam Craig, was instantly killed, and David J. Pratt, of Dalton, who was guiding the horses attached to the vehicle, was seriously injured. President Roosevelt himself was badly shaken up, but received only a slight facial bruise. Secretary Cortelyou, who occupied a seat directly opposite the president in the landau, sustained a minor wound in the back of the head, and Governor Crane, who sat beside the president, extricated himself from the wreck practically without a scratch. The carriage was demolished by the impact of the rapidly moving car and the wheel horse on the side nearest the car was killed outright. The crew and passengers of the car escaped injury.

The president and party were driving from this city to Lenox through South street, one of the principal thoroughfares of Pittsfield, which was lined with cheering people. The catastrophe occurred in plain view of hundreds, whose happiness at the advent of the nation's chief was suddenly turned to grief.

Thousands had poured into the city in the early morning from the near-by country to see and hear the president, and his address at the city park had been loudly cheered. At the conclusion of the exercises he wished to make a brief call on former Senator Dawes, whose house in Elm street is but a short distance from the park.

Fateful Journey Begins.

The president's carriage, in which he had ridden in from Governor Crane's home at Dalton, was accordingly driven to the Dawes residence and carriages containing a number of other gentlemen in the party followed. President Roosevelt's call was a short one, and then the carriages returned to the city square.

After a few minutes' delay the journey to Lenox was begun. Meanwhile the mounted police officers and the carriages containing the newspaper correspondents who have accompanied the president on his tour had started off ahead on the road to Lenox and were some distance in advance of the president's equipage. Three or four other open carriages fell in line immediately behind the landau in which the president rode with Secretary Cortelyou and Governor Crane. Secret Service Agent Craig, who throughout the New England trip has been almost constantly at the president's elbow, was on the driver's box beside Coachman Pratt.

Out through South street is a broad, smooth highway. The tracks of the Pittsfield electric street railway are laid in the center of the road, with ample room for teams on each side, and scores of vehicles of every description followed along this road behind the president's party. Shortly after he left the park an electric car, which had been filled with passengers at that point, started toward Lenox well behind the procession. It passed all of the teams and was about a mile and a half out from the city at the beginning of Howard hill and was nearly up to the president's carriage, which was traveling on the west side of the highway. Just at the foot of Howard hill the road bends a little and teams are compelled to cross the street railway tracks to the east side. The railroad then continues at one side of the street instead of the center. At this point the upward grade of the hill begins but a short distance beyond the crossing. There is a narrow bridge spanning a small brook.

Collision Occurs.

The trolley car approached the road crossing under a good head of speed with gong clanging, just as the driver of the president's carriage turned his leaders to cross the tracks. On each side of the chief executive's carriage rode two mounted troopers of the local cavalry company, and the horseman on the left of the landau had turned on to the track with the trolley car immediately behind them, though some yards distant. Alarmed by the clanging gong, they both turned in their saddles and waved vigorously to the motorman to stop his car. Almost at the same instant Governor Crane, who quickly perceived the danger, rose to his feet and likewise motioned to the motorman. The latter in great excitement desperately tried to stop his car, but too late. It crashed into the carriage as a loud moan went up from the frenzied onlookers who thronged the roadside and who but a moment before were cheering the president.

The horsemen managed to get their frightened animals out of the way just in time, and the car struck the rear wheel of the carriage on the left side and plowed through to the front wheel

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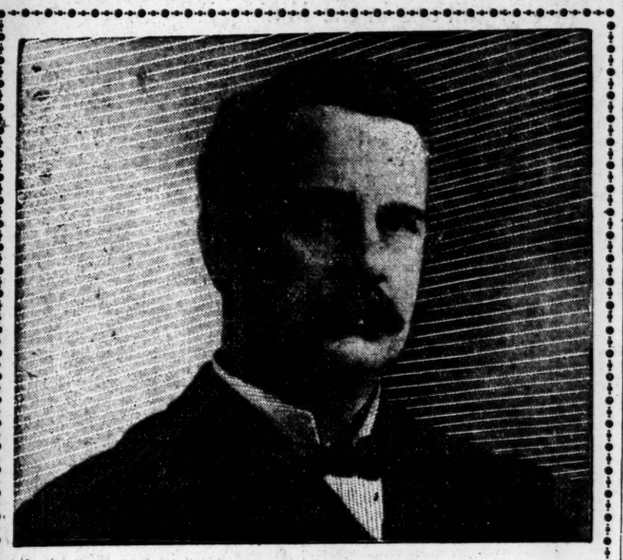
HE NEARLY GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE GOVERNOR ODELL



GOVERNOR ODELL, OF NEW YORK, Snatched On Railway Track Just in Time To Escape Death.

FREDONIA, N. Y., September 3.—(Special.)—Governor Odell had a hair-breadth escape here today from being crushed to death under wheels of a locomotive while walking from his train to a carriage which was to take him to the residence of Justice Warren B. Hooker.

The governor had come to speak at the Chautauqua county fair this afternoon. When the train came to a standstill in the station the governor and party, which included Private Secretary Graham and Professor G. C. D. Odell, of Columbia university, a brother of the governor, were escorted by Justice Hooker, Lester F. Stearns and Julian T. Williams. Crowded about were hundreds of cheering persons.

A switch engine was backing several coal cars [illegible] the station. Because of the cheering and the crowd the governor did not notice the approaching cars and stepped on the track. Just as a cry of warning was raised a man who was not identified rushed forward and shoved the governor and Justice Hooker off the track. He himself was hit by a car, barely escaping being knocked down.

HOUGHTON, BY DIVORCE, WILL GET BIG FORTUNE

Father Left Nearly $200,000 To Go to Him in That Event.

WIFE OF ATLANTA MAN GIVEN $21,500 ALIMONY

Verdict Grants Both Total Divorce, and Was Secured with Consent of Both Parties—Houghton's Suit in Atlanta To Be Dismissed.

George R. Houghton, of Atlanta, was yesterday divorced from his wife in Chicago and by the transaction comes into possession of an estate valued at nearly $200,000.

George Houghton, a Milwaukee bank president, father of the Atlantan, died five months ago and left a condition in his will that his son should not receive his share of the estate until his wife died or he was divorced from her. Under the court's decree, Houghton will also be cut a considerable sum of money, as he will have to pay his wife alimony to the amount of $21,500.

The order of divorce was granted by Judge Kavanagh, of Chicago, by consent of both parties. Mr. and Mrs. Houghton are each totally divorced and are privileged to marry again.

Mr. Houghton had already secured a first verdict of divorce in the superior court of Fulton county several months ago and the second hearing was set for this week. The case in the Atlanta courts will now be dismissed.

Mr. Houghton and his wife separated about seven years ago and two years ago Houghton moved to this city. Mrs. Houghton is a resident of Chicago. She is a daughter of the late Colonel Kirby, formerly a wealthy hotel keeper of Milwaukee. Houghton is said to be a well-known club man.

Sweethearts When Children.

There is an interesting story connected with the love affair and marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Houghton. The parents of the two were wealthy and resided in the same neighborhood in Milwaukee. In early childhood the two children played together about their homes and formed a strong attachment for each other.

As the children grew older they became sweethearts and the childish friendship ripened into love. The affair finally terminated in marriage and Mr. and Mrs. Houghton moved to Chicago. About seven years ago differences arose between them and a separation followed.

Houghton moved to Atlanta two years ago and last year instituted suit for divorce. It was said that Mrs. Houghton was unaware of this action and when the case was tried no defense was made. A first verdict was granted Mr. Houghton, and later Mrs. Houghton, through her attorneys, made application to be admitted to the suit.

After this action was taken both sides came together and arranged a compromise whereby Mr. and Mrs. Houghton were to be divorced and she was to receive $21,500 alimony. As it was desired to end the matter as quickly as possible, by consent a petition for divorce was filed by Mrs. Houghton in the Chicago courts in order that they would not have to wait until the September term of the Atlanta courts. The case has just been heard and the order as above stated was granted.

Houghton was represented in the proceedings by Attorneys Zahner, Slicer and Logan, of this city, and Mrs. Houghton

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REV. J. C. MURRAY FACES CHARGES

North Indiana Conference Investigating Charge of "Immoral Conduct."

Rev. J. C. Murray, professor of theology at the Gammon Theological seminary, was yesterday placed under investigation by the North Indiana conference, Methodist Episcopal church, which is in session at Grace church, Richmond, Ind. The hearing was held yesterday afternoon and last night, and the investigating board will render its decision this morning. If the board considers that the charges are well founded, Dr. Murray will be regularly placed on trial by the conference.

The charge on which the investigating

Continued on Third Page.

COAL BARONS IN THE FIGHT TO THE DEATH

Overtures Made by Quay and Penrose for Settling Strike Are Rejected.

MITCHELL DENOUNCED BY PRESIDENT BAER

Speaking for the Operators Baer Declares That No Concessions Will Be Made to the Strikers. Fight To Continue to the Bitter End.

Pittsburg, September 3.—"An extra session of the legislature would cost the state less money than it is costing to maintain the militia in the anthracite region to prevent and suppress riots."

In these words Governor W. A. Stone indicated to a few of his friends during his visit here his purpose to call an extra session of the Pennsylvania legislature and try to end the anthracite strike. Mr. Stone is said to believe that by this means an end of the strike could be made in less than thirty days. The plan he proposes is a compulsory arbitration law.

Philadelphia, September 3.—President George F. Baer, of the Reading company, and United States Senators Quay and Penrose held a long conference today in the executive offices of the Reading company, in this city, at which the anthracite coal miners' strike was thoroughly discussed. At the conclusion of the conference President Baer issued a lengthy reply to the two senators. Among other things he said:

"The management of business belongs to the owners. In the case of coal companies the law casts the management and control on the directors and officers, whose responsibility is to their stockholders, to the state and to the public. The right of the stockholders is to have good management and a fair return on their investment. The obligation to the state is to conduct the business in strict conformity to the laws it has established. The duty to the public, so far as practicable, to conduct the business so as to add to the common welfare.

"The coal operators say that they cannot mine coal because the miners make demands which render it impossible to mine coal profitably and that the state has enacted laws prohibiting the employment of men in the mines unless they have worked two years in anthracite mines and therefore they cannot for the time being mine coal. How, then, under these circumstances, can there be any violation of public duty? If we yield to the extravagant demands of the miners we will lose money. If we attempt to increase the price of coal we will destroy

SOUTHERN'S NEW FAST MAIL TO PUT ATLANTA NEAR NEW YORK

The Southern railway will in the course of a few weeks put on a fast mail train between New York and New Orleans, which will reduce the time between New York and Atlanta to twenty-two hours.

At first the train will carry only mail and baggage cars, though it is the intention of the management to add passenger equipment as soon as the fast schedule has been given a complete trial.

The new schedule will be operated in connection with the Pennsylvania, the Atlanta and West Point, the Western of Alabama and the Louisville and Nashville, as are the other through trains between New York and New Orleans. This train will not interefere with either of the three limited trains now operated by the Southern and the Pennsylvania between Atlanta and New York.

Although the new schedule has not been completed, it is known that the train will leave New York shortly after 2 o'clock each morning and reach Atlanta about 11 o'clock in the evening of the same day. This will enable a passenger to eat his breakfast in New York and his supper in Atlanta, something that has heretofore been unheard of.

The new train will be the fastest train ever put into service in the south, and its inauguration will mark an epoch in the business history of this section, as it will put Atlanta and New York in much closer connection than they have been heretofore.

A night passenger train will be put on between Atlanta and Birmingham in order to give the business men of that city the advantage of the quickened mail service. The schedule of the Southern's Cincinnati and Jacksonville train will be moved forward so as to make that train connect with the mail train here and put New York mail in Jacksonville the morning after it is received here.

Other Schedules Unchanged.

Otherwise the inauguration of this train will not affect the existing passenger schedules of the Southern or of the other roads that will join in operating the new fast mail train.

The addition of this train will give Atlanta four trains to and from New York each day, and will make the service between this section and the east as complete as it is possible for it to be. The train will be the first exclusive mail train ever run in the south, but it is not the intention of the management of the different roads to keep it such, owing to the heavy passenger traffic between Atlanta and the east and the demand for the quickest possible service.

This information comes to The Constitution through exclusive Washington dispatches, and is absolutely authentic, despite the fact that the official announcement of the inauguration of the train has not yet been made.

An effort was made yesterday to see General Agent J. S. Barbour Thompson, of the Southern, who is the representative of the executive department of the Southern, concerning the new train, but he was in Brunswick and it was impossible to reach him. The passenger officials when seen declined to discuss the matter, saying that they had heard nothing of it.

The facts concerning the new train are told in the following special to The Constitution from Washington:

Comes from Washington.

Washington, September 3.—(Special.)—From an absolutely authoritative source it is learned that the Southern railway, in connection with the Pennsylvania, the Atlanta and West Point, the Western of Alabama and the Louisville and Nashville, will, in the course of a few weeks, put on a fast mail train between New York and New Orleans that in point of speed will eclipse any former effort made in the south.

The schedule on the new train will reduce the time between New York and New Orleans to thirty-three hours, and the time between New York and Atlanta to twenty-two hours. At first it will be run purely as a mail train. Later on passenger equipment will be added and it will then be possible for passengers to take early breakfast in New York and late supper in Atlanta.

For the present the train will carry one baggage car and three mail cars, or one baggage car, one high-class express car and two mail cars. As soon as the schedule is firmly established and everything is in smooth running order two Pullman sleepers will be added to the train.

The schedule will be an entirely new one and will not interfere in any way with the trains now operated by the different roads over which it will run. The time card is now being considered by the operating officials of the different roads and its details have not yet been completed. However, it is known that the time of arrival and departure on the downward trip will be approximately as follows:

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Fair in northwest, local showers in east and south portions Thursday; cooler in east portion. Friday fair; variable winds.

Highest temperature.. 86
Lowest temperature 65
Mean temperature.. 76
Normal temperature.. 74
Precipitation for past 24 hours.. 91
Deficiency since 1st of month.. 49
Deficiency since January 1.. .. ..8.08

LOCAL

Southern railway to put on fast mail train making the time from New York to Atlanta twenty-two hours.

Charge of immoral conduct against Rev. J. C. Murray, of Gammon Theological seminary, is being investigated at Richmond, Ind.

As result of divorce granted Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Houghton in Chicago court, Houghton, an Atlantan, will come into possession of a fortune from his father's estate.

Charter revision committee meets today to settle question of submitting entire new charter to the people.

Council to act finally at next meeting on proposed thirty-year grant to new electric light company.

GEORGIA

The negro Waulfalk, charged with attempting assault on young lady in Webster county, has been lodged in jail at Columbus for fear that a lynching would occur if the negro remained in Webster county.

The conference over the street railway consolidation in Macon resulted in an agreement, and a report in favor of consolidation will be made to council.

Columbus is to vote on issue of bonds to erect waterworks plant.

Cotton men at Savannah say they were not surprised at the government report; that they knew there was a deterioration, but at the same time thought report indicated billousness on part of statisticans.

Mother of Hon. Dupont Guerry died at Americus yesterday.

SOUTHERN

Alabama democratic state committee met yesterday, canvassed vote in recount primary and declared the result.

Greensboro, N. C., will invite the president to stop over there for a few hours on his trip south.

Lieutenant Governor Jim Tillman, of South Carolina, defeated for governor in the primary, challenges Editor Gonzales, of Columbia—who attacked him in his paper during campaign—to meet him face to face and call him a liar. Tillman promises to resign if Gonzales accepts challenge.

Charges of fraud in the recent primary at Charleston, S. C., have been made and citizens held an indignation meeting last night and declared Von-Kolnity two votes had been counted for Grace. Arrests will probably follow.

DOMESTIC.

An electric car struck the carriage containing President Roosevelt and party at Pittsfield, Mass., killing Guard Craig and severely injuring the driver. President Roosevelt and Secretary Cortelyou were bruised.

The coal presidents have refused overtures to end the anthracite strike and Governor Stone will probably call the legislature in extra session to pass a compulsory arbitration law.

The democrats of Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa and California held conventions yesterday. Johnson controlled in Ohio and silver and Bryan were indorsed. In the other states silver was ignored and the trusts and tariff denounced.

FOREIGN.

Rioting continues at Agram, Hungary. The city is full of troops, but the soldiers are unable to keep the peace.

Seven hundred people were killed by a landslide near Mount Kasbek, in Russia.

The king of Spain declares that he intends to wed an American heiress.

Owing to the illness of the czarina the hopes of the czar for an heir to the throne have been disappointed.

The victims of Mont Pelee's latest eruption only returned to their homes last week, the French government thinking that danger was over.

COAL BARONS WON'T YIELD

Overtures by Quay and Penrose To Settle the Strike Are Rejected.

STRIKE LEADER MITCHELL IS DENOUNCED BY BAER

Speaking for the Operators, President Baer Declares That No Concessions Will Be Made, and That Fight Will Wage to the Bitter End.

the industries depending upon anthracite fuel. If we increase the price on the domestic sizes we will be called robber barons, oppressors of the poor, monopolists and enemies of mankind.

Position of Operators.

"We have concluded, therefore, that our duty to ourselves and to the public will best be served by standing firmly on these propositions:

"1. That the wages paid in the anthracite coal regions are, compared with the wages paid in like employment, fair and just and that men willing to work honestly can earn more money on the present basis of wages than in any other industry engaged in producing common articles of necessity in the United States.

"2. That wages cannot be increased without increasing the price of coal, and to increase the price of coal will restrict the market and drive the public to use bituminous coal, a cheaper and more abundant fuel, and that a restricted market will curtail production and result in depriving the miners of regular employment.

"3. That we are not fighting labor organizations. We fully recognize the right of men to organize to protect themselves from oppression and to benefit themselves in any legitimate way, but we do oppose their unreasonable interference with the discipline and ordinary management of our business. We will not permit them to select our employees. Neither politics, religion, nationality nor membership in labor organizations shall debar any competent man from working for us. We are fighting the battle of freedom for the individual and his right to labor on his own terms.

"4. That it is by reason of varying conditions at each mine impracticable to adopt a uniform scale of wages for the whole region. But that at each colliery every complaint and grievance will be taken up and investigated by the superintendents and adjusted whenever it is just. I personally offered to Mitchell and his district presidents to go with them and investigate any grievance.

Arbitration Not Possible.

"You cannot arbitrate questions of wages when an increase will destroy the business and a decrease will be unacceptable to the workmen.

"We cannot arbitrate a question as to whether mining operation and business generally shall be managed under the common sense rule of law and equity, by the owners and the servants they have selected, or by a labor organization.

"You cannot arbitrate the right to protect your property and your workmen from the mob rule of labor organizations, who boldly proclaim a purpose to destroy property and endeavor to make their proclamation effective by killing and injuring their fellow-workmen who refuse to join in their lawlessness. When John Mitchell ordered the engineers, firemen and pumpmen to desert their posts he knew that unless the operators could supply their places the mines would be destroyed and with their destruction 140,000 men, with their wives and children dependent upon their labor, would be deprived of work for a long time.

"The operators were compelled to employ police at their own expense to guard the new men employed to man the pumps to save their mines. The guards and the law authorizing them are denounced and when private citizens like Beddall are murdered the state authorities are denounced for sending troops to preserve the peace. Today that gallant soldier, General Gobin, who fought with such distinction in our civil war and than whom no juster man lives, is bitterly maligned for protecting the property and lives of Pennsylvania citizens."

The reply concludes as follows:

"We have discussed this whole subject fully, and I have endeavored to show you that sound business management makes it impossible to increase wages. We know that the wages are fair and relatively high, and that if the leaders of the bituminous mine workers had not, for selfish purposes, invaded the anthracite fields, our men would have continued to work peaceably and contentedly.

"I regret that no other solution can be found, but you will see how impossible it is to overlook the controlling business conditions already pointed out."

Situation Is Very Critical.

Bramwell, W. Va., September 3.—The situation in the Flat Top coal field is yet alarming. Tonight at Simmons Creek as the non-union miners were leaving the mines a volley was fired at them by strikers hidden on the mountain side. The guard returned the fire. So far as is known no one was injured. The officials at Simmons Creek and other operations in the Flat Top field have asked both county and state authorities for protection, but the county authorities need officers at so many different points it seems impossible for the sheriff to find men enough whom he can deputize to preserve order. More than half the men deputized in the past week or two by the sheriff as deputies refuse to act in that capacity. It is said that wholesale prosecutions will result from this when the next criminal court convenes, as the sheriff seems much enraged at the poor support being given him. As yet Governor White refuses to send any troops to this field, notwithstanding many appeals are made daily.

The fire in the Pocahontas mine continues to rage, although two large streams of water have been pouring into the pit mouth since yesterday. The mine officials greatly fear explosions in the mine as the result of the fire, and it is difficult to get men who will push far into the interior to fight the fire. Advices from the Elkhorn field are to the effect that probably 100 strikers returned to work there today, chiefly Hungarians who cannot speak a word of English. It is more than likely the strikers will endeavor to prevent them from again entering the mines and trouble may result in that field tomorrow. The situation as a whole is not improved today.

Caught Firing a Mine.

Charleston, W. Va., September 3.—A detachment of soldiers on duty at Rush Run last night caught two men in the act of firing the coal company's houses and arrested both. It is said that the men are non-union. United States Marshal Summers served injunctions at St. Clair, Eureka and Davis Gordon mines today, the new seat of trouble, where an attempt has been made to start work. Governor White says he has no present intention of withdrawing the military force.

Head-ache.

Sick headache, nervous headache, tired headache, neuralgic headache, catarrhal headache, headache from excitement, in fact, headaches of all kinds are quickly and surely cured with

DR. MILES'

Pain Pills.

Also all pains such as backache, neuralgia, sciatica, rheumatic pains, monthly pains, etc.

"Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are worth their weight in gold," says Mr. W. D. Kreamer, of Arkansas City, Kan. "They cured my wife of chronic headache when nothing else would."

"Dr. Miles' Pain Pills drive away pain as if by magic. I am never without a supply, and think everyone should keep them handy. One or two pills taken on approach of headache will prevent it every time."

MRS. JUDGE JOHNSON, Chicago, Ill.

Through their use thousands of people have been enabled to attend social and religious functions, travel, enjoy amusements, etc., with comfort. As a preventative, when taken on the approach of a recurring attack, they are excellent.

Sold by all Druggists. 25 Doses, 25 cents.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

REPORT ON COAL STRIKE MADE TO THE PRESIDENT

Commissioner of Labor Wright States That There Is No Ground for Interference--Discusses Conditions in the Mining Region.

Washington, September 3.—Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, was designated by the president in June last to investigate and report to him the causes and conditions accompanying the present controversy between the Pennsylvania anthracite coal operators and their miners. Twelve days later Mr. Wright submitted his findings to the president.

After carefully going over the report, the president submitted it to the attorney general, who, after giving it full and careful consideration, reports that the executive has no power whatever to take action in the matter. The report accordingly is made public for the information of the people.

Mr. Wright conducted his investigation in New York, being represented in the coal regions by an experienced gentleman, who, he states, had studied the conditions in the coal regions many times, and who undertook to make the necessary inquiries relative to the present strike. Mr. Wright says that he knows of no strike that has presented so many varying conditions, conflicting views and irritating complaints. The present strike, he says, finds its root in the settlement of the strike of 1900, when the advance demanded by the miners was conceded. Since that time there has been increased sensitiveness and more intense irritation than during the previous twenty-five years.

Coal production, profits and transportation are some of the subjects discussed in the report.

Union and Miners.

Concerning the control of the union over the miners, Mr. Wright says:

"Nearly all the operators, so far as learned, have no confidence in the ability or the miners' union to control its own members to any such degree as to assist in maintaining proper discipline. Here is a sharp conflict, and one which reaches to the very essence of the irritating conditions that now attend anthracite coal mining.

"Some of the operators do not hesitate to say, and it is believed that this statement is favorably regarded by some of the union officers, that no great progress will be made toward a more peaceful condition in the mining regions until the antiracite miners have a union of their own, its autonomy individualized, and not complicated with that of the bituminous coal miners.

"All the operators disclaimed that they had any antagonism to labor unions as such. They do object, and most seriously, to some of the methods adopted by the unions, and they feel that when asked to make contracts with the unions the latter should put themselves in a position to be peculiarly responsible for carrying out such contracts."

Mr. Wright concludes his report as follows:

"Much evidence has been offered to show the general condition of the miners, their complaints and grievances, and the complaints and grievances of the operators. It is very clearly shown by the evidence that the miners have done something in the way of securing discipline, although they have disappointed the operators in such attempts.

"The miners feel that the corporations, when they refuse to recognize the right of the union to represent the men in adjusting any difficulty, cannot deny that the officers have the power to decide whether or not the employees shall strike. They also state if the operators will make an agreement with them they will carry it out as far as it lies in their power to do so, but that without an agreement they are all the time quibbling as to conditions under which miners shall work.

Hardships Worked.

"It is represented to me by reputable parties, who have no interest in the mining business one way or the other, that the chief difficulty lies in the lack of organization. This is shown by the existence of many practices in the management of coal mines which appear to be unwise, unfair and calculated to work hardship. There are very prosperous miners in the coal region, and of course there is also, as in every industry, great destitution. The whole problem is an extremely complicated one, and involves many practices that have been built up through long years. The mine owners too often have regarded the average miner as unreasonable and likely to be unruly when occasion offered. The miner has come to regard the average owner as greedy and ready to do anything which will take advantage of him. Long continued conditions of this basis of suspicion make the question one of great difficulty.

"It would seem reasonable that if the men should be sure of steady work, or fairly steady work, they could well afford, perhaps, to take less wages, or even to continue on the present basis of pay. It is insisted by many that eight hours a day for six days in the week at less wages than they are now receiving would make the miners as prosperous a class of workmen as can be found in the United States."

Mr. Wright makes the following suggestions which he says seem reasonable and just:

"1. That the anthracite employees should organize an anthracite coal miners' union, in its autonomy to be independent of the United Mine Workers of America. The new union might, of course, be affiliated with the United Mine Workers and the Federation of Labor, but in the conduct of all the affairs relating to the anthracite coal regions the new union should preserve its own autonomy and be financially responsible for its agreements.

Nine-Hour Day Proposed.

"2. That considering all the facts relative to production, cost of coal at the mines, profits, freight traffic, etc., it would be reasonable and just for the operators to concede at once a nine-hour day, but that this should be done for the period of six months as an experiment in order to test the influence on production, with the guaranty that if production is not materially reduced thereby the agreement shall be made for a more permanent reduction of time.

"3. That under a new organization consisting of anthracite employees there shall be organized a joint committee on conciliation, composed of representatives of the operators and of the new union, to which all grievances as they arise shall be referred for investigation, and that when two-thirds of the committee reach a decision that decision shall be final and binding upon both parties.

"4. That the first duty of such joint board of conciliation shall be to enter upon a thorough examination and investigation of all conditions relative to mining anthracite coal, the question of weighing, to discipline, to wage scales and to all matters that now form the burden of the complaints and grievances of both operators and miners; the results of such investigation not to be considered in the nature of an award of a board of arbitration, but as verified information on which future contracts can be made.

"5. That whenever practicable and where mining is paid for by the ton, and until the joint committee referred to shall have made its report, coal shall be paid for by the ton, and be weighed by two inspectors, one representing the operators and one representing the men, each side to pay its own inspector.

"6. That there shall be no interference with non-union men.

"7. That whenever practicable collective bargains shall be made relative to wages, time and other conditions, under rules to be established by the joint committee referred to."

These conclusions, Mr. Wright says, he believes "will help to allay irritation and reach the day when the anthracite coal regions shall be governed systematically and in accordance with greater justice and higher moral principles than now generally prevail on ether side."

DIVORCE GIVES HOUGHTON WILL

Continued from First Page.

was represented by Councilman James C. Warren, of Atlanta, and T. L. Foley, of Chicago.

In a special received last night from Milwaukee it is said that it is understood Houghton desired a divorce in order that he might wed a Georgia lady.

Houghton's father left him one-fourth of his estate, but specified the condition that he was to receive only the income until his wife died or he became divorced from her.

The Story from Milwaukee.

The following special from Milwaukee gives further details of the affair:

Milwaukee, Wis., September 3.—(Special.)—By a divorce which was granted today by Judge Kavanagh to Mrs. George R. Houghton, on the grounds of desertion, George R. Houghton, of Atlanta, son of the late George G. Houghton, of Milwaukee, gets $150,000, one-fourth of his father's estate, by a provision of the will as follows:

"If he shall at any time be legally divorced from his present wife, or she shall die, the executors shall pay over to him at the time of such death or divorce the entire principal sum of one share with the accumulated income at that time."

Those in a position to know believe that the divorce was a sort of mutual arrangement since it is known that the parties have not lived together for seven years or more. Infatuated with his wife, Houghton allowed her many liberties, and day after day fishing and yachting parties upon the lakes were the programme. Old residents of Oconomowoc remember the lavish preparations for these boating excursions and it was felt that something would occur to put a stop to these revels, which were followed by the separation of Mr. and Mrs. Houghton. There were three children up to the year 1890. The household was broken up and Houghton made his home in Chicago. He failed in business there and left to go to Atlanta.

Mrs. Houghton for a time tried a hand at a manicuring establishment in Milwaukee, but it was not successful. She is spoken of as a most attractive woman, who was always a favorite with her friends.

It is stated that the reason for Houghton's application for divorce in Atlanta was that he desired to wed a Georgia lady.

FOR THE CONFEDERATE HOME

Money Is Voted by the George Thomas Post, G. A. R.

Indianapolis, Ind., September 3.—The George Thomas post, G. A. R., at a meeting tonight voted $25 for the fund to assist in building cottages at Mountain Creek, Ala., for a home for indigent and infirm ex-confederate soldiers.

Run Over by Train.

Macon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—This afternoon, 6 miles from Macon, Horace Gentry, son of Charlton Gentry, was run over by a Macon and Birmingham freight train and fatally injured.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

ROCK IS STRUCK BY THE BROOKLYN

Schley's Famous Ship Badly Injured in the War Game.

Vessel Strikes an Uncharted Rock in Buzzard's Bay—Extent of the Brooklyn's Injuries Not Yet Known, but Are Probably Serious.

Newport, R. I., September 3.—Word was received here tonight that the cruiser Brooklyn, flagship of Rear Admiral Coghlan, on leaving New Bedford this afternoon after the attack, ran onto a rock not far from Dumpling light house. She came off after a while, but it is thought she is injured. Three vessels of the fleet, the Olympia, Puritan and Mayflower, were sent on to Block island, the naval base, while the Peoria and the tug Leyden remained with the Brooklyn.

There will be a long consultation of captains to decide what shall be done with the Brooklyn, and tomorrow divers will be sent down to examine the vessel's bottom. Should the injuries prove as serious as is now expected, the cruiser will be obliged to go to New York for repairs.

It is well known that Buzzards bay is a dangerous piece of water and it is seldom that vessels as large as the Brooklyn go up without a local pilot. The accident, therefore, was not entirely unexpected by mariners familiar with the waters.

It is claimed by those on board the Brooklyn that the rock upon which the cruiser ran was not indicated in the charts.

Fleet Makes Third Attack.

New London, Conn., September 3.—Early this morning the naval enemy made its third attack on the forts of the New London district. It is said to have been the most effective, as well as the most spectacular move that has taken place since the maneuvers began. The firing began at 4:50 and continued almost incessantly for two hours, being directed at Fort Wright, Fishers island. The attacking squadron was composed of the batfle ships Kearsarge, Alabama, Massachusetts and Indiana.

Just as soon as the first ship was within firing distance she was fired upon from Fort Michie, but no attention was paid to this warning, for the ships came right along, heading in the direction of Fort Wright, it seemingly being the purpose to capture that strongly fortified place, believed to be capable, with the aid of Forts Michie and Terry, of coping with the strongest fleet afloat. A determined attack was made on Fort Wright, and the firing from the guns and mortars of the fort was kept up incessantly as the four ships formed in line of battle and sailed slowly by the fort, exchanging shot for shot as far as possible.

The firing was kept up for about half an hour, when the ships sailed well out toward the race again, the defenders believing that the ships were to retreat in the direction whence they came.

Suddenly the ships turned and again made a vigorous attack on Fort Wright, this time attempting to make a landing. One of the big ships drew in pretty close to the fort, and with rapid-fire guns covered the landing party, but in opposition to this movement the gatling guns at the fort were brought into requisition and the landing party was evidently repelled, or rather that particular phase of this attack was not considered successful.

After the conclusion of this second attack the ships steamed out into the race and back in the direction of Block island.

The result of the conflict will not be known until after the umpires report, and perhaps it will be the occasion of much discussion on the part of the board of arbitration.

Ships Driven Off.

New Bedford, Mass., September 3.—Four warships, which could not be identified from the shore, owing to the haze, appeared off Fort Rodman early this morning, and at once opened fire. The fortifications speedily replied to the bombardment.

After a hot battle, lasting several hours, the invading vessels left the bay to rejoin the squadron. The result is in doubt and will be until the official reports are made. Colonel Frye claims the victory for the army. He asserts that the hostile fleet was driven off disabled and defeated.

EDITOR MARIOTT IS SHOT.

Turfman Williams, of California, Uses the Pistol.

San Francisco, September 3.—Thomas H. Williams, Jr., the well-known horseman, president of the California Jockey Club, shot and seriously wounded Frederick Mariott, publisher of The San Francisco News Letter, tonight at Mariott's residence. Mariott was shot three times, one shot breaking his leg, another passed through his hand and the third went into his body. His recovery is doubtful. The shooting is supposed to have grown out of articles printed by Mariott reflecting on Williams.

Celebrating the Anniversary.

New York, September 3.—(Special.)—A party of seventy-five managers of the Remington Typewriter Company, representing all countries of the world, left the Grand Central station tonight on a special train for the Mount Washington hotel, White mountains, where they will hold a three days' convention celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the company.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

TOM JOHNSON TO THE FRONT

Single Tax Mayor Had Things His Own Way in Ohio Convention.

BRYAN AND FREE SILVER ARE GIVEN INDORSEMENT

Johnson Forces the Convention To Name a Preacher for Secretary of State—He Will Soon Begin a Tour of the State.

Continued from First Page.

of the chairman of the convention and the inscription, "Tom L. Johnson in 1904."

There were bushels of those prospective souvenirs given away, some filling their pockets, and everybody knew what they meant, judging from the comments on every hand.

Previous to the assembling of the convention, Mayor Johnson was called on by delegations of those who had vainly opposed him at the preliminary meetings last night, who said they wanted to cooperate with him, but that his managers had been unfair in trying to unseat certain members of the state central committee. It was noticed that Lewis G. Bernard, who is opposed to Johnson, was seated as a member of the state central committee without further opposition.

In the contest in the twelfth district for state committeeman, Fred J. Heer was seated by a vote of 10 to 7 over C. C. Philbrick, the man for whom Johnson made such a strong personal appeal yesterday. Four of the twenty-one members of the committee did not vote and some of the ten members who voted for Heer were friendly to Johnson, but they insisted that Johnson had enough and that Heer was entitled to his seat.

The Only Contest.

The only contest for a nomination in the convention was for food commissioner. Ex-Mayor Bruck, of Columbus, was nominated over Senator Kraus, of Cleveland the neighbor and personal friend of Johnson. The latter had been told that he was going too far in urging the nomination of a personal friend for a minor state office, but once committed to Kraus he stuck to him to the last. During the ballot Bruck men objected to votes cast for Kraus by proxies after the delegates of certain counties had left for home, and Johnson ruled against his friend, Kraus, insisting that no votes could be cast except by delegates present in person.

Bruck got the support of all the Germans and ex-soldiers who were in the convention, and through an excellent organization broke the Johnson slate, thus causing the only scene of old time contests that there was in the proceedings.

Mayor Johnson, with his big tent, opens the campaign at Lorain next Saturday, and the convention voted to have delegations present from as many counties as possible. Chairman Frey stated that the state committee had already arranged to have Bigelow speak in every county, and that Johnson and Bigelow would now fill engagements every day and night until after the November election.

Johnson's Keynote Speech.

In his keynote speech to the convention, Mayor Johnson said:

"The principles of democracy, always old but never obsolete, confront us today, both in local and in national questions.

"One of these national questions relates to trusts. For this evil our adversaries advise publicity as the remedy.

"Publicity!

"That might protect investors against fraud, but how could it protect the public against monopoly, which is the basis of trusts?

"Men whose incomes have been increased but little or not at all, but whose living expenses have been increased enormously—why should they care for publicity? What is needed is not examinations of the account books of the trusts; it is the sweeping of monopolies from the statute books of the people.

"The money question is also national. And let me tell you this is no dead issue, as some would have us believe. Dead though it may be in one form, it is alive in other and more radical forms. So long as Wall street interests dictate our financial policies, the money question cannot die. You know that I have never accepted the doctrine commonly known as '16 to 1.' I have worked with those who do accept it because I have believed, as I believe yet, that the free silver fight was the first great protest of the American people against monopoly—the first great struggle here of the masses against the privileged classes. It was not free silver that frightened the plutocratic leaders. What they feared was free men!

Self-Government.

"We have in national politics also the vital questions of self-government. Shall we continue to govern distant colonies from Washington, as distant provinces were governed by imperial Rome before her fall and as crown colonies are governed by the British empire today? That question also is at the bottom of the monopoly question. There would be no subject colonies if colonies could give no monopoly franchises. But national questions are not for us to deal in in this state convention. Great as is Ohio in territory and population and wealth, and important as she is in the sisterhood of states, influential as her democracy is capable of being in the councils of the national party, she is not great enough nor important enough, nor is her democracy influential enough to warrant this convention in dictating national policies or remodeling national platforms. We have not been elected for that purpose. The function of revising national platforms belongs with conventions chosen for national purposes. Our function so far as national questions are concerned begins and ends with an unmistakable identification of the democratic party of Ohio with the democratic party of the republic. That can be done in good faith only by acknowledging the authority of the latest national expression of party doctrine on national questions. In my judgment, therefore, this convention ought to recognize the Kansas City platform. It ought also to pay the tribute of its respect to the great democrat who has in two national campaigns brilliantly led us against the republican party and its allied hosts of non-partisan monopolies."

The Platform.

the platform adopted reaffirms the principles of the Kansas City platform, "faithfully and ably represented in the presidential campaign of 1900 by William Jennings Bryan," and condemns any effort to repudiate those principles. It then makes a specific statement of principles, substantially as follows:

"1. That in making assessments for taxation all property should be appraised at not less than its salable value.

"2. That the present laws for assessing the property of steam railroads and other public service corporations should be so changed as to compel the assessment of those properties at not less than their salable value as going concerns.

"3. That to prevent the evasion of state taxes by discriminating valuations, a separation of the sources of state and local revenues should be made.

"4. That all public service corporations should be required by law to make sworn public reports and that the power of visitation and examination over such corporations should be given to the proper auditing officers, to the end that the true value of the privileges had by such corporations may be made plain to the people.

"5. That the acceptance of free passes or other favors from railroads by public officers or employees should be adequate ground for their removal from office.

"6. That the denial of the right of peaceable persuasion in times of labor disturbances is a denial of the right of free speech, and that government by injunction, if persisted in, will wreck the liberties of the people.

"7. That we demand the enactment of a code which provides absolute home rule for municipalities, which shall include the right to establish the merit system.

"8. That we condemn the vicious and corrupt bargain between the boss of Cincinnati and Ohio's United States senators to force through the legislature a code that will foist upon the municipalities of Ohio Cincinnati's form of government, in order that the power of its boss may be preserved on the one hand and on the other will perpetuate existing street railway franchises which Ohio's United States senators represent.

"9. That the municipal code should protect the public against all classes which may be placed therein in the special interest of the public service monopolies by requiring that all ordinances granting, extending or modifying franchise shall be inoperative until confirmed by a majority vote of the people of the municipality, and we are unalterably opposed to the granting of any perpetual franchise.

"10. That until United States senators are required by amendment to the federal constitution to be elected by popular vote, nominations of candidates for United States senator should be made by state conventions."

IOWA DEMOCRATS IGNORE SILVER

Continued from First Page.

combinations of capital, organized in the form of trusts, which are strangling competition in many of our industries, destroying individual efforts, crushing ambition largely in the railway line of industry and already acquiring a power which enables them to dictate in their own interest the prices of labor and raw material and the costs of transportation and of finished products.

"We affirm the power and declare it to be the duty of the government to grapple with all monopolies of this character and by laws which can neither be evaded nor defied drive them from every inch of American soil.

"We assert that an immediate reduction of our tariff system to a revenue basis as an absolutely essential remedy of these overshadowing evils, without which they can never be overcome."

The Iowa republicans are congratulating themselves on having in the platform adopted at their state convention recognized that "a protective tariff may be made so high as to become the shelter for monopolies," and regret is expressed that "their brief utterances on the subject is a matter of severe criticism on the part of leading members of their party throughout the country and openly repudiated by many of their own representatives in congress from this and other states."

Freight Discrimination.

It is charged that discrimination in freight by common carriers is the handmaiden of an exorbitant protective system "in fostering gigantic trusts," and a revision of the interstate commerce law is demanded.

It is also charged that the recent republican administrations have violated the fundamental principles of the declaration of independence in permitting the British to purchase supplies in this country for the purpose of crushing out a democratic government in South Africa.

The Philippine war is declared to have been unjust and should be atoned for. On this subject the platform says:

"To accomplish this we insist that our steadfast aim should be to prepare the Philippine people for self-government in the broadest sense that term implies with a pledge of the honor of the nation that they shall not be permanently held in subjection by military forces and that within a reasonable time they shall be permitted to determine for themselves whether they will remain an integral part of the American republic or become a separate and independent nation by themselves."

The Fowler bill is denounced, opposition to government by injunction, declares and demands are made for "equal taxation in the state, economy in the conduct of state affairs and the contracting for state supplies with the lowest bidders."

H. C. Taylor, temporary chairman, spoke at the morning session.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Curing Men for 19 Years

By my wonderful Electro-Caemic Method, I cure VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, HYDROCELE, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, BLOOD POISON, SKIN and RECTAL DISEASES in as short a time as it is possible to produce a perfect and lasting cure. I am the only specialist in Atlanta for men who treats his cases himself. This is the only perfect system of home treatment known. If you cannot call, address me at 600-602 Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

J. R. LEATHERMAN, M. D.

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ROSE IN BLOOM IN WISCONSIN

Continued from First Page.

ings in the courts by information, quo warranto or otherwise, as shall be necessary to forfeit and annul the franchises of any corporation created under the laws of the state which shall violate the law by unlawfully destroying competition or change the price of material."

California Democrats.

Sacramento, Cala., September 3.—California democrats tonight nominated the following ticket:

Governor, Franklin K. Lane.

Chief justice supreme court, John K. Law.

Associate justices, E. C. Farlsworth, Jr., and N. K. Bowden.

Secretary of state, Alex Rosebrought.

Comptroller, F. W. Hartley.

Attorney general, W. A. Gett.

Treasurer, S. H. Brooks.

The platform denounces a protective tariff and the trusts as inimical to the best interests of the people; favors the complete exclusion from all American territory of Chinese; demands the enactment of laws, state and federal, prohibiting the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes, infringing upon the rights of free speech, free assemblages and freedom to organize. The platform indorses the construction of the isthmian canal and favors legislation looking to its early completion; favors an eight-hour day for all government employees and the construction of government vessels in navy yards.

Returns from Vermont.

White River Junction, Vt., September 3. With returns from the 246 cities and towns of the state, the result of yesterday's gubernatorial vote is as follows:

General John McCullough, republican, 31,778; Felix W. McGettrick, democrat, 7,280; P. W. Clements, high license 28,117; Joel O. Sherburn, prohibition, 2,525.

Since a majority over all is necessary to elect, the election will be thrown into the general assembly, which meets in October next, and McCullough claims he will have at least a majority of 16 over all other candidates.

BICYCLE COMPANY IN TROUBLE

Receiver Is Named for the American Concern.

Trenton, N. J., September 3.—Judge Kirkpatrick, sitting at Newark, has appointed Colonel Albert A. Pope, R. Lindsey Coleman and John A. Miller receivers for the American Bicycle Company. Colonel Pope and Mr. Coleman are officers of the company. The company has defaulted the payment of interest on outstanding bonds amounting to $225,000. The company is said to also owe $150,000 to Baring Magoun & Co., $50,000 to the Federal Manufacturing Company and $58,000 to Smithers & Co., besides other debts. The company in addition owes $9,500,000 as principal on outstanding bonds.

The assets are given as $7,751,000, a portion of which, however, is considered of uncertain value.

New York, September 3.—It was announced today that the following have consented to serve on the committee to reorganize the American Bicycle Company's affairs:

George F. Crane, W. A. Read, George W. Young, F. S. Smithers and Colgate Hopi.

BLOOD POISON

CURED FOREVER.

This is recognized as the most severe disease that ever afflicted the human family. Its improper treatment results not only in suffering for its unfortunate victims, but the vile taint descends to unborn innocents. If you have any of its symptoms, sores, pimples, blotches, sore throat, pains in the bones, falling hair, or any symptoms which you do not understand, it is important that you consult me at once to learn positively whether or not you have the disease. My experience in treating blood poison at Hot Springs, besides extensive hospital experience and twenty years of private practice, enables me to tell positively whether the disease is present or not — I will tell you frankly whether or not you are an unfortunate victim. If you have the disease, I will guarantee to cure you—no matter what other treatment has failed—without the use of strong and dangerous drugs employed by the majority of physicians. Remember, I guarantee a permanent cure—the disease never to return—in as quick if not quicker time than any known treatment. Send for free booklet, "The Poison King," a proof of my ability; also question blanks. Everything strictly confidential.

DR. HATHAWAY.

Recognized as the leading and most successful specialist.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 33 Inman Bldg., 22-1-2 S. Broad St. Atlanta, Ga. Office hours: 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

SEVEN HUNDRED BATHERS CAUGHT BY A LANDSLIDE

Appalling Catastrophe Occurs in the Vicinity of Mount Kasbek, Russia.

WHILE IN THE WATER MOUNTAIN SLIPS DOWN

Bathers Were Caught by the Masses of Stone and Not One of Them Escaped—Many Strangers Had Gathered for the Baths.

Vienna September 3.—News has been received here from Tiflis, Trans Caucassius, Russia, of a landslide which occurred August 17 in the vicinity of Mount Kasbek, and which resulted in the destruction of some twenty villages and the loss of nearly 700 lives. Seismic disturbances seem to have started a glacier, which swept down a valley and destroyed everything in its path.

On the northern slope of Mount Kasbek lies the watering place of Tmehkau. Early in the morning of August 17 subterranean disturbances occurred at Tmenkau, but the hundreds of bathers in the hot springs there scouted the idea of a catastrophe.

At 7 o'clock of that evening the entire valley resounded with a deafening noise resembling thunder and loud underground rumblings. The valley stream became a mighty torrent, sweeping huge blocks of rock and ice. Then the bathers tried to escape but it was too late. The entire northern slope of Mount Kasbek, with the glacier above, began to move more rapidly. Village after village was swept away and everything in the path of the landslide was destroyed. Within a few minutes the valley, which is nearly 12 miles long, had been devastated by a wall of rock, ice and earth. The valley was completely filled up in some places to a depth of nearly a thousand feet by the matter which was thrown into it. A fierce hurricane raged and the bodies of people and animals were flung by the wind to a great height and dashed against the rocks.

NO BABY BOY IS COMING TO THE RUSSIAN COURT

THE CZARINA OF RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, September 3.—The official Journal de St. Petersburg today contains the following announcement: :

"Some months ago certain changes occurred in the condition of the czarina, which indicated pregnancy. Now, owing to a deviation from the normal course of pregnancy, her majesty has had a miscarriage. There are no complications. Temperature and pulse normal.

"The Court Accoucher, Prof. Ott.

"The Court Surgeon, Hirsch."

The illness of the czarina has caused great sorrow throughout the empire, as Russians were hoping that an heir to the throne would be born, all the children of the royal couple being girls. The czar is greatly grieved at the course of events.

Copenhagen, September 3.—Messages received at the court here today announced that the czarina was in a serious condition, but that no further danger was anticipated.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

The MUSE Store

Boys' Fall Shoes

A shoe man examining our stock of boys' shoes would pronounce it very near the ideal. Every shoe is new and of the best manufacture.

Perhaps sometimes you've wondered why your boy's shoes ripped so quickly. Folks do not generally know that shoes kept in stock too long are apt to have the threads rotted.

And what would a new stock of shoes mean without it covered all the fine, new styles and leathers?

Vici kid, velours calf, wax calf, patent colt, patent vici---and that king of all leathers for boys,

Box Calf.

SIZES: 10 to 13, $1.25 to $2.50.
13 1-2 to 2, $1.50 to $3.00.
2 1-2 to 5 1-2, $1.50 to $3.50.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.
3, 5 and 7 Whitehall St.

GAMMON PROFESSOR IS UNDER CHARGES

Continued from First Page.

board is to pass judgment is "immoral conduct," and every effort has been made on the part of interested parties to keep the specific conduct, which the general charge embraces, from becoming public property. Little or no information has been given to the newspapers, and for several months every effort has been made to shroud the matter in mystery.

Among the students and professors of Gammon Theological seminary and Clark university, however, the alleged conduct leading up to the trial has been public property since last May, and it has been freely discussed by the negro students and white teachers.

On May 9, commencement day at Gammon Theological seminary, the small village of students and teachers which clusters around the two schools was electrified by a charge which President Charles M. Melden, of Clark university, made against his former friend, Dr. J. C. Murray. He is said to have charged the theological professor with attempted undue familiarity toward his daughter, Angie Melden, an attractive young girl of 14 or 15 years. It is said that the child was visiting Dr. Murray's house at the time, and immediately reported the matter to her father.

Denied by Dr. Murray.

The affair soon spread and created a sensation. Dr. Murray denied the charge, but subsequently he is said to have resigned, pending an investigation by the board of trustees of Gammon Theological seminary. At this investigation, which took place shortly after the resignation, he was reinstated.

Dr. Melden was not satisfied, and the relations of the two men are said to have been strained. It is stated that Dr. Melden said he would not remmain at the head of Clark university if Dr. Murray retained his chair. The upshot of the matter was yesterday's investigation at Richmond, Ind. It is generally understood that Dr. Melden was the instigator of the charges and is now pressing them before the conference.

The teachers and students at Clark university are loath to discuss the matter, and those who do talk of it seem to think that Dr. Murray is entirely innocent of any wrong.

Clark university and Gammon Theological seminary are situated in South Atlanta at the foot of Pryor street. While the buildings of the two institutions are located in close proximity, they are separate and distinct. Clark university is one of the largest institutions for the higher education of the negro in the south. There are negro as well as white teachers in the two schools, and several of the children of white professors, all of whom come from the north, attend school with the negroes, although the institution is a negro school.

Dr Murray Well Known.

Of the many northern teachers who have come to Atlanta to educate the negro, Dr. Murray is one of the best known. He is a man of about 50 years and of scholarly attainments.

For some years he was a well-known Methodist minister in the north and is still a member of the North Indiana conference. He came to Atlanta about sixteen years ago. With his wife and family he lives on the campus near the main hall of the seminary.

Dr. Melden, president of Clark university, is a native of Maine and came to Atlanta about three years ago. Up to last May it is said that his relations with the Murray family were of the most cordial nature.

Those who know Dr. Murray best are warm in protestations of faith in his innocence and they claim that there must be some mistake—that if there really was anything to base the charge on, it must have been exaggerated or misconstrued.

Effort To Oust Murray.

Following is a special from Richmond, in which it is claimed that the investigation is the result of spite:

Richmond, Ind., September 3.—(Special.) Much surprise was created today in Indiana Methodist circles when it became known that the Rev. J. C. Murray, formerly a well-known clergyman in this state, now a member of the faculty of Gammon Theological seminary, at Atlanta, had been put under investigation on a charge of immoral conduct.

The investigation is being conducted by a committee of ministers and the work could not be finished today. It was continued late tonight and a verdict will be made some time tomorrow.

The Rev. Dr. Murray is ably defended. He is in the city and appeared before the committee. He and his friends are confident the charges will not be substatiated. The investigation is not a trial, as a trial can be held only before the conference. If the investigating committee substantiates the charges a trial will be held. If not, the case will be at an end.

It is charged that there is some spite work in the case, and also that there is a desire to oust the Rev. Dr. Murray from his place in the Gammon seminary. Dr. Murray is spoken of in the highest terms by ministers of his church, one of whom said today that he was disposed to believe him guiltless. The entire matter has been kept under cover by the ministers in touch with it and there is a disposition to keep all information from the newspapers until such time as the trial board shall have rendered a decision.

FOR AN AMERICAN WIFE KING ALFONSO LONGS

KING ALFONSO, OF SPAIN.

Shies at European Princesses and Says That He Will Wed No One But an Heiress of the United States.

Madrid, September 3.—King Alfonso persists in his determination to marry no one but an American heiress. Princesses of Europe's royal houses are mentioned to him in vain. Last night, in the course of a royal reception to the court at San Sebastian the impetuous young monarch was heard to say:

"Why should I not have an American wife? Every one assures me the Americans are the most beautiful as well as the richest ladies in the world."

It is said that when the queen mother heard these words she glared at her son and requested him to be silent.

KAISER DROPS HIS STERN FACE

He Smilingly Greets Eleven Thousand Cheering Children at Posen.

Posen, September 3.—The emperor and empress reviewed the troops today, following the presentation of new colors to the regiments by the emperor. The police arrangements for keeping the ground clear were somewhat stringent.

Returning from the parade Emperor William and the empress passed between lines of children 3 miles long, the boys on one side and girls on the other. There were 11,000 of them, all shouting frantically. As he rode down the lines the emperor dropped his severe expression, sometimes called his regimental face, and looked kindly and almost tenderly on the childish ranks. He glanced to the right and to the left and saluted continuously with his field marshal's baton. Many of the children present were those of German settlers in Prussian Poland, 2,000 of whom, with their families, had been brought into Posen from the country by special trains.

The great fortifications that made Posen a generation ago one of the most impregnable strongholds in Europe and second only to Metz, in Germany, and which have been ordered by the emperor to be demolished, consist of 12 miles of huge earth and masonry ramparts. They were begun in 1828 and were never really finished because they were continually modified as the art of defense and offense developed. About $50,000,000 has been spent on these fortifications, first and last, and yet a gun was never fired at them. The mere work of demolition will cost several more millions, of which the municipality will gladly pay its share. Although the population of the city, about 115,000, will spread a mile or two in every direction between the walls, no brick or stone buildings can be permitted within half a mile zone, so that no enemy may be able to find cover. The natural growth of the city is thus suffocated. The old fortifications will be replaced by a ring of thirty-one forts well beyond the city limits. This, stragetically, is the great fortress looking toward Russia and it will not by any means be weakened.

DISPENSARY HAS A CASHIER.

George T. Murrell Will Handle the Cash at Athens.

Athens, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—A new position has been created at the Athens dispensary—that of cashier. To that position George T. Murrell has been elected. Cashier Murrell will handle all the money, giving out tickets that will be good for the intended purchases. The cash and the tickets will be balanced each day. It is thought that this will put the dispensary management on a more systematic basis.

HOUSES SACKED BY THE RIOTERS

Anarchy Prevails in the City of Agram, Hungary.

City Full of Troops, but the Rioting Is Increasing — Peasants Are Arriving To Take Part in the Attack on the Servians.

London, September 4.—In a dispatch from Vienna the correspondent of The Daily Mail gives an unconfirmed rumor that the Servians at Agram have retaliated and massacred the Croatians.

Agram, Hungary, September 3.—Many houses were wrecked and sacked last night. The rage of the mob was first directed against the house of Captain Witas, a retired army officer, who yesterday fired on the crowd, wounding a man. The rioters erected barricades, tore up the fence, smashed the windows and were proceeding to storm the place when the military dispersed them. The mob, however, soon reassembled and returned and the rioters forced their way into the house, which they wrecked. Captain Witas and his wife escaped. The rioters then sacked the houses of a number of Servians and destroyed the residence of a merchant.

Although a state of siege has been proclaimed at Agram, and in spite of the fact that the principal buildings and squares are occupied by troops, the rioting is increasing. Numbers of peasants have arrived here from the country to help the Croatians. Barricades are being erected and a virtual state of rebellion exists.

Early tonight mobs plundered Servian shops, piled their stocks in the streets and set fire to them. Captain Witas, who was returning to his home, was seized at the door of his house and dragged into the street, where the old man, in spite of his piteous entreaties for mercy, was terribly beaten. The captain was eventually taken to a hospital in serious condition. Many rioters have been arrested.

Reinforcements of troops are occupying the streets.

The proclamation of martial law today has been followed by the bringing into town and posting of more battalions of troops. The rioters have been overawed by the soldiers and tonight they are quiet.

Opposition newspapers have been confiscated and The Irbobrat, in which the articles which caused the riots appeared, will not be published during the continuance of the disturbance.

A mob in the village of Vraboe stoned a detachment of gendarmes; the latter replied with a volley, killing one of the rioters and wounding several others.

Troops Used Against Strikers.

Paris, September 3.—It was found necessary to employ a regiment of infantry at Rochefort-Sur-Mer today to assist the gendarmes in protecting the laborers engaged in discharging ships there from violence on the part of strikers. The dock labarers of Rochefort, who belong to one of the trade syndicates, went on strike after having demanded the abolition of the stevedores. They endeavored to prevent the workmen of another trade syndicate from working.

A·B·C BEERS
Famous the World Over—Fully Matured.
Order from Jacobs Pharmacy Co.

SUFFERED SEVEN YEARS

With Catarrhal Derangements of the Pelvic Organs.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent In Vain---Peru-na Cured.

Miss Kate Brown.

Miss Kate Brown, Recording Secretary of the L. C. B. Association of Kansas, in a letter from 606 N. Seventh St., Kansas City, Kans., says:

"For seven years I have not known what it was to spend a well day. I caught a severe cold which I neglected. It was at the time of menstruation and inflammation set in and prostrated me. Catarrh of the kidneys and bladder followed, my digestive organs gave way, in fact the cold disarranged my whole system.

"I spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and medicine, but derived but little benefit until I began treatment with Peruna. I kept taking it for nearly nine months before I was completely cured, but I kept growing better gradually so that I felt encouraged to continue taking Peruna until my health was restored. I send my thanks and blessings to you for Peruna."—Miss Kate Brown.

A neglected cold is frequently the cause of death.

It is more often, however, the cause of some chronic disease.

There is not an organ in the body but what is liable to become seriously deranged by a neglected cold. Diseases of the kidneys, bladder and digestive organs are all frequently the result of a neglected cold.

Hundreds of dollars are spent on doctors and medicines trying to cure these diseases, but until the true cause of them is discovered, there will be no use in using medicine.

Dyspepsia medicine, diarrhoea medicine and constipation medicine is of no good whatever when catarrh is the cause. The Catarrh must be treated. The cause being removed, the derangements will disappear.

Peruna cures catarrh of the digestive organs, the urinary organs or any of the internal organs.

A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. Joseph B. Crowley, Congressman from Illinois, writes from Robinson, Ills., the following praise for the great catarrhal tonic, Peruna. Congressman Crowley says:

"Mrs. Crowley has taken a number of bottles of Peruna on account of nervous troubles. It has proven a strong tonic and lasting cure. I can cheerfully recommend it."—J. B. Crowley.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Told in a Thimbleful: THE BEST!
Murray Hill Club Whisky.

This particular brand
For particular people.

Jos. A. Magnus & Co.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

PEOPLE SENT TO QUICK DEATH

Latest Victims of Pelee Were Sent Back by French Government Last Week.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. I., September 3.—The zone of destruction of Saturday night's eruption of Mont Pelee in Martinique paralleled that which destroyed the town of St. Pierre in May last, but it spread some 5 miles more eastward. The projection of destructive matter southward from Mont Pelee was almost identical with that of last May.

The inhabitants were removed from this area and also from the villages of Lorrain and Basse Pointe, at the base of Mont Pelee, after the May catastrophe, but they were sent back by the government last week.

The gendarmerie of Martinique officially report that 1,060 persons were killed and 150 injured by the latest showers of fiery hail.

War ships and steamers are taking the inhabitants from the coast villages, where people from inland places have also gathered for safety.

Survivors who have reached Fort de France describe the eruption as being the most violent yet experienced. The detonations were heard as far as the island of St. Kitts.

The volcano, the Soufriere, was in eruption simultaneously. Awful detonations were heard along the southern islands of Trinidad.

VIOLENT GALES SWEEP COAST

Great Damage Done in Western England and Fishing Fleet in Peril.

London, September 3.—Violent gales have swept over the west coast of England. At Blackpool steamship services are suspended. Houses have been damaged at Rhyl, Wales.

Anxiety is felt for the safety of the fishing fleet.

The gale was severely felt at Belfast, Ireland, where torrential rains flooded the streets. Business there is at a standstill. The Great Northern railroad station and the opera house are flooded.

In Devonshire considerable damage was done to the crops by a furious gale. All the tents of the artillery camp at Okehampton were blown away.

MORE THAN HALF THE BANKING BUSINESS

of the United States is done on a capital less than one-third as large as the assets of

The Mutual Life Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK.
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Combined Capital New York City Clearing House Banks $103,202,500
Assets The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York $352,838,971

The clearings of New York City Banks are larger than the combined clearings of all other banks in the United States.

Clearings of New York City Banks, five days ending March 8 ..... $1,980,995,830
Clearings all Banks in United States, same period $1,781,886,582

YOUR life insurance policy is not protected by such security, unless it is in

The Mutual Life Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK.
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

R. F. SHEDDEN, Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

WALLACE & COMPANY,
LIVERY
37 to 61 IVY ST. 'Phones 176.

JIM TILLMAN IN WAR PAINT

Challenges Editor Gonzales To Call Him a Liar.

NOT IN A NEWSPAPER, BUT WHILE FACE TO FACE

Tillman Says if Gonzales Will Accept, His Resignation Will Be at Once Handed to Governor. Gonzales Pays No Attention to Challenge.

Charleston, S. C., September 3.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Governor Jim Tillman, a defeated candidate for governor, whose personal character was bitterly assailed during the campaign, has issued a statement saying he will immediately resign if the editor of The Columbia State will call him a liar to his face. He intimates that he will fight.

"I think the matter has gone far enough," he says. "I am ready to tender my resignation as lieutenant governor to Governor McSweeney if N. G. Gonzales will, face to face and man to man, call me a liar, a blackguard or a coward. The resignation will be handed to the governor within fifteen minutes after notice from this man of his acceptance of the terms."

Gonzales has paid no attention to the statement.

HELD INDIGNATION MEETING.

Charleston Men Protest Against Alleged Election Frauds.

Charleston, S. C., September 3.—(Special.)—At a mass meeting of representative citizens tonight resolutions were adopted protesting against the outrageous fraud practiced in the senatorial race at the primary election and calling on good people to stamp out the low political element which is threatening the ruination of the commercial prosperity of Charleston. The public is greatly aroused, and the speakers took the tone that Von Kolnitz had been legally elected, but was robbed of his office.

Solicitor Hildebrand wired here from Orangeburg tonight that he would prosecute the managers in the two wards who gave Von Kolnitz votes to Grace. Warrants may be issued for the arrest of the managers tomorrow and Solicitor Hildebrand has promised to do his full duty.

The press has assumed a powerful attitude against the cheating element and takes the position that it is now a fight between decency and right on one side and wrong on the other, with Vol Kolnitz standing for right.

As a result of the fraud Von Kolnitz's election is overwhelmingly conceded.

NORTH CAROLINA FARMERS.

Meeting of Their State Association at Raleigh.

Raleigh, N. C., September 3.—(Special.)—The annual session of State Farmer's Association here today was very slimly attended. Dr. R. H. Speight, of Whitakers, presided. Cotton seed was the leading subject and there were suggestions as to how farmers can secure good prices for their products. Resolutions were adopted advising farmers in any locality where from 1,000 to 1,500 bales of cotton are produced to build a cotton oil mill. Among the speakers was Benneham Cameron, of Durham county. Dr. Speight was re-elected president and T. B. Parker, secretary. The association adjourned to meet here during the state fair next month.

DEATH OF POPULAR MINISTER.

Rev. C. E. Todd, of Charlotte, Dies in Baltimore.

Charlotte, N. C., September 3.—(Special.)—Rev. C. E. Todd, for seven years pastor of the First Associate Reform Presbyterian church in this city, died this morning at Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, as the result of an operation. The deceased minister was one of the most popular and consecrated men that ever lived here. For several years he has been in charge of a church at Due West. The remains will reach that place tomorrow morning, where the funeral and interment will take place.

Unknown Negro Killed.

Abbeville, S. C., September 3.—(Special.)—An unknown negro, about 18 years of age, was found this morning beside the track of the Seaboard Air Line with one leg crushed off, an arm broken and skull fractured in two places. He died during the day. When found he was at the side of the road near the poor house.

Greensboro Wants President.

Greensboro, N. C., September 3.—(Special.)—An effort is being made to have President Roosevelt stop here and make a speech during his tour of the south. The business organizations of the city and the board of aldermen will jointly extend him an invitation. If the president will stop he will be conducted to Guilford battle ground, which, it is thought here, will be a very interesting spot to him.

CANVASSED THE PRIMARY VOTE

Alabama State Democratic Committee Declares Result.

SECOND PRIMARY FOR TWO OF THE OFFICES

Only Three Johnston Men on the New Executive Committee—The Otis-Tunstall Contest from Hale County Being Heard by Committee.

Montgomery, Ala., September 3.—(Special.)—The state democratic executive committee met today and canvassed the returns sent up from the counties of the result of last week's primary election. The result in detail was as follows:

For governor—Jelks, 57,491; Johnston, 31,745.

Attorney general—Wilson, 29,618; Garber, 26,154; Cobb, 14,067; Troy, 10,203.

Auditor—Sowell, 69,193.

Treasurer—Smith, 73,904.

Lieutenant governor—Cunningham, 54,399; Waller, 26,151.

Secretary of state—Heflin, 36,950; Julian, 27,146; Tanner, 12,433.

Superintendent of education—Hill, 28,393; Harris, 21,849; Corey, 19,070; Bulger, 12,375.

Commissioner of agriculture—Poole, 68,210.

There was no nomination for attorney general and Wilson and Garber, as the highest two, will run it over in the second primary on September 15.

For superintendent of education Hill and Harris will have to run it over. In all the other nominations were made on the first ballot.

There was considerable discussion over declaring Mr. Heflin the nominee for secretary of state. According to the official returns, as above, his majority over the other two combined is just 71. The returns from Conecuh county gave Heflin 492 votes. A letter of date August 30, from William C. Crumpton, chairman of the democratic executive committee of the county, was received by State Chairman Low, saying an error of 100 in the addition for secretary of state had been discovered and asked that it be corrected. The vote of Heflin was really 392 and not 492. This would have reduced Heflin's from 71 majority to 39 less than a majority, made him a plurality candidate and required a run over between him and Julian.

Miller, of Wilcox, moved to put off the declaration of the result and investigate and was seconded by Mallory, of Dallas, but by a vote of 14 to 7 it was decided not to go behind the official returns.

On the new executive committee only three Johnston men pulled through—J. H. Helgs in the seventh district, W. A. Given in the eighth, and John B. Roden in the ninth.

Tunstall Wins.

The subcommittee tonight unanimously decided the contest of Otts against Tunstall for a legislative nomination in Hale county in favor of Tunstall. Otts was not here, being in Chicago with a sick wife. The contest of Miller against Espy for the nomination of county superintendent in Henry county turned on the question whether under the resolutions of the county committee a plurality or majority should nominate. Espy got a plurality and was declared the nominee by the county committee. The subcommittee decided to report in favor of requiring them to run it over. The full committee adjourned till tomorrow to hear the report of the subcommittee on contests. At midnight the subcommittee is hearing the contest between Hodges and Porter for beat committeeman of Florence beat.

OWN EXTENSIVE LAND TRACT.

Ohio Company Perfecting Titles to Southern Property.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—W. R. Hopkins, of Cleveland, Ohio, who has extensive interests in North Carolina, passed through here en route to that state. He represents the company owning the "Belding tract" of about 40,000 acres, which is located at the headwaters of the Little Tennessee river. He is going to North Carolina to look after litigation to perfect his company's title to the property. Mr. Hopkins says if the Walhalla, S. C.—Charleston, Tenn., extension of the Southern railway is built, as reported a few days ago in the press reports, it will greatly benefit his property, opening it up for development.

GILES ASKS FOR INJUNCTION.

Negro This Time Applies to the Federal Court.

Montgomery, Ala., September 3.—(Special.)—Giles W. Jackson, the negro who has made two assaults on the new constitution, one in the supreme court and one in the city court, today made a third attempt by filing an application for an injunction in the circuit court of the United States. He prays that the registrars be enjoined from further refusing to put the names of himself and other qualified negro voters on the registration list. He also asks that the grandfather and understanding clauses of the new constitution be declared unconstitutional. Judge Jones, of the United States district court, was a member of the convention, and hence the filing in the circuit court.

The entire stock of High Grade Men's Clothing, recently purchased from H. L. Kahn & Co., at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar, will be placed on sale in Spear & Co.'s old stand, 74 and 76 Whitehall Street, Saturday, September 6th, at 8:30 a. m.

We have marked prices on these goods to close out everything in 10 days. BE ON HAND.

ERDMAN STURM & CO.,

74 and 76 Whitehall Street. NEW YORK.

HE HAS MAXIMILIAN'S COAT.

DR. LE MAITRE WAS PRESENT AT THE EXECUTION.

Secured the Emperor's Coat and Refuses To Part with It—Has Had Several Offers.

Jackson, Miss., September 3.—(Special.) Dr. Le Maitre, of this city, a former officer of the French army, who left Paris after being acquitted by courtmartial of the charge of treason, has in his possession a highly-prized relic in the shape of the military coat worn by Emperor Maximilian when he was executed on the morning of the 18th of June, 1867, at Quertaro, Mexico. Dr. Le Maitre was one of the few persons who witnessed the execution of the distinguished man, and he states that Maximilian passed through the ordeal very calmly, the only request he made being for the soldiers to shoot low so as not to mangle his face. Dr. Le Maitre has refused many fabulous offers for the coat.

SALT WATER INSTEAD OF OIL.

Freakish Change by Two Wells in Kentucky Field.

Somerset, Ky., September 3.—The two Bob Barwell oil wells have been pumping 275 barrels of oil a day steadily for two weeks. Suddenly the yield of oil ceased, and instead of oil the wells are pumping salt water. The Somerset company's two wells at Sunnybrook as suddenly ceased to yield oil, having furnished over 200 barrels a day for the past two or three weeks. Oil men are puzzled.

REUNION OF THE DEAF MUTES.

Hymns and Addresses in the Sign Language at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—A reunion of the former pupils of the Tennessee School for the Deaf and Dumb, which institution is located in this city, convened here today. It will continue through Saturday. A large number of former pupils are in attendance. The exercises were formally opened in the college chapel this morning. Hymns were sung in the sign language and addresses of welcome in the same vernacular were delivered. An interpreter, Professor T. L. Moses, uttered the songs and the speeches for the benefit of the visitors in the audience who could hear. This afternoon a trolley ride over the city was given, and tonight a reception was held in the college parlors. A picnic will be a feature of one of the subsequent days.

VAULTS WERE ALL REOPENED.

Squabble Over the Recounting of Votes at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—After much argument and delay and inconvenience to the public, the vaults of three offices at the courthouse, over which contests have been instituted, have been opened. Three officials who were declared defeated in their efforts for re-election declined to unlock the vaults in their respective offices in which public records were kept. They claimed this was upon advice of their attorneys and that if they yielded it might damage their contest claims. The attorneys for both the contestants and the democrats who had been declared elected, and who had been officially commissioned, held a conference at which it was agreed that the vaults should be opened though upon the written protest of the old officials. The writings were drawn up, and then the vaults swung open.

The officials who are contesting are W. R. Cooper, county court clerk; Judge G. L. Maloney, county judge; R. M. Johnson, county register. It now remains for the higher courts to determine whether these men have any claims upon the offices which have been occupied by John E. McMillan, Judge A. Donald Collier and Robert Brice, respectively.

After the Slot Machines.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—The grand jurymen in the criminal court at Bristol Va., have been instructed by the judge to give attention to slot machines. A number of indictments have already been returned against parties who have the machines in their places of business, or who own or operate them. The slot machines of the gambling device class are those against which the war of the court is directed.

Scarcity of Laborers.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—The South and Western railroad, which recently formed an alliance with the Seaboard Air Line as a part of the latter's plan to get into east Tennessee and southwest Virginia coal fields and ultimately to reach the Detroit Southern at Ironton, Ohio, is in need of men on its extension work. There is a scarcity of laborers in upper east Tennessee, where the construction is being done.

Surveying Tennessee Rivers.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—United States government engineers are in east Tennessee making surveys of the Watauga and Doe rivers and a few of the largest tributaries of these streams. These surveys are, it is understood, with a view to estimating the improvements that are necessary on both rivers to make them navigable for small boats. These are the streams that have been overflowing in the spring for the past few years and that have done such extensive damage, especially in and about the town of Elizabethton.

SERIOUS CHARGE IS MADE.

FLORENCE HANER TAKES WARRANT AGAINST J. W. WOODY.

Brakeman Charged with Assaulting the Girl—Officers Are After the Man.

Greensboro, N. C., September 3.—(Special.)—Officers here tonight are searching for J. W. Woody, charged with committing assault upon Florence Haner, a 13-year-old girl, yesterday afternoon near Lindley park. The girl swore out the warrant charging assault last night, after the man had left town. Both parties are white. Officers say tonight that Woody, who is an extra brakeman of the Southern railroad, has been located in Spencer.

TENNESSEE VALLEY SOCIETY.

Organized at Huntsville, Ala., with Membership of 35.

Huntsville, Ala., September 3.—(Special.)—The Tennessee Valley Historical Society was organized today with a membership of thirty-five and with Judge R. F. Walker as president; O. D. Street, of Guntersville, as secretary and treasurer. The welcome address was delivered by W. B. Bankhead, and Congressman John L. Bennett responded. Hon. Thomas M. Owen, from Montgomery, made an address on the duties of a historical society. O. D. Street read a paper on the formation of the Tennessee valley counties. W. L. Clay made an address on the newspapers of the valley.

The society will compile historical incidents relating to this section. The following natives of the Tennessee valley were elected to honorary membership: Dr. John A. Wyeth, of New York; Senator Berry, of Arkansas; Colonel Josiah Patterson, of Memphis; Senator E. W. Pettus, of Alabama; also General John B. Gordon and General G. P. Thurston.

WILL PUT OUT NO CANDIDATE.

Brownlow Will Have No Democratic Opponent.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special) The county democratic executive committee of Greene county, Tenn., has by vote of 16 to 14 decided that it would be best for the democratic party to have no candidate for congress in the first district this fall. W. P. Brownlow is the republican nominee and is also the present congressman. His reelection is confidently expected.

SAVE YOUR STOMACH.

The condition of the stomach bears the same relation to one's health that the foundation does to the house. Without a good foundation, the house cannot stand. Without a good stomach, the health must fail.

Digestion will make and indigestion will break the walls of the stomach. Perfect digestion will build and sustain, while poor digestion will tear down health's foundation. The reason for this is that the stomach must receive and prepare all food for entrance into the blood, and from the blood into the tissues. If the stomach is not in perfect condition, the nourishment will be improperly prepared—imperfectly digested, and, instead of the health-giving and strength-increasing properties of the food being contributed to the tissues, stagnation ensues, the blood becomes impoverished and poison is forced into the system.

The weakest organ of the body gets most of this poison, because, for want of strength, it is less able to resist it, and, as a consequence, disease begins to show itself first in one of the weak organs, which is usually a very important one. It may be the lungs, liver, kidneys or heart, and in the case of women it may be one of the organs peculiar to their sex. Such symptoms as shortness of breath, coated tongue, pains in the stomach, palpitation of the heart, fullness after eating, bowel complaint, ulcers in the mouth, sallow complexion, constipation, diarrhoea, dysentery and sour belching are all symptoms of indigestion.

Kodol relieves every symptom of indigestion and restores the stomach and digestive organs to perfect health. This famous remedy has effected a permanent cure in thousands of cases of chronic dyspepsia, as well as ulceration of the stomach and other serious stomach diseases.

Kodol represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with tonic and reconstructive properties. It is absolutely harmless, perfectly palatable, never doing harm, always doing good.

This famuos tonic is prepared in the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, wfacilities for the manufacture of Medical preparations are unequaled anywhere in the country.

WORKING ON LARGE TUNNELS.

One of Them About 2,300 Feet in Length.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—Work on two of the large tunnels on the Knoxville, LaFollette and Jellico railroad has begun. One of these tunnels will be under Copper Ridge, and will be about 2,300 feet in length. Shifts have been put to work at both ends, and from the center and top another shift is sinking a large shaft. This will be an air vent and will enable rapid running through the tunnel. The LaFollette Junction tunnel will be about 700 feet in length. It is said it will tax the contractors' capacity to complete the Copper Ridge in time for the rest of the road. The entire line from Jellico to Knoxville is now under way. It is expected trains will be running by next June.

TOO MUCH APATHY, THEY SAY.

MISSISSIPPIANS THINK ELECTIONS TOO DULL.

Contrast with Old Times When People Took an Interest in Political Contests.

Jackson, Miss., September 3.—(Special.) Students of political matters in Mississippi are finding much food for thought and subject for comment over the result of the recent congressional primaries, and the extraordinarily light vote polled has caused a revival of expressions to the effect that the state needs two evenly matched political parties in order to revive interest in public matters.

It is indisputably a fact that the people in general cared little or nothing about the result of the congressional primaries, nor did they manifest a pride to make a strong party showing, for only about 25 per cent of the registered vote was polled, and even in counties where the contests were quite spirited the vote was remarkably light. The best citizens in the state did not take the trouble to go to the polls on election day, and a spirit of apathy was manifested throughout the commonwealth, particularly in the districts where it was a foregone conclusion what the result would be. In the two districts, the sixth and eighth, where the campaigns were red-hot, only about 50 per cent of the qualified electors registered their choice of candidates, and in the city of Meridian, where nearly 1,200 votes are registered, only about 100 votes were cast.

Beyond any question of doubt, the people of Mississippi do not care so much about the right of suffrage as they formerly did, and the average business man feels that he is being imposed on if a more enthusiastic citizen suggests that he should take time to go to the polls. The present condition of affairs is in peculiar contrast to the ante-bellum days in this state, when the whigs and democrats were battling for supremacy, and every man who had the right to do so was a regular voter, and it is also dissimilar to the reconstruction days, when the negro was a factor in politics and the white man voted early and often.

SITS IN GOVERNOR'S CHAIR.

Lieutenant Governor Acts During Governor's Absence.

Jackson, Miss., September 3.—(Special.) Lieutenant Governor Harrison, of Columbus, arrived in the city last evening and assumed the office of governor. He will occupy the chief executive's chair for a period of one week while Governor Longino is away from the city on a business and personal visit to Missouri.

This is the third time Governor Harrison has been called upon to act as governor. He served for about ten days at the close of Governor McLaurin's administration while that official was sick in bed and unable to attend the inauguration of his successor, and again assumed the office when Governor Longino went to Washington to attend the Roosevelt inaugural. It is generally believed that he will be a candidate for the governorship next year.

WILL ERECT A LARGE PLANT.

Round and Square Bale Compress at Columbus, Miss.

Columbus, Miss., September 3.—(Special.)—Mr. Sloan, of Memphis, Tenn., general agent for the Lowry round bale cotton compress, has been in the city for several days past perfecting arrangements with the Mississippi Cotton Oil Company for the establishment of six Munger gins and both a round and square bale press to be run in connection with the company. These improvements, so states Manager Davis, of the oil mills, will be pushed rapidly forward until completed. This extension of the Mississippi Cotton Oil Company's plant involves the outlay of many thousands of dollars, but is something which this entire section will patronize liberally, and no doubt will prove quite a fine investment.

Southern Railroad Commissioners.

Jackson, Miss., September 3.—(Special.) Secretary Webb, of the Southern Association of Railroad Commissioners, gives notice that the annual meeting will be held in Hot Springs on the 16th of October and continuing three days. The work of preparing the programme for the gathering will be commenced this month, and an interesting variety of topics will be discussed, chief in importance of which will be a uniform system of local freight rates to be suggested to the railroads operating in southern territory. Eleven states have membership in the association.

Conductor Found Dead.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—Captain Aaron Shell, one of the best known railroad conductors in East Tennessee, was found dead in his room yesterday. A member of the family went to his room to awake him, but he had passed away. Heart affection is assigned as the cause of his death.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

PRINTED ON RED PAPER.

THE EASY CLEANER TERA-SOPE FREE FROM ALKALI

Burlington Route

PLAN NOW FOR COLORADO

After June 1st, the Burlington sells COLORADO and UTAH excursion tickets at half rates plus $2.00, and during MANY PERIODS OF THE SUMMER we sell excursion tickets at lower rates, EVEN LESS THAN HALF, SUCH AS $21.00 FROM ST. LOUIS, $15.00 FROM KANSAS CITY, to Denver and Colorado Springs. Make inquiries.

The best the Burlington has is available for these excursions. These low rates are an unusual invitation to those living in the Southern States to enjoy an outing in the incomparable Summer climate of the Rocky Mountains.

Denver is one mile higher than the sea.

Describe your proposed trip and let us advise you the least cost, mailing you free our Special Summer Publications.

City Ticket Office, No. 5 North Pryor St., ATLANTA, GA.

J. N. MERRILL, Gen'l Sou. Agt.

$10,000

worth of Gas and Electric Chandeliers below cost

This stock must be sold at once. We are selling fixtures that cost us $40.00 at $25.00, and others in proportion. We have a lot of fine Gas Fixtures we will sell you at one-half cost. We mean it. We want to close out these fixtures by Sept. 1st, and are doing so at a big sacrifice.

You will have to see them to appreciate the Bargains we are offering.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH CO.

$12 ROUND TRIP $12

Old Pt. Comfort, Va., AND RETURN

OCEAN VIEW and VIRGINIA BEACH

VIA

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

The Shortest and Only Direct Route. Two Hours Shorter Than Via Any Other Line.

Tickets On Sale Sept. 11.

GOOD 10 DAYS

And Will Be Honored Returning On Any Regular Train.

Leaving Atlanta 12 noon, arrive Portsmouth 7:15 a. m., where close connection is made for New York.

Leaving Atlanta 8:00 p. m., arrive Portsmouth 5:25 p. m., where close connection is made with Washington, Baltimore and New York Steamers.

CAFE DINING CARS.

Advise Quick for Berths.

For further information, reservation, etc., communicate with

HARRY E. KROUSE, G. P. & T. A., 12 Kimball House. PHONE 100.

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W. E. CHRISTIAN, Asst. General Pass. Agent, ATLANTA, GA.

MACON MERGER IS SURE THING

Result of Street Railway Conference Last Night Was an Agreement.

METROPOLITAN REMAINS OUT FOR SOME TIME

Service of the Consolidated Lines To Be Improved—New Cars, Etc. Franchises for Fifty Years Will Be Granted Them.

Macon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—There was a meeting tonight at 8 o'clock of the finance and ordinance committees of city council and of the representatives of the new purchasers of the street railway lines of Macon, as well as representatives of the North and South street railway, which is owned by Messrs. A. O. Bacon and W. B. Sparks. The conference was for the purpose of trying to agree on the terms and requirements to be contained in the ordinance which the joint finance and ordinance committees were requested by the city council to frame for the government of the proposed merger of the Macon street railways.

The three principal propositions that have been under consideration and discussion for some time are: The term of years of the franchises of the consolidated properties; an annual tax on the gross receipts of the company after the first five years, and the North and South railway of Bacon and Sparks.

The mergers do not wish the franchises granted for a shorter period than fifty years, whereas members of the joint committee and other members of council favor a period not longer than thirty or thirty-five years.

Some of the aldermen also favor requiring the mergers to pay 1 per cent tax on the gross receipts of the railways for a certain term of years, and then increase the tax to 2 per cent a year. The mergers do not care to pay a per cent, but prefer paying a certain fixed sum annually after a certain period of years.

There is also the question of whether or not the mergers should embrace among their consolidated properties the Bacon and Sparks road. It is known that there are members of council who believe that Bacon and Sparks' railroad should be taken care of by the mergers.

An Agreement Reached.

The conference continued until nearly 11 o'clock and resulted in all parties agreeing on the terms of the ordinance and as soon as it is reported back to council and adopted the consolidation will go into effect, as far as the Macon Electric Light and Railway Company and the Macon Consolidated Company are concerned.

The Metropolitan company will not yet be consolidated, but will await the adjudication of the contract which Bacon and Sparks have between their company and the Metropolitan. In the meanwhile the Metropolitan will be operated under an independent organization, but will be equipped with modern cars and transfers to and from the consolidated lines will be granted.

Franchises were granted the consolidated properties for fifty years. For the first ten years there will be no tax on the gross receipts of the company, but for the second ten years there will be a tax of 1 per cent, and for the remaining thirty years the tax will be 2 per cent. Transfers will be granted over the entire consolidated system, including the Metropolitan.

The mergers promise to make the system first-class in every respect and will spend $150,000 at once in improvements. Vestibuled cars in winter and open cars in summer. All cars must have conductors as well as motormen and no conductor shall be under 18 years of age and no motorman under 21 years.

START THEIR NINE HOUR DAY.

Carpenters of Brunswick Carry Their Point.

Brunswick, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) All the carpenters in Brunswick went to work today at 6 o'clock and quit at 5, instead of beginning at 6:30 and working until 5:30 as heretofore. This agreement was reached at a meeting held by the contractors and carpenters of the city yesterday.

For a time a strike was very evident, as a number of the contractors did not want to grant the request of the carpenters just at this time, and the Carpenters' Union had decided not to work more than nine hours, beginning today. However, the employers and employees got together and the matter was amicably settled to the delight of our citizens generally, who have been hoping that a strike would not be the outcome of the differences between the carpenters and contractors

CONVICTED OF TRESPASSING.

Suit Brought by Atlanta Man in Carrollton Court.

Carrollton, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) In the city court of Carrollton here yesterday sitting for criminal purposes, Andy J. Heafley and his son Jack Heafley, of the northern part of this county, were convicted of trespass. The prosecution was had at the instance of T. D. Meador, of Atlanta, who claims land in the neighborhood of Heafley's home and from which the Heafleys had been cutting timber for cross ties. Heafley says he has a right to the land by having had possession of it under deed for twenty-five years, and will move for a new trial. Heafley and his two sons, Jack and John Heafley, are jointly indicted for the offense, as having occurred in the spring of 1901. John Heafley has never been arrested nor tried, as he was serving a three years' enlistment in the United States regular army in the Philippines. He has since been discharged, came home, but reenlisted.

ROBBERS IN COURT ROOM.

THIEVES GET JUDGE HAMMOND'S NEW FALL HAT.

Old Negro Woman Robbed of $40 She Had in Hand To Pay Her Son's Fine.

Griffin, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The most peculiar and unique robbery that ever occurred in the history of Spalding county took place today. Emma Stamps, a good old colored woman, was robbed of two crisp twenty-dollar bills while sitting in the court house where Judge E. W. Hammond was holding the city court of Griffin. Her son, Henry Stamps, was on trial for carrying a pistol concealed and she was awaiting the verdict of the jury, holding in her hand this money to pay his fine in case he was convicted. Around her was gathered about fifty negroes, parties or witnesses attending the court. Suddenly the money was missed and the alarm was given. Sheriff Freeman searched several of the negroes nearest her but found nothing.

Yesterday some one stole the judge's new fall hat and left an old, dirty one in exchange. It looks as if all of the thieves in the county are not on trial.

JURY LIST HAS BEEN REVISED.

This Caused a Commotion in Spalding County.

Griffin, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—A great deal of discussion has been caused by the recent revision of the jury box of Spalding county by the jury commissioners. At the last term of the superior court Judge Reagan remarked that the jury list needed revising, and when the commissioners met they proceeded to throw out a great number of names from both the grand jury and petit jury boxes. The result has been the greatest political sensation of several years and great indignation on the part of those thus thrown out and their friends.

Indeed it is very likely that the incident may cause two of the regular nominees for county office to have opposition in the October elections. For some reason the dissatisfied ones blame William Thomas, the clerk of the court who is exofficio a member of the jury commissioners, for the action of the board. It cannot be said why Mr. Thomas is so blamed, but even if he is opposed by an independent candidate he would be a hard man to beat as he is popular and a very efficient officer. Leonard L. Bowers, who is a member of this board and the nominee for county commissioner, is also threatened with opposition.

The grand jury was reduced from 140 to 94 and the petit jury from about 500 to 336.

Opposition to the regular nominees would cause a red hot time in Spalding.

DEDICATION OF NEW CHURCH.

Large Crowd Will Be at Smyrna Camp Ground Next Sunday.

Conyers, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—Next Sunday, the 7th instant, will be a high day at the Smyrna camp ground in this county. The beautiful new church has been finished and is on that day to be dedicated to the service of God. The Rev. W. G. Woodbridge, D. D., will preach the dedication sermon. A basket dinner will be spread in the afternoon. Dr. Quigg will present a historic sketch of the church, running back nearly eighty years. This is the oldest church in all this region. Dr. Quigg has been its pastor for forty years. Other addresses will be delivered by Colonel J. R. Maddox, Hon. W. L. Peek, J. T. A. McCollum, David F. Clotfetter, J. V. Bohannan and Madison Hollingsmith. This church has done a wonderful work in evangelizing this section of Georgia and in sending out whole colonies to help other parts of our southland. A goodly number of her former members now fill responsible places in the churches of Atlanta. Many of them, no doubt, will be present next Sabbath at the dedication services. There is a number of other noble citizens of Atlanta who have generously contributed of their substance to the erection of this temple who will be warmly welcomed on the coming Sabbath.

LYNCHERS GET "HOG" WILSON.

Negro Attempted To Assault Young Woman in Arkansas.

Stephens, Ark., September 3.—A negro named Hog Wilson was hanged near here yesterday by a party of men. Wilson attempted a criminal assault on a young lady while she was in the garden gathering vegetables. He confessed his crime and they hanged him.

Hartwell Institute Opens.

Hartwell, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) The fall session of the Hartwell Institute opened Monday morning with interesting and appropriate exercises. Talks on education for the encouragement of the students were made by Professor Williams, of Emory college; D. C. Alford, School Commissioner Stephens, Professor S. M. Bobo and President M. L. Parker. One hundred and forty were enrolled the first day and the enthusiasm of teachers, pupils and patrons indicates that the session will be largely attended and successful. Mrs. R. P. Bradley was elected to the literary department and Miss Bessie Peek to the music department.

Crops in Houston.

Sparta, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—Unfavorable weather conditions during August cut short the cotton crop to a considerable degree. It is the opinion that no new bolls were formed after July. Cotton is being marketed rapidly, bringing from 8 1-4 to 8 3-8 cents. The corn crop makes a better showing, the yield averaging 7 to 8 bushels per acre. The weather was favorable for saving fodder and a good crop was made throughout the county.

MRS. AMANDA GUERRY DEAD.

Mother of Hon. Dupont Guerry Dies at Americus.

Americus, Ga., September 3.—Mrs. Amanda Guerry, relict of the late Judge William B. Guerry, and mother of Hon. Dupont Guerry, died here this morning. Mrs. Guerry was 77 years old and for more than half century a resident of Americus. Funeral services from the First Baptist church tomorrow morning.

DUNLAP HATS

Fall Styles Now On Sale.

LAW BROS. CO.,

10 Whitehall, 17 Decatur, } TWO STORES.

RICHMOND HAS NEW COMMITTEE

Mass Meeting of Democrats in Augusta Yesterday.

HON. BOYKIN WRIGHT CALLED TO THE CHAIR

This Action Cheered as There Seemed To Be Some Friction Between Old and Young Men of the Party—A Harmonious Meeting.

Augusta, September 3.—(Special.)—A mass meeting of the democrats of Richmond county was held today at 12:30 in the court house for the purpose of electing a new democratic executive committee for the next two years. There had been some rumors of an effort on the part of what has been termed the young democracy in the past two or three campaigns in this county to name a ticket different from the one that was understood to be the choice of the old party organization.

The anticipation of opposition called forth a large attendance, and it was one of the most representative and well attended mass meetings that the county has had in years. It was quite apparent to people familiar with the personnel and alignment of Richmond county voters that the old party organization was in full force and able to take care of itself if the contest came, but no opposition developed. On the contrary a surprise was in store for the majority of those present. Instead of Major J. C. C. Black being called to the chair, as had been the rumored programme, John P. Mulherin placed in nomination Hon. Boykin Wright. This was seconded by Major Black and the election was unanimous amid applause.

On taking the chair Mr. Wright declared that the honor was a complete surprise to him, though one that he highly valued; that for some time he had on his mind what seemed a growing tendency toward friction between the veteran members of the party and the young democrats, and he took this opportunity to speak for harmony. He declared that the young democrats had no cause for complaint in Richmond county. For years past Richmond had sent to the legislature young men who had not begun to sprout a mustache, and that she had lost no opportunity to put forward her young men and place duties and honors upon them. With age came wisdom and conservatism, and that these were highly essential to the safe conduct of the party affairs, but that with youth there was energy and enthusiasm and these were equally important. It is by the combination of the two that we are to maintain the strength and harmony of the party. He declared that he was not a member of any faction in the party, but was a member of the whole party; that he had always been a democrat and that he wanted to see every democrat in Richmond county standing shoulder to shoulder in support of the party's interests, for the interests of democracy mean the interests of the people.

Mr. Thomas Barrett, Jr., then placed in nomination the following executive committee:

First ward—John J. Cohen, W. H. Barrett.

Second ward—Ed J. Rice, J. C. C. Black, Jr.

Third ward—J. C. Flynn, S. F. Garlington.

Fourth ward—T. W. Alexander, John P. Mulherin.

Fifth ward—H. K. Lowry, A. L. Franklin.

District 119—W. A. Batchelor.
District 121—O. K. Brandon.
District 123—J. J. Doughty.
District 124—W. E. Johnston.
District 1269—J. P. Verdery.
District 1434—J. B. Fryer.

This was seconded by Mr. C. H. Cohen and Mr. Dan Kerr and unanimously carried.

The new committee was instructed to call a mass meeting two years hence on the first Wednesday in September at 12:30 o'clock for the election of their successors in office, after which the meeting adjourned in utmost harmony.

J. C. C. Black, Jr., in the second ward, S. F. Garlington in the third, A. L. Franklin in the fourth and O. K. Brandon in the 121st district are the new members of the committee elected to fill vacancies. All the others are members of the old committee, who were reelected.

Mr. Wright's speech was frequently interrupted by applause, and after the meeting he was warmly congratulated by young democrats and old upon its timeliness and effectiveness. The party organization has been strengthened and harmonized by today's meeting.

REGRET TO PART WITH HAINES.

Atlantic Coast Line Employees on Resignation of Superintendent.

Brunswick, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) Representatives from the entire second division of the Atlantic Coast Line met in the office of Colonel W. E. Kay, in this city, today for the purpose of taking action on the resignation of G. W. Haines, former superintendent of the division. Every department of the division was present, the meeting being presided over by S. S. Fitzsimmons, of the roadway department. A spirit of genuine earnestness dominated the meeting and deepest regret was expressed at the resignation of Superintendent Haines. Resolutions were unanimously adopted as follows:

"Resolved, That in the long course of service wherein we have been associated with George W. Haines, we have ever found him able, loyal and diligent in the service of his employers; always patient, courteous and just to his employees, fair, upright and honest in his dealings with the public and always true to every duty of business and friendship.

"Resolved further, That he has our sincere wishes for his future business success, and that his personal happiness, health and prosperity can never equal what we would make it were their disposition in our hands."

Pelham's School.

Pelham, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The school here opened with an unusually large attendance Monday. The school building has just been thoroughly repaired and has been repainted and had two new rooms added. All the rooms had a full attendance. Professor R. W. Edenfield is in charge of the school.

Gone Into Bankruptcy.

Huntsville, Ala., September 3.—(Special) John P. Bryant, a merchant of Sheffield, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday. His liabilities are $5,000 and his assets are $3,700, consisting mainly of merchandise.

Jeff Davis Institute.

Zebulon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The fall term of Jeff Davis institute opened here this morning under flattering prospects with Professor W. D. Thurmond as principal; Miss Lucile Burdick, assistant, and Miss Mary Lizzie Mathews, music teacher.

WOOLFOLK IN MUSCOGEE JAIL.

BROUGHT FROM WEBSTER COUNTY TO PREVENT LYNCHING.

Negro Is Charged with Attempting Assault on a Young Lady. Afraid of Mob.

Columbus, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) The negro, Jim Woolfolk, arrested yesterday near Weston, Ga., in Webster county, charged with attempted assault upon a young lady, was brought to Columbus tonight by a Webster county officer, who traveled through the country with his prisoner. Woolfolk is now in Muscogee jail. How long he will remain here is not known. The Webster county jail is said to be a frail building which would not withstand a mob.

RAN OVER BURNING TRESTLE.

Thrilling Experience of Southern Railway Engineer.

Brunswick, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) The Southern passanger train from Atlanta which arrived in Brunswick yesterday morning had a thrilling experience at an early yesterday morning a few miles north of Macon, and it was fortunate that the train was not wrecked and every passenger killed. A trestle was on fire. Engineer Edwards did not see the flames until it was too late to stop. What a thought came over his mind he was unable to describe to your correspondent this afternoon. Had he attempted to stop the train it would have been dangerous, and he knew not whether the trestle had been burned through or whether the train would be pitched into the water below.

Putting his throttle to the very highest notch, he pulled the train through the burning trestle, thinking every minute to feel the engine or cars go in the water. But, fortunately, the fire had not been burning long enough to cause a break and the train passed across it safely.

The passengers, a large number of them, it being an excursion train returning to Brunswick, knew not the danger they were in until it was all over, and when told of the narrow escape that they had each looked at the other in astonishment and congratulated themselves. Everybody is high in praise of Engineer Edwards for the excellent way in which he handled this very dangerous emergency.

TWO SUITS AGAINST AUGUSTA.

One for Death of Child, Other One by a Mill.

Augusta, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The city council has been notified of a suit to be brought against the city by the mother of Dallas Kitchens, the little girl who met death in the canal at the time brave Dennis Cahill attempted to rescue her and lost his own life. The suit is for damages on account of the death of the little one. The matter has been left to the city attorney with power to act on the case.

Attorney Boykin Wright has notified the council of a suit against the city, brought by the Sibley Manufacturing Company. The suit involves $1,500 damages. The city attorney has the matter in hand.

TO BUILD THE STEAMSHIPS.

Incorporation of Savannah Dry Dock and Ship Company.

Savannah, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) The Savannah Dry Dock and Ship Building Company was incorporated in the superior court today. George B. Baldwin, John P. Flannery, W. Mackall, J. H. Estill and J. P. Williams were the petitioners. The purposes of the company are to build, equip, construct and repair steamships and all other vessels, to do a stevedore and ware house business and such other work as corporations of its character are permitted. The capital of the company will be $600,000, to be divided into shares of $100 each. Three hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock is to be common stock and $300,000 preferred stock, bearing 8 per cent.

IT WILL BE GREAT SUCCESS.

That Is Prediction for Elks' Bazar at Macon.

Macon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The committee that has in charge the arrangements for the bazaar to be held in Macon for the benefit of the Elks during the week of the National Farmers' congress met today and reported most gratifying progress. A large amount of contributions have already been donated by merchants and others, and the prospect is the Elks' bazaar will be a great success. It has not yet been decided where the bazaar will be held. The committee of arrangements consists of Bridges Smith, chairman; C. D. Findlay, E. L. Martin and J. H. Baskin.

MORTUARY.

John A. Sims, Charlotte, N. C.

Charlotte, N. C., September 2.—(Special.)—John A. Sims, prominent farmer and dairyman, died at his home a few miles from Charlotte late last night after an illness lasting three weeks. He is survived by a wife and three daughters.

Hillyer Morrow, Carroll County.

Carrollton, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) Hillyer Morrow, an aged pioneer citizen of the eastern part of this county, died at his home near Hutcherson's factory a few days ago. He was for many years a prosperous farmer and mill man of that section and widely and well known in the county.

Mrs. Susan Anderson, Cartersville.

Cartersville, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. Susan Gaines Anderson, wife of O. D. Anderson, died at the residence of Judge A. M. Foute, in Cartersville, last night. She was born in Lawrence district, South Carolina, September 10, 1823. Interment tomorrow at Oothcaloga church, near Adairsville.

J. M. Cain, Milledgeville, Ga.

Ringgold, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) Sheriff J. M. Cain, who was taken to the state sanitarium at Milledgeville about two months ago, died Tuesday afternoon. The remains will be shipped to his home here today and the burial will occur at Apison, Tenn., tomorrow morning. Mr. Cain was a very popular man and a prominent member of the Odd Fellows lodge, and his death is the occasion of much sorrow.

Frank Stacer, Hancock County.

Sparta, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—Frank Stacer, an aged citizen of Hancock county, died Tuesday evening. He was for many years engaged in the lumber and saw mill business, but retired several years ago from active business. Three sons and two daughters, all married, survive him.

Dr. Lyon's

PERFECT

Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food" for Brain and Muscle

PURE, PALATABLE, POPULAR

Millions Are Eating MALTA-VITA "The Perfect Food"

Removes the Cause of Dyspepsia and Insomnia

Malta-Vita is the vital, the life-giving food; the invigorator of brain and body.

Malta-Vita is rich in phosphates, or brain food **Malta-Vita** is the original and only **perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food.**

Malta-Vita contains all of the gluten of the whole wheat, and is the peer of all prepared foods as a bone and muscle builder.

Perfect Health is Sustained by a Perfect Food

Malta-Vita, "the perfect food," eaten for breakfast and supper, **insures perfect digestion, and removes all causes of insomnia and dyspepsia.** 90% of the ills of life are due to poor digestion. Perfect health, sound restful sleep, clear complexion, bright eyes, clean, white teeth, sweet breath, are the blessings that follow a regular diet of **Malta-Vita.**

Beware of Imitations. Insist on getting **Malta-Vita**, "the perfect food." Requires no cooking,—always ready to eat.

Malta-Vita is so prepared as to be easily digested and assimilated by old and young, sick or well. Large packages at **15 cents** at your grocers.

Malta-Vita Pure Food Co.

Battle Creek, Michigan — Toronto, Canada

NEGRO READY FOR THE NOOSE

Abe Cohen, Murderer, Does Not Desire a New Trial.

SAYS NEXT FRIDAY SUITS HIM WELL AS DAY TO DIE

Lawyers of Savannah, However, Will Make Motion for New Trial. Think the Trial Judge Erred in His Charge to the Jury.

Savannah, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) With sentence of death hanging over his head, and to take effect on day after tomorrow, Abe Cohen, a negro, who brutally murdered a woman some weeks ago, yet calmly declares that he is willing and ready to die and that he does not want any efforts made to save his life.

Attorneys called to see him at the county jail and tried to persuade him to enter with some zest into their efforts to secure him a new trial, but he assured them that he was prepared to die and that he thought Friday about as good a time as any other.

Judge Barrow appointed a committee, consisting of F. M. Oliver, Robert L. Colding and D. E. McCuen, to take the case in hand and ascertain whether Cohen has any right to a new trial. Despite Cohen's unwillingness, they filed a motion in the case today and this motion will be argued tomorrow. The committee believes the judge erred in charging the jury and that it would be justified in recommending that the prisoner be punished by imprisonment for life should it find that there were circumstances of mitigation or which softened the crime.

Since the motion was filed by the committee W. F. Slater has been employed by Cohen's relatives and he will represent the negro.

Cohen will not hang Friday, as Mr. Slater says he will carry the case up if Judge Barrow denies a new trial.

IS CRUSHED BY MACHINERY.

Horrible Death of Jeff Simpson Near Covington.

Covington, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) Yesterday afternoon at the brick yard of B. J. Anderson, a few miles from Covington, Jeff Simpson, a white boy about 17 years of age, met with a horrible death, being ground to death in the mud machine of the brick yard.

Young Simpson was given instructions to clean the machine and while he was performing his task in some way the engine was started by steam leaking from a valve and the mud machine was started, grinding the boy to death. Assistance was summoned as early as possible, but the boy was too near death for any aid to relieve him. He was a hard working boy, well thought of in his community.

Overcome by Gas.

Carrollton, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) Joe Henderson, a negro well digger, was overcome by gas in a well on Rome street, this city, early this morning. He had begun work of cleaning out the well and was heard struggling. After being brought up it was first thought that he could not recover, as no breath was perceptible in him. Later on he revived and there are now hopes for his recovery.

Round trip Portsmouth to New York $15 via Cape Charles, Washington, Baltimore or Old Dominion Steamers; meals and berths included on steamer.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1902, of the condition of the

STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. OF INDIANAPOLIS.

organized under the laws of the state of Indiana, made to the governor of the state of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said state.

Principal office, Newton Claypool building.

II. ASSETS.

2. Loans on bonds and mortgage (first liens) on real estate	$851,745 58
3 Loans secured by pledge of bonds, stocks, or other marketable collaterals	1,200 00
4. Loans made in cash to policy-holders on this company's policies assigned as collateral	8,228 12
6. Bonds and stocks owned absolutely, par value, certificates of deposit $10,000 00	
Market value carried out	10,600 00
7. Cash in company's office	7,895 97
8. Cash deposited in banks to credit of company	47,925 73
10. Interest due or accrued and unpaid	11,650 00
12. Agent's balance	22,169 76
14. Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums (deduction 20 per cent for average loaning from gross amount), approximated	250,798 00
Total assets	$1,251,610 26

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Net present value of all the outstanding policies in force, approximated $820,000 00	
Net premium reserve	$820,000 00
3. Death losses and mutual endowments in process of adjustment, or adjusted and not due $10,000 00	
4. Death losses and other policy claims resisted by the company $10,000 00	
Total policy claims	20,000 00
8. Dividends declared but not yet due	2,870 10
10. Amount of all other claims against the company	4,367 75
12. Surplus over all liabilities	403,772 41
Total liabilities	$1,251,610 26

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1902.

1. Amount of cash premiums received	$468,077 69
3. Interest received	19,915 28
4. Amount of income from all other sources	481 26
Total income	$488,474 23

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1902.

1. Losses paid $73,350 00	
Total	73,350 00
Total amount actually paid for losses and matured endowments	$ 73,350
5. Surrender policies	5,914
6. Dividends paid to policy-holders or others	13,285
7. Expenses paid, including commissions to agents, and officers' salaries	216,363
8. Taxes paid	11,455 56
10. Total disbursements	$322,371 67

Greatest amount insured in any one risk $ 10,000 00
Total amount of insurance outstanding 35,062,903 00

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the insurance commissioner.

STATE OF INDIANA, COUNTY OF MARION.—Personally appeared before the undersigned Samuel Quinn, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the vice president of the State Life Insurance Company and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. SAMUEL QUINN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 28th day of August, 1902. BERTON B. BALES, Notary Public.

My commission expires April 17, 1902.

NOT SURPRISED AT THE REPORT ON COTTON CROP

Savannah, Ga., September 3.—(Special.) President J. P. Williams, of the Savannah cotton exchange, was asked about the government cotton report today. He said that he could not say that he was greatly surprised at the report, as his advices have recently indicated that the crop had deteriorated considerably. He believes, though, that the deterioration has been very marked within the past few weeks if the government's figures are to be accepted as correct. Mr. Williams was asked what he thought of the accuracy of the figures, but would not discuss them in that light.

There were many on the floor of the exchange who expressed the belief that the government was taking an unusually bilious view of the situation. They pointed to the fact that the government in its estimate of the cotton crop for the season of 1901-2 was about a million bales out of the way, and said that it is just as probable that this report is as far wrong as that crop estimate was.

The members of the exchange made a pool this morning guessing at the average condition of the crop. This was before the bureau report came in. Murray M. Stewart guessed the nearest to the report, placing the average condition at 54.9. The next lowest estimate was 60, being made by W. G. Strobhar. G. M. Miller took the most optimistic view of the condition, placing the average condition at 70.

Athens City Schools.

Athens, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The Athens city schools opened today with a largely increased attendance. The total attendance during the session will reach 1,700. Two new teachers took their places in the schools today, Misses Marion Lampkin and Marion Bloomfield.

PAINTS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, GLASS.

F. J. Cooledge & Bro.

ATLANTA & SAVANNAH.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
HOKE ROBINSON.....Business Manager

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Curtis Brown, Representative, 5 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, London, W. C.

The Constitution can be found on file and anyone may have letters sent to that address with safety.

ATLANTA, GA., September 4, 1902.

The Presidential Succession.

The startling news of President Roosevelt's narrow escape from injury and perhaps death started The Constitution's telephones going yesterday at a rate much faster than ordinary.

If the president had been killed, who would succeed him? That was the burden of the questioning. Evidently the thought was uppermost in the public mind. In some instances there were bets to decide; in others there was nothing more than natural curiosity.

In the event of the death of President Roosevelt—there being no vice president—he would be succeeded by the secretary of state, Hon. John Hay.

In an act passed by the forty-first congress it is provided that in the event of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both the president and the vice president, the secretary of state shall act as president until the disability of the president or vice president is removed, or a president is elected. If there be no secretary of state, then the secretary of the treasury will act; the succession running through the cabinet in this order: secretary of war, attorney general, postmaster general, secretary of the navy, secretary of the interior and secretary of agriculture—the order being the same as that of the creation of the departments.

Senator Frye, of Maine, recently referred to himself as "acting vice president." He was mistaken. He is acting president of the senate, and in that capacity performs duties which would be performed by the vice president, if there were one, but he is not vice president.

Shifting the Blame.

Each fellow is trying to blame it on somebody else. As was pictured in the famous Nast cartoon of the Tweed ring and seen later in the "round robin" of Santiago, there is a general disposition to shift the responsibility for that comic opera feature of the army and navy war game. The captains blame Higginson, Higginson blames Chadwick, Chadwick points to Sanger—and there you are.

Meanwhile the entire country is laughing.

For the country has been asked to take this mimic warfare seriously. Hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of ammunition was to be burned, troops had been transported from a distance to take part in the defense, extraordinary expenses had been incurred on all sides, and the tax-payers have to foot the bills. It was necessary, therefore, that the people should be educated to the belief that it was all worth while.

The officials at Washington evidently took it seriously enough. Secretary of the Navy Moody was quoted as saying it was going to be the real thing, that from the minute the game began the ships of the navy would be on a war footing, just as if war had been declared with some rival power.

It is hardly necessary to go over the details of the painful duchess of Marlborough incident. The ships, under the war orders, had been cleared for action, the men had for some hours been under the strain of actual war conditions; the critical moment had come and—

Then came the duchess with her coterie, embracing the Belmonts, the Astors, the Vanderbilts and the Lehrs of Newport society, and all was off.

The captains argued with Higginson, but he was obdurate. He would have his way. Now, however, he has changed front and says he could do nothing else, since the party came under the chaperonage of Captain Chadwick, president of the Naval War college; and wasn't this the mighty Chadwick who had carried Sampson safely away from the battle of Santiago, who had conducted the glorious though fruitless assault upon the old fortifications at Porto Rico, who had directed the gallant slaughter of that Matanzas mule? Did it become a mere admiral in command of a fleet to gainsay the mighty Chadwick?

As for Chadwick—he points his finger at Assistant Secretary of War Sanger and says, "he did it." Sanger is a wealthy New York militiaman and the president's personal selection for the important post he holds; was Sanger to be thwarted in his desire to secure a salute from the fleet and to show his Newport friends that he is a mighty man?

And so it goes. The responsibility is ever shifted. In the meantime the officials of the navy department at Washington are wondering what they will say when congress, in response to future requests for liberal maneuver appropriations, asks, "What about the duchess?"

A Barrier That Should Disappear.

Resolutions of the chamber of commerce, adopted Tuesday, show plainly that an imperative necessity to the logical and legitimate expansion of Atlanta as a center of travel and traffic is the promptest possible outlet to the vast territory embraced in south and southwest Georgia and southeast Alabama. For years this city has been suffering a practical twelve to twenty-four hours' blockade of passenger traffic with those regions because the two great railway systems that dominate them have refused to so coordinate their early morning schedules from Atlanta to Macon as to give quick connections at the latter point with debouching lines.

The Central of Georgia railway holds full control of southwest Georgia and southeast Alabama by its lines and connections. It starts its early morning train from Macon to all that large catalogue of important trade stations at 3:40 a. m., connecting there with the through train from Savannah, so that a commercial man leaving Macon on that train can be at almost any town in that territory—many of them before the Atlanta man leaves this city on the first train at 7:50 a. m., and certainly before he can arrive at Macon to make noon connections into that wide field of commercial endeavor. The Macon man can reach southwest Georgia before the Atlanta man can get to Macon.

One of the grossest anomalies in the case is that a Savannah traveler can leave that city at 9 p. m., ride to Macon on a through sleeper and go on by the 3:40 a. m. trains to the south Georgia and east Alabama towns and reach the larger portion of them before the Atlanta man can get started on his 7:50 a. m. train to Macon where his connections must necessarily be made.

Here we have a link of, say, 100 miles between Atlanta and Macon that seems to be so cleverly operated and with such excellent concert as to give to a minor center of distribution a tremendous advantage in time, mails, commercial travelers' tours and mail orders over the capital of the state, having the largest traveling initiative and the starting point of more commercial tonnage of any other city they are supposed to serve. The like condition of inexplicable discrimination we do not think can be found in the country at large.

It would seem that Atlanta's historic interest in railroad development, her actual investments in their creation, her large patronage of them in all ways, and her present importance, daily growing, as a producing center and jobber of freights would strike the railway people who perpetrate this discrimination that Atlanta has some rights for which they should show a more mutual regard.

There is no purpose in this case to raise a mere issue of city rivalries. We think the case bears upon its very face such equities as will be recognized by all fair-minded men, and exhibit a wrong to this city that ought to be cheerfully and speedily rectified.

Government v. Corporations.

To what extent, in the interest of public necessity and convenience, can the government interpose to stop a strike?

This is a question being much broached of late, as the anthracite situation grows more aggravating, and if public indignation is not given cause to subside, the inherent drastic powers of government will be sought to be put to test. We have seen some notable instances of the exercise of the governmental right of condemnation and confiscation. Does this other extraordinary right reside in the government? If so, the strike question is wonderfully simplified.

Apropos of this interesting subject, the Philadelphia Record says:

The American people are respecters of property and proprietory rights; but there are interests which are greater than those of any individual or group of men. The public welfare is the highest law, and when an irreconcilable conflict occurs between private and public rights the former must in the end give way. To say that nothing can occur to break the deadlock in the anthracite industry is to say that the people, or their representatives in the legislature and on the bench, cannot relieve by legal compulsion a situation which has become a menace to the common weal. The forestallment of common necessities has been interdicted by law from time immemorial. Usually the forestallment has been accomplished by the purchase of the visible supply; but the law is directed against the act, not against the means whereby it may be accomplished. To have in one's possession the available coal supply of a community and to refuse on any pretext to fetch it to market constitute as effective a forestallment of this commodity as could be imagined.

The remedy by mandamus has hitherto been applied only to public functionaries or to corporate bodies, like railway companies, which are engaged in a quasi-public service. If coal mining companies should be included in this category a writ of mandamus could be directed against them requiring them to mine and market coal under penalty, just as railway companies have been ordered to receive and transport freight notwithstanding the plea that their lines were tied up by a strike. This condition of affairs was disregarded by the courts in such instances as forming no excuse for their cessation of performance of a railway company's duty to the public it was created to serve. There may be no precedent in the books for the treatment of a mining company as a corporation engaged in a public service, but every existing precedent was at a time more or less remote unprecedented. It is a maxim of the law that there can be no wrong without remedy; and that the flaw of illegality in the conduct of the coal carriers and miners is discoverable who can doubt?

Quixote and Sancho.

Champ Clark, who can always be depended upon to score a point through humor, says of the present republican situation:

I like President Roosevelt. He is doing a patriotic work—like the Irishman who wanted the doctor to give him the whisky—"unbeknown to himself"—by kicking the republican party into smithereens.

During the last two presidential campaigns our republican friends were fond of accusing the Knight of the Silver Shield of being quixotic. The shoe is on the other foot now. Fate's caprices have brought them a leader with rueful countenance and menacing teeth thrown in, who requires little imaginative license to pass current as the real Don Quixote of American politics. From present indications this errant knight will dig his jingling spurs deep into the flanks of the g. o. p. elephant, who must per force play the role of Rosinante in a windjamming tilt against windmills.

The knight and his charger are already in the arena attracting equal counter volleys of applause and hisses, but where is the ruby, rotund squire yclept Sancho Panza?

He may not himself know it at the present writing, but Marcus Aurelius Hanna is to be the wise and ready body servant of this bold knight. Physically and by native wit he fills the role which his party, despite his protests, will thrust upon him. Don Ted may not know it now, but he can't near manage his elephantine mount without Sancho Hanna and his good prod-pole.

What this incongruous trio will do in the political La Mancha the bravest republicans tremble to guess. The knight with the reciprocity lance and the anti-trust shield will kick up a whirlwind of dust as he charges picturesquely at intangibilities, and the dust may suffice to hide for the nonce the real giants tipping the wink to faithful Sancho.

If, in the mercy of providence and the wisdom of the American people, the arms of those objective windmills nail the impetuous knight's strenuousness to a frazzle and leave him limp and lorn by the wayside, we fear the cunning squire will mount and make off with the elephant, without vouchsafing a glance at his prostrate master.

When Admiral Schley goes to receive Texas' belated mesquite wreath, we wish to solemnly warn him against the loco properties of ranger punch. Georgia's artillery punch is mighty small shooting iron beside its Lone Star cousin.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox persists in having the last word, while Colonel Joyce insists, firmly but chivalrously, that he, his own self, wrote: "Laugh and the world laughs with you." The world is laughing all right, all right.

The war department is perfectly willing now for Miles to go to the Philippines. It will be handier to have him half around the globe when the army bill comes to the front again.

The president's good luck was with him yesterday, but he must remember that we have only one of him—and John Hay with the "next" card in his hat.

We do hope Commoner Bryan will promptly sidestep that base charge that he is paying $5,000 for two mantelpieces in his new house.

Addicks is preparing to donate his democratic fellow-citizens the congressman from Delaware. He is a stayer from Corsetville.

One can easily agree with the governor that Poor Richard's Almanac is powerful wise reading if you don't happen to have a Bible.

The Wisconsin democrats had a wide range of choice for gvernor between the Rose of Milwaukee and the Pa of Peck's Bay Boy.

The last man who tried to knife Bryan did not succeed as well as some others who did the act in the last two campaigns.

The prize ring game is surely getting dangerous when the coon pugs quit the earth as a result of a swift jab.

Anyhow, Admiral Higginson captured a duchess just like the boy caught the mumps—"he couldn't help himself."

Colonel Watterson seems to feel that Pelee is attracting an undue amount of public notice.

Naturally, General Miles expects a reciprocity of inspection when he captivates the Philippines.

At least, Kansans are beyond the reach of coal trust tyranny. They have burned corn before.

There are other things besides trolleys that are slated to butt the Teddy tallyho off the track.

In Ohio it is sure to turn out either a case of too much Johnson or not enough.

A typewriter end has again been put to the Filipino "insurrection."

The best King Cotton can do is to head a bobtail flush.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

MRS. HENRY HILLYER, WHO HAS been seriously ill for some months, was somewhat improved yesterday. Her condition, however, is still quite critical. She was brought home yesterday from Lithia Springs, where she has been on account of her health.

A MINIATURE THEATER HAS been fitted up in a large room at the corner of Grant street and Orleans avenue, where is held Miss Morel's private school and the Sunday school of St. Andrew mission, by Olmsted King and Alphonse Hurtel, two wide-awake boys. They have named it the "Little Grand" and will give a number of performances. Last night they gave a stereoptiCon show. A week from next Friday night they will give a juvenile minstrel show. The citizens in the neighborhood are much interested in the "Little Grand" and say they will give it a very liberal patronage.

ACTING RECORDER FINCHER YESterday morning fined George Renault, of No. 108 1-2 South Forsyth street, $25.75 for getting drunk and striking his wife. Mrs. Renault and her two little children testified against him. It was shown that Renault had struck his wife and threatened to kill her with a razor.

WILLIAM P. ARCHER, THROUGH his attorney, John B. Hutcheson, filed a petition in bankruptcy with W. C. Carter, clerk of the United States district court, yesterday. His liabilities are scheduled at $629 and his assets at $510.

THE MEETING OF COUNCIL YESterday afternoon was opened with prayer by Rev. J. C. Solomonson, pastor of the Woodward Avenue Baptist church.

UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE mayor and in accordance with an ordinance recently adopted, council yesterday confirmed the appointment of J. T. Collier as city license inspector and Thomas J. Buchanan as city warden.

COUNCIL YESTERDAY RECEIVED an invitation from the local entertainment committee of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America to attend the opening session of the convention of that association September 15. On motion of Alderman Woodward the invitation was accepted.

DURING THE MEETING OF COUNcil yesterday Tax Collector E. T. Payne petitioned for an assistant. Up to the time of his appointment as city license inspector J. T. Collier, former investigator in the tax assessor's office, assisted Mr. Payne during the busy times of the year. The petition was referred to the finance committee for consideration and report.

BY A VOTE OF 7 TO 5 COUNCIL yesterday adopted the favorable report of the street railway committee on the petition of Randall Bros. for permission to lay a spur track across Marietta street from the Western and Atlantic railway to their manufacturing plant. The grant is expected to occasion some discussion during the aldermanic board meeting this afternoon.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE council committee on charter revision is scheduled for this morning at 10 o'clock. The session was postponed from last Tuesday and it is expected that all the members will attend.

OWING TO THE ABSENCE FROM the city of several of the water commissioners the regular meeting of the board was not held yesterday afternoon, but will take place tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

THE ALDERMANIC BOARD WILL meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock to pass upon the various papers adopted at yesterday's session of the general council.

JOHN C. GERBIE, 76 YEARS OF age, died yesterday afternoon at 3:15 o'clock at his residence, 110 East Harris street. He had been ill for a long while. The deceased is survived by five daughters—Mrs. E. H. DeBray, Mrs. J. M. Currigan, Mrs. Josie Stoddard and Misses Mamie and Katie Gerbie. Mr. Gerbie was one of the charter members of Schiller lodge No. 71, Odd Fellows. Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence by Dr. William Volbrecht.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Mrs. Mary F. Saulsbury were conducted yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence, 276 West Fifth street. The interment was in Oakland cemetery.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Mamie Bowden, the 5-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bowden, were conducted yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the residence, 578 Chestnut street. The interment was in Westview cemetery.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Elderberry.

Editor Constitution: It is to be regretted that one of the very best fruits in Georgia is let to go to waste. I refer to the common black elderberry, which in the south grows abundantly in most swampy places and along the water courses. Pies made from it are fully as good—many say much better—than those made from blackberries or huckleberries; in fact, most people when eating them for the first time think that they are partaking of the latter fruit, and it retains its excellence when dried perfectly, being just as good when a year old as the fresh berries, which cannot be said of any other fruit that we know of. All that is necessary is to strip them from the stems and spread on papers placed in the sun to dry. Two days is sufficient if the weather be favorable; and placed in tight paper sacks when fully dry they will keep indefinitely and are just as good as the fresh berries. Make the pies as you would huckleberries, adding a tablespoonful of good vinegar to each pie.

This fruit is generally considered poisonous in the south, and is let go to waste, but in the north, where it is more abundant than here, it is gathered in immense quantities and sold at from 5 cents to 10 cents per quart, varying with the supply and demand.

The leading restaurant firm in Cleveland, Ohio, feeding 2,000 people a day, keep track of all orders, tabulating them so as to know how much stock to lay in for a season, and they sell more elderberry pies, they being placed on the bill as such, than any other, and almost as many as all others combined, the price of all, excepting mince, being the same.

All who have tried them in this vicinity are very loud in their praise, and not many will go to waste another season. Do not be afraid of being poisoned, but try the elderberry this season. You will have to hurry, for the birds know a good thing when they see it, and the bushes are being rapidly stripped. Do not make the common mistake of thinking that the taste of the uncooked berries is any guide for those made into pies. The fresh berries have a raw taste which entirely disappears when cooked. Yours very respectfully, J. J. STRANAHAN, Superintendent United States Fish Commission, Bullochville, Ga.

DEATH STRIKES VERY NEAR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Continued from First Page.

of the vehicle, which received the full force of the blow. The carriage was upset in the twinkling of an eye and one horse fell dead on the tracks. The other three powerful grays attached to the vehicle started to run, and dragged by them and pushed by the force of the car the wrecked carriage was moved 30 or 40 feet.

Agent Craig fell from his seat immediately in front of the car and it passed completely over his body. Driver Pratt, in falling struck the head of the horse immediately in front of him and rolled clear of him, thus escaping a similar fate. The president, Governor Crane and Secretary Cortelyou were thrown together in the bottom of their carriage. Almost instantly a score of men jumped to the heads of the frightened horses and stopped their further progress. Governor Crane was the first to get to his feet, entirely unhurt. He turned immediately to the president, helped the latter to arise and together they assisted Secretary Cortelyou.

President and Cortelyou Bloody.

The president's lip was cut and blood was flowing from the wound. His clothing was much disarranged and he was severely shaken up. Secretary Cortelyou had a severe wound in the back of his head, from which the blood was flowing freely. The president quickly regained his composure and the three soon after repaired to the residence of Charles R. Stevens, near the scene of the accident. Mr. Craig's body was found just behind the car. His shoulders and chest were crushed and the body was frightfully mangled.

Driver Pratt was found unconscious in the road. His shoulder was dislocated, his ankle sprained and his face badly cut and bruised. He was immediately placed in the carriage and taken to the House of Mercy, where he was attended by two doctors, who tonight say he will recover.

Agent Craig's body was taken to the residence of Mrs. A. B. Stevens, adjoining the house to which the president had repaired with Governor Crane and Secretary Cortelyou, and later was removed to undertaking rooms in this city.

A few minutes after the collision Drs. Colt, Thomas and Woodruff arrived and attended the president and his secretary. Half an hour later the journey to Lenox was resumed. An anxious crowd meanwhile surrounded the house and the president stopped long enough to assure the people that he was not injured in the least and to express his grief at the death of Agent Craig. Chief Nicholson, of the Pittsfield police, and Daniel Ryan, an officer of the New York city department, who is on his vacation in this city, were driving about 100 yards ahead of the president's carriage and were among the first to reach his side after the collision. They immediately placed under arrest the motorman of the car, Euclid Madden, and Conductor James Kelly, and they were later taken to headquarters in this city.

Mystery About Accident.

Governor Crane in relating his experience, says he heard the gong of the approaching car in ample time, and he immediately arose and warned the motorman to stop. He says that the man apparently paid no attention to his signal or those of the troopers alongside, and the car continued until it struck the carriage with great force.

No one on the car seems to be able to explain how the accident happened. Even the motorman and persons on the front seat are apparently unable to tell why it was not avoided. It is said Driver Pratt turned to cross the track sooner than teams ordinarily make the turn, but that he was forced to do so because of the fact that his team of four horses required more room and the two troopers on the right of the carriage also needed space to get through. Motorman Madden and Conductor Kelly furnished bail tonight.

The charges against them are manslaughter. They will probably be arraigned tomorrow morning. The defense will probably present no evidence, and the men will be held for the grand jury.

George and Hugh Craig, of Holyoke, Mass., brothers of William Craig, the victim of the accident, arrived here tonight and are in consultation with the authorities. It has been decided to take the body to Chicago for interment.

In arranging the programme for the day Mayor Engler had requested all business to be suspended in the city; he also had made special requests of the Pittsfield street railway that it suspend business on North street during the exercises at the park and while the president was driving to the point. He also asked the managers of both street railway companies in the city to be especially careful as to the running of cars on all streets through which the procession would pass.

The car had started on the upward grade at the beginning of the hill just before the collision, and it is pointed out that considerable power must have been applied just before the crash in order to start it up the incline under the headway it had.

Story of Eyewitnesses.

Frederick S. Clark, who was an eyewitness of the accident, says he had gone to the top of Howard hill for the purpose of securing a photograph of the president in his carriage. He was near the Howard house, he says, when he saw the party approaching. He saw the horses as they turned from the west to the east just before they reached the culvert. The car he saw coming at a fast rate of speed, but a short distance behind. He says he saw that in a moment an accident must occur because the car was going at such a rate of speed that it could not be brought to a standstill without a collision. In his opinion the car was about 100 feet to the rear when the leading horses were turned onto the track to cross to the other side of the road. He heard considerable yelling just before the crash, and he believes it came from the mounted men. He saw the car strike the rear wheel of the president's carriage on the left side, plowing it along and striking the front wheel on the same side, and then the wheel horse on the left side, upsetting the vehicle and throwing the driver and officer from the box to the ground. Mr. Clark says it was very dusty at that point. He says he saw the president thrown out on the left side and saw the governor assisted to his feet. As the president arose to his feet Mr. Clark says he saw him walk to where the motorman was standing after leaving the car and speak to him. Euclid Madden, the motorman, in telling his story, says the car had motors of 60 horsepower. The car is not fitted with air brakes. On account of the presidential exercises he says the running schedules on all lines of the company were disarranged. He said he left the Country Club for the Stanley works, but reached only the Campbell house on South street, when he was forced to make a stop on account of the ropes drawn across the street. Madden says that, according to orders, he remained in front of the Campbell house until the time for his car to return to the Country Club. He says the car was due at the Country Club at 9:45; that he did not in any way interfere with the procession, and, so far as he knows, the car was not chartered for any special occasion. As he passed over the railroad bridge about 350 or 400 feet from the scene of the accident he says he shut off the power and put on the brakes, the car then being on a down grade. He says there were teams on both sides of the track, and he was exercising every care to avoid an accident. In his opinion the car was not running over 8 miles an hour; he received no warning to stop and did not see the mounted men or Governor Crane waving their hands.

Blames the Driver.

According to Madden's story, there was plenty of room for the president's carriage to have passed on the west side of the trolley track, and he would have plenty of time after he passed the president's carriage before the turn was made to the east side of the road. He said the leading horses were turned short across the track. He could not tell just how the car struck the carriages, but he says he reversed the power and went for the brake just as quickly as possible when he saw the horses turn on the track. He said it was dusty and with difficulty he saw what was going on. He denies that any orders were given to reach the Country Club before the president's party arrived there.

The story of James Kelly, the conductor, is much the same as that of Motorman Madden, as far as the schedule and running arrangements were concerned. He said he was collecting fares on the west side of the car at the time of the accident and was on the forward end of the running board at the moment of the collision. He said he saw no warning given.

Mrs. French Pierson and her two children were passengers on the car. According to the story of Mrs. Pierson, an effort had been made by the passengers on the car to have the motormen leave the Campbell house just as the president's carriage passed by. This he refused to do, saying he was running on schedule time, and therefore he would not leave earlier unless ordered to do so by officers of the road. Mrs. Pierson says she was desirous of alighting at Crofut street, but did not for two reasons, the first being that the car was going at such a fast rate of speed that she saw she could not signal the conductor in time to stop, and secondly, that the passengers on the car seemed anxious to reach the Country Club before the president. She then decided to continue on to the Country Club and return on the same car. As the car approached the president's carriage, she says, she saw the mounted men say something to Driver Pratt, but in the noise of the car and the ringing of the gong she was unable to hear the words spoken.

Mr. James W. Hull, one of Pittsfield's most prominent citizens and a director of the road, who was on the car at the time of the accident, was seen tonight with reference to the report that Motorman Madden was under special instructions from him to run through to the Country Club without stopping.

Hull Denounces Report.

Mr. Hull said:

"The report is unqualifiedly false. I cannot express an opinion as to the responsibility for the accident. I was a passenger on the car, but hardly realized what was happening until it was over. The regular route of this car is from the Stanley works on one side of the city to the Country Club on the other. The tracks run directly through the city and pass the city park, where the president made his address. The car, which was a single truck affair, had just come in from the club, but its schedule being interrupted by the crowds it was stopped at the park and turned back to the club. It was understood that the president would stop there on the way to Lenox and perhaps say a few words, and many persons, including a considerable number of club members, were bound there. I intended to go by myself and when the car stopped at the park I asked the motorman when he would start. He said he was trying to get on his schedule and would move as soon as his time was right.

"The car waited about ten minutes. I had an end seat about half way back in the car. I did not know the president's carriage was ahead of us. Suddenly my attention was attracted by people rising up in the front part of the car, and I looked up just in time to see the leading horses on the president's carriage come onto the track ahead of us.

"My first thought was that the car could be stopped in time to avoid a collision, but in the next second I realized that this was impossible.

"Then the crash came, followed by much tumult. Almost immediately I saw the president get up from the wreck and heard him declare he was uninjured and anxiously asked for the rest. I then looked for Governor Crane and soon after found him unhurt. It seemed to me that the car was about to stop when it struck the carriage. It certainly came to a stop within 15 or 20 feet, but too late."

President Reaches Home.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., September 3.—President Roosevelt returned to Oyster Bay at 8:30 tonight but little the worse for his thrilling experience of the morning. His right cheek is swollen, there is a black bruise under his right eye and his mouth is slightly swollen. Otherwise he shows no effects of the accident. He will go south the latter part of the week according to the original schedule, and will be accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou, who, while considerably shaken up, expects that his injuries will not incapacitate him for duty. Mr. Cortelyou's nose is badly bruised, there is a lump on the back of his head and bruises behind his left ear and on his body.

The president says he may have to make his first public appearance with a black eye and swollen face, but the accident has not interrupted his work for ten minutes, and it will not interrupt his southern trip. The president is pledged to attend the annual convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen at Chattanooga, Tenn., Monday, and he would not on any account disappoint the brotherhood. It is a well-known fact that the president holds railroad men in very high regard, and he anticipates great pleasure in meeting the Brotherhood of Firemen next week.

The president was busily engaged tonight in signing commissions and disposing of work that had accumulated during his absence. Mr. Roosevelt was sincerely attached to William Craig, the secret service man who lost his life today, because of Craig's personal loyalty and because of the great attachment the children felt for him, and he is sincerely grieved at Craig's death. Apart from that event the president is not affected by his experiences.

The president feels that the conduct of the motorman who was running the trolley car that wrecked the carriage was criminal, unless the trolley had gotten beyond his control, and the president can hardly believe this was the case, because as soon as the car struck the carriage it stopped.

THE FUNERAL OF JOHN B. WHITman, Jr., the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Whitman, occurred yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence, 703 Piedmont avenue. The services were conducted by Dr. C. W. Byrd and Dr. Alonzo Monk. The interment was in Westview cemetery.

JOHN A. BRIDWELL, AN OLD CITIzen of Atlanta, died last night at his residence, 123 Mangum street. His death was sudden and was due to heart failure. The deceased was 65 years of age. He had resided in this city for many years and had large numbers of friends, who will regret to learn of his death. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

FASTER TRAIN TO BE PUT ON

Time Between Atlanta and New York To Be Cut to 22 Hours.

BREAKFAST IN NEW YORK AND SUPPER IN ATLANTA

Southern To Make New Orleans from New York in Thirty-Three Hours—Only Mail and Baggage Cars To Be Used at First.

Continued from First Page.

Leave New York, 2:15 a. m. Arrive Washington, 7 a. m.

Leave Washington, 7:30 a. m. Arrive Atlanta, 11:15 p. m.

Leave Atlanta, 11:30 p. m. Arrive New Orleans, 10:20 a. m.

After Fast Mail Service.

The new schedule will come as the result of the determination of the Southern to put New York mail into Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi points quicker than any other route. Recently a schedule was established between New York and St. Louis by which New York mail is being delivered to points in the states named quicker than by the Southern's present schedule. The westbound train on this schedule leaves New York at 2:15 a. m. Consequently the Southern must quicken its schedule to protect the subsidy which it receives from the government for its fast mail service.

A new train will be put on from Atlanta to Birmingham, leaving Atlanta on the arrival of the mail train and reaching Birmingham at 5 a. m., giving that city the New York mail before breakfast.

The schedule of the Southern's fast train from Cincinnati to Jacksonville will be changed so that it will leave Atlanta at 11:30 p. m. instead of at 10:45, as at present. This will put New York mail into Macon, Ga., at 2:30 a. m. and into Jacksonville before breakfast.

None of the other schedules now operated by the Southern will be disturbed by the addition of the new train. All arrivals and departures at Atlanta except those specified will remain as at present.

At New Orleans this train will make direct connection with the Southern Pacific for Mexico and California points, giving the shortest time between New York and Mexico. The new train will be the fastest ever operated in the south. New equipment will be built especially for it.

No official announcement of the intention of the officials to put on this train has yet been made, but there is not the least doubt as to its being put on. The train will be running before October 1. The official announcement will be made as soon as the different connections reach an agreement as to the details of the schedule.

ROLLED OVER EMBANKMENT.

Twenty-Nine Persons Injured in a Railroad Accident.

Fort Worth, Tex., September 3.—A defective rail wrecked the west-bound passenger train on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad last night 15 miles east of Brownwood, Tex., and the entire train was rolled over a 20-foot embankment. Twenty-seven persons were injured, one fatally. The injured are: Mrs. R. M. Humphries, skull fractured, will probably die; Misses Alice and Kate Humphries, dangerously hurt, not fatally; Lynn and Agnes Humphries and two Humphries boys, badly bruised, all the Humphries being from Houston, Tex.; Mrs. K. B. Hawkins and three children, Brownwood, bruised and cut on hands; Jeff Crossland, Temple, badly cut; Mrs. M. L. Gilbert and son, Cleburne, badly cut on the head; George Brownlee, Zephyr, Tex., face cut; Robert Brabury and Steve Hays, Zephyr, slight injuries; Miss Anna Johnson, residence unknown, a teacher en route to Ballinger, Tex., badly injured; R. N. Usselton, Temple, back strained; B. Maxwell, mail clerk, hip injured; Miss Della Hill, Millen, head and hands cut; Miss Mary Adams, Georgetown, head cut; Mrs. Pullen Belmont, Gonzales county, shoulder sprained; Lee Neblett, Waco, badly hurt; R. E. Baker and J. W. Jackson, Brownwood, slightly bruised; Lee Hall, Brownwood, cut on head.

The train was running on schedule time when suddenly the engine and cars left the track, and after jumping over the ties for a few yards the cars turned over the embankment.

The train crew and uninjured passengers immediately set about to relieve those hurt in the wreck. The injured were placed on a relief train and taken to Brownwood this morning. Reports from there tonight are to the effect that all the injured are doing well except Mrs. Humphries, who, it is thought, will die.

EDWARD EGGLESTON IS DEAD.

Well-Known Author Passes Away on Lake George.

New York, September 3.—Edward Eggleston, the author, died at Jones Look, Lake George, today. Mr. Eggleston was widely known as the author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "The Circuit Rider" and other works.

DREW PISTOLS AND KNIVES.

High Old Time at a Pennsylvania Political Convention.

Philadelphia, September 3.—The state convention of the union party today was marked by scenes of wild disorder, which resulted in a split and the holding of two conventions. Pistols and knives were flourished, some men were struck by blackjacks and others by chairs. The adherents of W. Pennypocker for governor stormed the platform and amid great confusion indorsed the republican ticket. The faction favoring the indorsement of the democratic state ticket, under the marshalship of State Chairman Riter, of the union party, retired and indorsed R. E. Pattison for governor and G. W. Guthrie, of Pittsburg, for lieutenant governor. The proceedings may be taken into court.

DUCHESS DIDN'T GO ABOARD.

Story Is Denied by Officers of the Flag Ship.

Washington, September 3.—Naval officers, who have just returned to Washington from Newport, contradict absolutely the story that the Duchess of Marlborough went aboard Admiral Higginson's flag ship last Saturday. Assistant Secretary Sanger, with a party of friends went along side the flag ship and asked permission to come aboard, which Admiral Higginson granted, but the duchess was not of the party.

LIGHT GRANT IS BEFORE COUNCIL

Atlanta Electric Company May Get Long Term Franchise.

Councilman Fincher Proposes To Increase Pay of Policemen and Police Officers, Except Chief and Captains, on and After April 1, 1903.

The question of granting a franchise to the Atlanta Electric Company for an electric light and power plant is now before the city council. The committee on electric lights has recommended the adoption of an ordinance making a thirty-year grant to the new concern, and the terms upon which the franchise is to be granted have been set forth. Final action will come at the next regular meeting of council, as the paper was held up yesterday for two weeks in order to give the members of the general body an opportunity to study and consider the vital features of the proposed franchise.

In addition to granting a franchise covering a period of thirty years from the time of the approval and acceptance of the grant, it is also proposed to tax the company on its gross receipts from its business within Fulton county and upon such other business without the limits of Atlanta as comes into competition with the Georgia Railway and Electric Company, or any other company doing a similar business located in the city.

The proposed tax on gros receipts is as follows: 1 per cent each year for the first three years, beginning July, 1903; 2 per cent each year for the succeeding twenty years, and 3 per cent per year for the remaining years of the franchise. This gives the company two years in which to build its plant and begin business before the percentage tax becomes operative.

Amendment Is Offered.

Councilman Reed has proposed an amendment, which was filed yesterday and will be considered at the next meeting of council, providing that the percentage tax upon the Atlanta Electric Company shall be paid at the particular time that the Georgia Railway and Electric Company shall pay its tax on gross receipts. In other words, Mr. Reed desires that the new company shall be paying 2 per cent on its gross receipts during the same twenty years that the present company is paying the same percentage. He is of the opinion that such a rule would insure competition.

According to the proposed ordinance the Atlanta Electric Company is given sixty days in which to accept the franchise after its approval, and must begin some part of its work within six months from the date of the approval of the franchise. To save the city harmless from any damages that might arise from the work of establishing the system, the new company will be required to file a bond in the sum of $25,000. The company is not exempted from paying an ad valorem tax upon its city property.

The Atlanta Electric Company is the new enterprise which, acording to its legal representative, Colonel Albert H. Cox, proposes to construct a big dam on the Chattahoochee river and generate electric curent for illumination and power. Mr. Cox was present when the committee's recommendation was read in council, and when asked by a reporter for The Constitution if the members of his company would accept the franchise, he said he thought they probably would. He would make no definite statement to that effect, but it is thought the terms and conditions of the franchise will meet with approval by the stockholders of the new concern.

Mayor Won't Talk.

Mayor Mims was asked whether he would approve the grant for thirty years. He has stood for twenty-one-year franchises and there is no little interest being manifested in his probable action on the ordinance should council adopt it and send it to him for approval.

"I cannot say what action I will take when the paper reaches me," said the mayor. "I have not considered all the terms and I cannot therefore say what I shall do. There will be time enough when the ordinance is sent to me for approval."

When the proposed ordinance was read Councilman Reed, who is a member of the electric light committee, said he had supposed the paper would contain a provision he had advocated. He explained it was his idea that the company should pay the same percentage required of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company and that an adjustment of this tax so they would both be paying the same percentage at the same time would prevent the older company giving some of its business to the new company. If that state of affairs existed, he said, the city would be the loser.

It was generally conceded that the paper should be held up for two weeks in order that the members of council might become thoroughly familiar with the terms before final action is to be taken. The city clerk was instructed to make a copy of the ordinance for every member of council.

To Increase Policemen's Pay.

During the session Councilman W. A. Fincher, of the first ward, introduced a resolution seeking to increase the pay of policemen and officers, with the exception of the chief of police and the captains, 25 cents a day, the change to become of force on and after April 1, 1903. The paper was referred to the committees on salary and ordinance for consideration and report.

The following is a scale of pay favored by Mr. Fincher in his resolution:

Chief of police, $2,200 a year; three captains, $1,200 a year each; six sergeants, $2.75 a day; seven detectives, $2.75 a day; two station house keepers, $2.75 a day; one officer in charge of barracks, $2.25 a day; six wagon men, $2.25; two officers at Grant park, $2.25 a day; mounted men, $2.25 a day; two turnkeys, $2.25 a day; bailiff for recorder's court, $50 a month; two cemetery guards, $2.25 a day, and policemen, $2.25 a day.

Policemen now get $2 a day, while officers other than the chief and captains, get $2.50 a day.

Council adopted the ordinance by Councilman Harwell, of the first ward, which forbids city officials and employees from speculating in cemetery lots, tax deeds or any other real or personal property exposed for sale by the city. The ordinance had come from the ordinance committee with a favorable report.

Would Pave Street.

Councilman Warren introduced a resolution providing for the extension of the asphalt paving on South Pryor street from Kenney's alley to Alabama street, a distance of half a block, at a cost of $1,150, half of the expense to be paid by the county and the other half by the city. He explained there was sufficient money on hand from Pryor street work to extend the asphalt.

Some members thought the resolution should be referred to a committee, but this plan was defeated. Mr. Warren declared if there was any delay in passing up the money the work could not be done, as the hands were on the south end of the street putting down asphalt.

Councilman Key was of the opinion the abutting property owners should pay for the work. Colonel John B. Goodwin explained it was the original understanding by the county commissioners that the street was to be paved from Mitchell street to Alabama and that the board stood ready to pay its share of the expense.

Alderman Woodward said he did not want to be regarded as being opposed to any city improvements, but having heard that the schools would probably have to close earlier this year for lack of funds, he thought it would be a good idea to economize as much as possible and take care of the necessities. The resolution was finally adopted, however, and will go to the aldermanic board this afternoon, where there is every reason to believe it will be opposed.

Can Lay Its Conduits.

On petition of the Southern Bell Telephon and Telegraph Company for right to put down conduits on certain streets, the electric light committee reported favorably with the provision that one duct should be left open to accommodate the city police and fire alarm wires. Another restriction was that asphalted streets should not be opened or left open during the months of June, July and August. The company must also put conduits to one side of the streets, so the city may lay its own wires at any time. A bond of $5,000 to save the city harmless from damages during the prosecution of the work is also required. The ordinance embracing the provisions favored by the committee was adopted.

The same committee also reported favorably an ordinance prohibiting electric companies from sending current over any wires in excess of 4,000 volts. The ordinance was the direct result of a suggestion made by City Electrician Harper, who said the matter should be properly controlled. Councilman Key thought a provision covering the proper insulation of wires should be adopted. The paper was referred back to the committee on electric lights for further consideration.

"But oh, the exceeding grace"
—Fra Angelico.

Such delicacy and refinement as are worked out in Kayzer Zinn surprise us with each new importation. The last designs received of this quaint ware are altogether the most pleasing.

Maier & Berkele,
31 Whitehall Street.

QUESTION TO BE SETTLED

By Resigning Rev. Len G. Broughton Will Precipitate Action.

MEETING QUIET YESTERDAY

Tabernacle Baptist Church Will Act Finally on "Alien Immersion" at Early Date.

The question of "alien immersion" will come up in the Tabernacle Baptist church for final decision within the next few days, and in the opinion of all acquainted with the facts, the church will steadfastly refuse to rescind its action in reference to receiving "alien baptisms."

In order that the board of deacons and the church may be untrammeled in their actions, Rev. Len G. Broughton, the pastor, will in the next few days tender his resignation.

In a conversation yesterday Dr. Broughton said that he would do this, as he wants the action of the church on this matter to be voluntary. He stated publicly during Tuesday's session of the Stone Mountain association at Indian creek church that he would resign the pastorate should the church agree to rescind its action, as the resolutions adopted by the association request it to do.

It was not known when the board of deacons would place the consideration of the resolutions before the church, but the matter will now come up at once, as Dr. Broughton's resignation will precipitate its discussion.

No one believes that the resignation will be considered by the members of the church, and at the same meeting at which they will return it to Dr. Broughton they will doubtless refuse to accept the admonition of the Stone Mountain Baptist Association as expressed in the resolutions passed Tuesday.

If both parties stand firm in their declaration there can only be one result—the separation of the Tabernacle Baptist church from the Stone Mountain association at the meeting of the association next year.

The association remained in session yesterday and will complete its deliberations today. Dr. F. C. McConnell, secretary of the home mission board of the Southern Baptist convention, preached the missionary sermon yesterday. The remainder of the day was devoted to routine business. No reference was made to the Tabernacle Baptist affair, which was closed Tuesday afternoon by the adoption of the resolutions.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

Session Opens Thursday, September 4.

The method pursued in this school is to train the individual by having small classes and giving personal attention to each student. The faculty of twenty teachers is composed of graduates of Wellesley, Radcliffe, University of Chicago, Woman's College of Baltimore, etc. French and Spanish are taught by native teachers, and arrangements can be made for private lessons when desired. Excelent facilities are offered in music, art and elocution. Little boys are taken in the primary department. Parents who expect to enter their daughters should consult the principals as early as possible, as the places are being rapidly filled. Telephone 2047, north, or address the principals, 36 E. North avenue. 9-3-5t

Well planned advertising is the kind which pays. Advertising campaigns judiciously planned. Ten years' experience. Geo. S. Lowman, Empire bldg., Atlanta.

UNABLE TO SHUT HER MOUTH.

Missouri Yawned and Dislocated Her Jaw.

Macon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—When the name of Missouri Williams, a negro woman, charged with disorderly conduct, was called at police barracks last night there was no response. The woman was found with mouth wide open, unable to shut it. She had been in this condition for several hours. In yawning she dislocated her jaw.

CHARTER MAY GO TO THE PEOPLE

Committee of Forty-Nine To Discuss the Matter This Afternoon.

MEMBERS ARE TO MEET IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER

Council Committee on Charter Revision Is Scheduled To Hold a Meeting This Morning To Further Consider Report of Committee.

Chairman George Hillyer yesterday issued a call for a meeting of the charter revision committee of forty-nine to be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the council chamber at the city hall.

The object of the meeting is to discuss the question of submitting the proposed new city charter—as prepared by this committee—to the people for ratification.

Secretary Walter G. Cooper prepared a notice of this meeting and will make an effort to secure the attendance of all the members.

When the committee prepared the new charter its report was submitted to council and that body referred it to a special committee, of which Councilman James L. Key is chairman, for consideration and report. That council committee has held a number of meetings and is scheduled to hold one at 10 o'clock this morning for the further consideration of the paper.

Thus far the council committee on charter revision has stricken many sections of the proposed charter, and the indications are that other sections will be eliminated before the committee is prepared to report to council.

Members of the committee—at least a majority of them—appear to favor the existing charter, and when provisions have been stricken it has been done in favor of existing laws.

Speaking of the matter, Chairman Key said:

"If it is proposed to adopt the new charter in toto, I am in favor of referring it to the people for an expression, because it offers some radical changes in city government. If, however, the council committee's report is to be considered, I do not think it necessary to submit it to the people, for the reason that we have not favored any decided changes in the present government of the city."

The meetings of the two committees today will doubtless bring forth some interesting developments.

ADVERTISING AGENTS MEET.

Atlanta Association Is Making an Effort To Suppress All Fake Schemes.

The Atlanta Advertising Agents' Association met last night in the office of St. Elmo Massengale, in the Austell building. There was a large number of advertising men, representing the different branches of the business, present, and an interesting meeting was held.

There were some particularly interesting speeches by advertising agents, solicitors and writers on the benefit of the association to their particular branch of the business and to the general advertisers of Atlanta, all agreeing that the man who spends the money for advertising in Atlanta will be greatly benefited by the work of the association.

The association was organized two weeks ago and has the indorsement of the advertising men of the city, and is already making itself felt in its work of keeping out fake schemers and advertising solicitors who impose on the busy Atlanta merchant and manufacturer to the extent of many thousands of dollars every year. The purpose of the association is to investigate without prejudice all advertising propositions to which the advertiser is asked to subscribe and indorse those which are found to be honest.

HIS TONGUE WAS PARALYZED.

Peculiar Accident to South Carolina Farmer.

Columbia, S. C., September 3.—(Special.) J. W. Maxwell, who lives in the suburbs of Spartanburg, while driving out to his farm yesterday, met with a peculiar accident. He was driving across a ditch when the buggy gave a tilt to one side, throwing him to the ground, the back of his head striking the ground first. He regained his seat in the buggy, drove back to the city and thence to his home on Union street. As he was entering his house a sudden pain struck him and he fell to the floor. Shortly afterwards his tongue became partially paralyzed and for a time he could not speak. It is the opinion of the physician in attendance that the shock of the fall burst a blood vessel near the base of the brain. Mr. Maxwell's condition is critical.

NEARLY KILLED OLD WOMAN.

Two Young Men Get Heavy Sentence for Their Deed.

Columbia, S. C., September 3.—(Special.) A queer story comes from the lower part of Greenwood county. Some time ago two young men who live near McCormick—one of whom is named Holder and the other Stewart—decided that an old negro woman living in the community was a witch. One of them had some kind of bad luck and thought that the old woman had "witched" him. They charged her with it, and when she denied it they jumped on her and beat her savagely. It is said the old woman was nearly killed. The young men were arrested and tried in the sessions court at Greenwood on the charge of assault and battery. They were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 or serve six months on the chaingang.

Valuables Protected.

You don't have to own stocks and bonds to need one of our Safe Deposit Boxes. A man that has anything that is worth having wants to keep it—and keep it safely.

The lowest price boxes in our strong vault rent for 25c a month.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.,
Empire Building, Atlanta.

BIG NEGRO CAMP MEETING

To Be Held at Bishop Turner's Tabernacle on Young Street.

LARGE CROWDS ARE EXPECTED

DuBois, Negro Writer of an Incendiary Article in Northern Magazine, Was Roundly Scored.

Active preparations have been begun among the negroes of Atlanta for the holding of the largest camp meeting that has ever been held by the negroes.

Bishop H. M. Turner called together about forty of the leading ministers of his race from in and around Atlanta and arrangements were definitely made for the holding of the camp meeting in his tabernacle on Young street. The meeting is to begin on October 1 and will continue about ten days.

Bishop Turner said in his talk before the other ministers yesterday that the meeting was to be definitely along spiritual lines, and that nothing of any other nature should be injected into it. He said that what the race needed more than anything else was the right kind of men in the pulpits as leaders—men who cared less for their personal aggrandizement and more for the true progress of the negro.

Several of the other preachers who were present heartily indorsed the sentiments of Bishop Turner and pledged their strongest support in helping to make preparations for the big meeting. Several in the course of their remarks took occasion to refer to the recent inflammatory article by the negro DuBois, which appeared in The Atlantic Monthly, and gave expression to sentiments that were directly opposed to those of DuBois.

They showed that while DuBois, a negro of northern birth, and one who knows practically nothing about the true status of his race, was writing and preaching incendiary doctrines in the north, the negroes who live in the south were attempting rather to uplift their race spiritually and otherwise.

Dr. W. H. Heard was made chairman of the camp meeting committee, Dr. William Byrd, of Decatur, was made secretary, and Dr. J. S. Flipper was made treasurer. Rev. R. D. Stinson, collecting commissioner of Morris Brown college, was present at the meeting and heartily indorsed the camp meeting movement.

THREE NIGHTS' CARNIVAL ON

Pythian and Odd Fellows' Entertainment Began Last Night.

STREET PARADE IN AFTERNOON

Carnival Being Held at Ponce de Leon Springs—Prize Drill Will Be a Feature Tonight.

The first night of the Knights of Pythias and Odd Fellows' carnival at Ponce de Leon Springs last night was attended by a large crowd. The entertainment furnished was of first-class quality and proved a success.

The carnival was opened yesterday afternoon with a street parade through the principal thoroughfares of the business district. The parade was headed by Vittur's drum and bugle corps and attracted much attention. A large number of members of the uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, were in the parade in uniform.

The programme last night contained several interesting features. One of the most enjoyable was a minstrel show under the direction of Professor Love. The show was given on a specially constructed stage in the pavilion and afforded much amusement for the crowd. In addition to the minstrel show several races were run and other events given.

The carnival will continue tonight and tomorrow night and an excellent programme is being arranged for each night. The leading feature for tonight will be a prize drill between two companies of the uniform rank Knights of Pythias and the two cantons of the Odd Fellows. The drill is being looked forward to with a great deal of interest by members of both orders and the contest will no doubt be spirited. Handsome prizes have been offered for the winners.

The sports will be continued tonight and tomorrow night, and some good events are promised. A fireworks display and cake walk are features of the programme also. The committee in charge is working energetically for the success of the carnival and are using their efforts to give their guests a good time.

A Boy's Wild Ride for Life.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma, but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at all drug stores.

1902.

Fall and Winter Importations now ready in our Tailoring Department.

HIRSCH BROS.,
Male Outfitters
"Head to Foot,"
44 Whitehall St.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 931, Times Bldg., New York
For Sale by JACOBS' PHARMACY CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Mail Orders Solicited.

RESIGNATION IS STILL HELD UP

Governor To Have Conference with Attorney General Today.

It Seems Probable That an Appointment Will Be Made by Governor to Supreme Bench, Followed by an Election on October 1.

Attorney General Boykin Wright will arrive in the city this morning from Augusta and enter into a conference with Governor Candler concerning the legal aspect of Justice Hal T. Lewis' successor. On the outcome of the attorney general's opinion will depend the governor's action in appointing a justice of the supreme court.

After going over the constitution and the law carefully Governor Candler has come to the conclusion that an appointment and an election will both be necessary. This view is shared by several prominent lawyers with whom he has discussed the matter, but there are others who differ widely with him. One well-known lawyer, who is also a prominent politician and office holder, contends that the governor need not make an appointment before October 5, and that the appointee can hold over for two years until the next election. Even if this be possible it is certain that Governor Candler would not do it. In speaking of the matter yesterday he said:

"While this opinion is held by a well-known lawyer, I would not think for a moment of doing so. The people's rights in the matter must be considered, and they should certainly be allowed to express their choice.

"My own opinion is that it will be incumbent on me to make an appointment to fill the vacancy and that an election will have to be held for the new term. I have wired the attorney general to come to Atlanta, as I want to get his opinion before taking any action."

Following is the section bearing on the question of appointment to vacancies in the supreme court:

"In case of any vacancy, which causes an unexpired term, the same shall be filled by executive appointment, and the person appointed by the governor shall hold his office until the next regular election and until his succesor for the balance of the unexpired term shall have been elected and qualified. The returns of the said special election shall be made to the secretary of state."

Hopkins Not a Candidate.

Judge John L. Hopkins, whose name has been mentioned as a probable candidate for Judge Lewis' place, has written The Constitution an emphatic denial. He says that under no circumstances would he allow the use of his name and would not accept the appointment if tendered him.

All during the day Governor Candler was busy receiving friends of various aspirants for the justiceship. He explained to all of them that he had not accepted Judge Lewis' resignation and would not do so until a later date, to be determined by his conference with Attorney General Wright.

Among the candidates now in the field are Judge John S. Candler, who made his formal announcement yesterday; Judge William R. Hammond and Judge Gober, of Marietta. Several other well-known lawyers are spoken of as possibilities, and they may enter at any time. Among these are Judge Joel Branham, of Rome, and Judge Howard Van Epps. The only candidate who has gone actively to work is Judge John S. Candler, who has opened offices in the Temple court, where he is receiving his friends.

Hines Out of the City.

In some quarters the name of Judge J. K. Hines is mentioned as a populist candidate for election. Judge Hines was out of the city yesterday and just what significance this rumor has could not be learned.

If, after consulting with the attorney general, Governor Candler is convinced that he should make an appointment at an early date, it is scarcely probable that he will name any of those whose names have been mentioned for election.

Hon. Hiram P. Bell, of Forsyth county, former state senator, was at the capitol yesterday in conference with Governor Candler. It is said that he contemplates making the race for the judgeship of the Blue Ridge circuit in the event of Judge Gober's resignation or election.

Judge Gober was in the city for a short while yesterday. In answer to a question he stated he had not determined what he would do, and did not know yet whether he would enter the race or not. "I have not been doing any talking," is all Judge Gober would say.

COMMITTEE MEETS TONIGHT.

Will Begin Arrangements for 1,000-Mile Trip in Interest of Trade Extension.

R. T. Conley, chairman of the committee appointed to arrange for the 1,000-mile trip for trade extension, has called a meeting of the committee at 8 o'clock tonight at the Kimball house.

The committee is composed of R. T. Conley, D. O'Dougherty, J. R. Nutting, Louis Ghelstin, Clyde King and W. H. Kiser. This committee will tonight begin arrangements for the trade extension trip.

The trip is to be made in the interest of Atlanta jobbing houses and will consume about six days. During the time it is expected that fully 1,000 miles will be covered.

OLD HATS CLEANED
Reshaped, fall styles, Bussey, 28 Whitehall st.

$12.00 Atlanta to Old Point Comfort, Va., and return. Tickets on sale Sept. 11, good ten days, via Seaboard Air Line railway, via Richmond or Portsmouth.

NEGRO ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Was Hunting with Companion When He Was Slain.

Macon, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—This afternoon at 5 o'clock Harrison Simpson and John Edmondson, two negroes, went into a field just beyond the southern limits of the city to shoot bull bats with a shotgun.

Simpson says he did not know the gun was loaded, and accidentally pulling the trigger the gun fired and the load entered the side of Edmondson. He fell to the ground and died in a few minutes.

Simpson came to police headquarters and gave himself up, and declared that the killing was an accident. He said Edmondson was his best friend.

MISS BLANCH ST. ELMORE,
DETROIT, MICH.
Supreme Organizer Ladies of Honor.

1825 Vinewood Avenue,
DETROIT, MICH., Feb. 13, 1902.

For seven years I did not know what it was to be well. At that time I slipped and fell, straining myself inwardly. I paid little attention to it at first, but soon I found that I had habitual backache and a peculiar sick feeling at my stomach. The right side of my bowels ached and if I was on my feet a couple of hours at a time I would give out completely. I began coughing and thought I was getting consumption but the doctor told me this was on account of my weak condition, that I was in reality troubled with falling of the womb. My menstruation was very irregular. Sometimes it would stop for two or three months and again I flowed so much there was danger I would flow to death. I now became convinced that the doctors could not help me and as I saw an advertisement of your Wine of Cardui I decided to try it. It brought me quick relief, the nausea stopped, my appetite improved, gradually my pains stopped and I felt how my entire system was being renewed. I have now been a well and happy woman for over a year, thanks to Wine of Cardui.

Blanch St. Elmore.

IT is little wonder Miss St. Elmore was discouraged in the search for health. There is hardly a physician who would hesitate to call such a case chronic and incurable. But Wine of Cardui has cured thousands of such cases. To cure sickness of seven years' standing the treatment must be thorough. Wine of Cardui, to regulate the menstrual flow, begins at the fundamental principle—that of allowing the poisonous waste to be discharged naturally and healthfully. This removes all irritation and inflammation. Wine of Cardui brings relief as a mild aid to Nature in removing the causes of sickness. The proper flow of the menses relieves the blood of impurities and allows pure blood to build up and strengthen the afflicted organs and ligaments. Her physician's treatment failed to accomplish anything but temporary relief, while after taking Wine of Cardui Miss St. Elmore has had a year of health and happiness—the cure was quick and permanent. This great remedy, Wine of Cardui, is for you as well as for her. It is for you to decide whether you will take it. Could you follow better advice than this clear, simple letter, written by this lady of prominence—this leader among women interested in the welfare of her sex? Many women envy her position in the fraternal world. No woman can fail to want her health. You may have it by taking Wine of Cardui as she did. Ask your druggist for a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui and accept nothing else.

WINE of CARDUI

Seaboard has provided special Pullman sleepers for Old Point excursion September 11, and reservations should be made at once.

MORPHINE
Opium, Laudanum, Cocaine and Liquor habits permanently and painlessly cured at home. No detention from business. Action immediate. Leaves patient in natural, healthy condition without desire for drugs. Write for particulars. DR. LONG CO., ATLANTA, GA.
Cure Guaranteed for $10.

A. C. GRANT & CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
[SUCCESSORS TO RANDALL]
2½ Auburn Ave., Corner of Peachtree St.
Portraits or Groups, any size, taken in Studio or at your residence.
COPYING, CRAYONS, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS AND GROUPS.
FINISH FOR AMATEURS, BUTTONS, ETC.
Advertising Work of Every Description Will Receive Prompt Attention.

Tailoring

For swell dressers we have in our Tailoring Department (3rd Floor), a special showing of rich, exclusive and the most stylish designs from the best foreign mills, goods imported by us specially for our tailoring customers.

We've the most expert cutters and tailors and in placing your order with us you may be sure that you will secure the best tailoring securable anywhere.

We will be pleased to have you call and look at our fabrics whether you wish to place an order now or not.

Hats

The fashionable hatter sets the fashion, we set the price. Derbys and soft hats of same shape, same quality, same everything—except the price—$3 and $4 here, $5 at the agency places.

Ask to see the "Eiseman Select" in either Derby or soft hat, $4.

Full line of Stetson Hats and other standard makes.

Mail orders filled satisfactorily.

Sole Agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

EISEMAN BROS.,
(OUR ONLY ATLANTA STORE)
11, 13, 15 and 17 Whitehall St.
EISEMAN BROS. Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. EISEMAN BROS. Baltimore, Md.
The largest men's and boys' outfitting establishment in the south.

Patterson-Garner.

AN ideally pretty wedding was that of Miss Birdie Duval Patterson and Dr. James Ryan Garner, which was celebrated last night at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Patterson, on Peachtree street. The beautiful ceremony was performed with impressiveness by Rev. Mr. Byrd, assisted by Rev. Mr. Spalding, and a reception followed, when congratulations were extended by the fifty guests or more, who included only relatives and intimate friends.

The marriage was solemnized in a front drawing room, which was all in white and green. The frieze of wild smilax, continued throughout the lower floor, was especially effective in this apartment against the white walls, and smilax traced a graceful design upon all the white woodwork. The mantel was almost hidden with ferns and vases of white carnation peered out from among them. The background for the ceremony was formed by masses of tall, thick foliaged ferns, and overhead there was a parasol of white carnations and maidenhair ferns, from the handle of which hung a big bouquet of carnations.

The bride passed with her father from the stairs through an avenue of ribbons to the waiting bridegroom, his best man, Mr. Ben Lee Crew, and the officiating ministers. She was pronouncedly lovely in her bridal array, the white gown and veil being most becoming to her blond type. Her gown was a graceful and beautiful one of cream white crepe de chine, elaborately fashioned with rose point lace, chiffon and dainty hand work; her long veil was adjusted with a diamond sunburst, the gift of the groom, and her bouquet was of lilies of the valley.

Preceding here, Miss Ellie Patterson, the maid of honor, entered. She was notably pretty in pink silk mull over pink silk, and the young ladies who were ribbon bearers, Misses Aline Patterson, Mabel Stilson and Jennie Gray, were a charming group in white chiffon dresses with pink sashes. The other ribbon bearers were Mr. Will Hurt, Dr. Dorsey and Mr. James Sledge. Little Miss Silvey Speer, who carried the cushion for the bride, was daintily dressed in white. Mrs. Patterson wore a handsome white lace gown over white.

The bridal table seated the ten members of the bridal party. The center of the large renaissance lace table cover was hidden by an oblong centerpiece of pink carnations, out of which issued an epergne of carnations ,and from the chandelier hung a large loose bouquet of the same fragrant flowers. The silver candelabra were shaded with pink, and at each cover, instead of place cards, there were boxes of wedding cake tied with white ribbon that held in place sprigs of orange blossoms. An elegant supper was served. The rest of the dining room was artistically decorated with foliage plants and pink carnations, and these same decorations were continued with elaboration in the reception rooms, the library and the large square hall. An orchestra played the wedding music and a programme during the reception, and punch was served by Misses Sallie Brown Connally, Julian Perdue and Marie Gress.

After their return from their wedding trip Dr. and Mrs. Garner will be at home on Baltimore place.

Gramling-Rodgers.

THE marriage of Miss Stella Lois Gramling and Mr. Carlos W. Rodgers, of Savannah, was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Lois J. Gramling, on South Pryor street.

The wedding was an unusually pretty home celebration, the impressive ceremony being performed by Rev. H. C. Hammond.

The house throughout was artistically decorated with palms, ferns and pink and white roses; this combination of colors being carried out in every detail of the wedding. In the drawing room, where the ceremony was performed, the decorations of smilax and tall palms were especially effective. The bridal party entered with the sweet accompaniment of the Mendelssohn wedding march, played by Miss Gertrude Weekly, pianist, and Mr. Dave Silverman, violinist. The attendants were Miss Maud Anderson, of Talladega, Ala.; Miss Virginia Ellison, Mr. George E. Gramling, of High Springs, Fla.; Mr. R. H. Crichton, of Savannah; Miss Lula Wootten, maid of honor, and Mr. W. R. Lang, of Sandersville, best man. Little Miss Ruth Rodgers, sister of the bridegroom, preceded the bride, carrying a large white rose, in which was hidden the wedding ring.

The bridesmaids wore fluffy gowns of white chiffon and lace with sashes of green ribbon and bouquets of pink carnations and the maid of honor wore lace over green and her bouquet was of white carnations.

The bride was pretty and charming in a going-away gown of blue cloth, tailor made, with hat to match, and she carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and maidenhair fern.

After the ceremony a reception was enjoyed by a large number of guests and a delightful supper was served. The bridal table was beautiful with its centerpiece of pink roses resting upon a mirror that was inclosed in a wide circle of smilax and the candelabra were shaded in pink.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers left at 5 o'clock for a wedding trip among the mountains of North Carolina and they will be at home in Savannah after October 1.

Camp-De Lapierre.

A PRETTY and quiet wedding was that of Miss Ruby Camp and Dr. William Preston DeLapierre, which took place yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock at the home of the bride on Ivy street.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. W. W. Landrum in the presence of a few relatives and intimate friends. The bride's gown was of pale gray lawns-down, elaborately trimmed in point lace with a touch of green on the bodice. She carried a shower bouquet of white carnations tied with tulle streamers.

After the ceremony the guests were entertained at a delightful reception, the house being elaborately decorated with palms, smylax and cut flowers. Garlands of white and pink roses and tulle were festooned over the doorways and windows, and tall vases of roses were placed with pretty effect about the rooms.

The bride, who is the only daughter of Mrs. Ella Camp, is one of the prettiest young women in the city and quite a talented musician.

Dr. DeLapierre is a prominent and wealthy citizen of Hoschton, Ga., where he and his bride will make their home.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN CALVIN G. BROOKS, OF FORSYTH, GA.
A Popular Couple Whose Wedding Occurred Yesterday. As Miss Eura Hill Woodruff, Mrs. Brooks Was a Popular Belle of Porterdale, Ga.

Misses Waldo to Entertain.

MISSES MAY AND NANCY WALDO will entertain the "Jesters and Jokers" on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock at their home on Pine street.

Six-handed euchre will be played by the guests and at the close of the game a delightful salad course will be served. Punch will be served during the game by Miss Mamie Miller.

Those who will be present include Miss Mary Deas Tupper, Miss Josie Lu Williford, Misses Bessie and Martha Woodward, Misses Grace and Lula Callaway, Miss Lepphart, Miss Mary Thomas, Miss M. A. Phelan and Miss Alice Steele.

To Miss Gresham.

Miss Fannie Gresham, of Charlotte, will be the guest of honor this morning at one of the most delightful parties of the week—a card party and luncheon at the Driving Club, to which the hostess, Mrs. W. A. Speer, has invited twenty young ladies.

Tacky Party.

A most enjoyable occasion was the tacky party given by Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Whitley at their attractive home on West Fair street Tuesday evening. The prizes were won by Miss Elodie Daniel and Mr. Bass Flury, a box of candy and a pair of hose. Refreshments were served.

The guests were Miss Beulah Jones, Miss Maud McCowen, Miss Essie McCowen, Miss Victoria McCowen, Miss Nora McCowen, Miss Kate Bennett, Miss Eva Ray, Miss Pearl Ray, Miss Lena Whitley, Miss Emma Whitley, Miss Katie Whitley and Miss Bessie Jewel; Mr. Tom Flury, Mr. J. T. Moore, Mr. Lester Thames, Mr. Sam Cruice, Mr. Alley White, Mr. Claud McCowen, Mr. John Crumley, Mr. Cliff Hudson, Mr. P. E. Rogers, Mr. J. A. Middleton, Mr. Ezra Cowhorn, Mr. John McCowen, Mr. Earl DeNice, Mr. Fred Whitley and Mr. W. F. Jenkins.

Young People Entertain.

A delightful entertainment of young people was given last Tuesday evening by Dr. J. L. E. Brantley, of No. 606 South Pryor street. There was music and refreshments, as well as the latest games. The house was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Among the guests present were Misses Annie Jones, Stella Gilbert, Valentine Christian, Maud Tinney, Mary Lou Dodson, Mamie Bankston, Lillian Lathrope, Katie Fennell, Marie Mortellz, Aline Lathrope, Lena Tinney, Timpy Bankston, Hunter Gilbert, Jennie Mortellz, Lilly Burgess, Florence Aline, Nellie Brantley and Florence Talbird; Messrs. Plemon Bevel, Joe Fennell, John Tinney, Clifford Daniels, Virgil Burgess, Clark Dockstader, Charlie Gilbert, James Graham, Quill Brantley, C. R. Dempsey, Dr. J. J. Brantley and Dr. J. L. E. Brantley.

Meetings.

The regular monthly meeting of the members of the Home for the Friendless will be held this morning at 10:30 at the home.

A very important meeting of the Sheltering Arms Association will be held this morning at 10 o'clock with Mrs. H. E. Harman at 85 Merritts avenue.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Relief Corps will be held at Grant park Thursday, September 4, at 3 p. m. Every member is urged to be present.

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will hold regular meeting Thursday afternoon, September 4, in Knights of Pythias hall, Kiser building. Business of importance. All members urged to be present.

On Thursday night, September 4, there will be a social reunion of the members of the Universalist congregation at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, 274 Washington street. There will be an informal programme of entertainment, and light refreshments will be served. The committee urge a full attendance upon the first gathering since the vacation season.

There will be a meeting of the Atlanta South Side W. C. T. U. this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the Adkins house, 35 Auburn avenue.

Flanders-Norwood.

Perry, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—This morning at 10 o'clock Miss Nell Norwood and Mr. George P. Flanders, at the home of the bride's parents in Perry, were united in marriage, Rev. J. W. Simmons officiating. Miss Norwood is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Norwood. The bridal party left at 11 a. m. via Georgia Southern and Florida railroad for their home at Scotland, Ga.

Brown-Badger.

Aiken, S. C., September 3.—(Special.)—Mr. C. D. Brown, of Atlanta, was married tonight to Miss Daisie Badger, an accomplished and popular young lady of this city. A number of friends from Atlanta accompanied the groom. The bride and groom left for Atlanta tonight, followed by the good wishes of their many friends in Aiken.

Social Items.

Mrs. A. W. Calhoun and Miss Susan Calhoun are at Lithia for several days.

***

Captain Haskell is spending a month with his family at Fairfield inn, Sapphire, N. C.

***

Miss Frances Carter has returned from a visit of several months on the coast of Maine.

***

Mrs. R. H. Bewick and family have returned from Lithia Springs.

***

Mr. and Mrs. John Hill have returned from a trip to Canada.

***

Judge and Mrs. Henry Tompkins are expected home today from Magnolia, Mass., and New York.

***

Miss Rebecca Raoul leaves soon for Bolingbroke.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Thrower have returned from Montreal.

***

Miss Isabel Daniel, who has been the guest of relatives on Capitol avenue, has returned to her home in Nashville.

***

Miss Mary Stewart is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Robert King, 55 Hurt street, Inman Park.

***

Miss Harriet Calhoun entertained a few of her young friends Tuesday afternoon in compliment to Miss Mary Lou Phinizy, of Athens.

***

Among the visitors in Atlanta for the Gramling-Rodgers wedding last night are Mr. W. R. Lang, of Sandersville; Miss Julia J. Green, of Marietta; Mr. G. E. Gramling, of High Springs, Fla.; Mrs. S. G. Lang and daughter, of Sandersville; Miss Fannie May Tibbs, of Savannah, and Mr. R. R. Crichton, of Savannah.

***

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Herrington, with their little daughter, Jettie May, have returned home after an absence of two weeks on a pleasure trip to New York and the east.

***

Mrs. J. R. King and Miss Louise King have returned to their home in New York.

***

Mrs. Carrie Born has returned to the city after spending the summer in Watkinsville.

***

Mrs. Eunice Winston has returned to her home in West Point after spending the summer in Atlanta and Marietta.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Paine have returned from the White.

***

Dr. and Mrs. S. D. Warnock will leave Friday for Chicago and Milwaukee.

***

The dinner which was to have been given last evening by Dr. Meador Goldsmith in compliment to Miss Alice Barker and Dr. Craig Barrow has been postponed until next week.

***

Mrs. J. M. High has returned from Athens.

***

Mrs. J. T. Quillian, of Harmony Grove, Ga., is in the city spending a few days with the families of Rev. H. M. Quillian and F. A. Quillian.

***

At the card party given yesterday morning by Miss Helen O'Brien the first prize, a pretty water color, was won by Miss Dugas and the second, a silver belt pin, was drawn by Miss Josie Lee Williford.

***

Miss Bessie Moore leaves next Tuesday for Lucy Cobb.

***

Miss Sadie Smith, teacher of English in Young Harris college, and Miss Jessie De Jarrett, of the primary department, left last Monday for the college, where they will resume their duties.

***

Miss Florence Stevens, of Plainfield, N. J., is the guest of Miss Viola Bacon. Miss Stevens is a talented artist and an unusually attractive young woman.

***

Miss Mary Deas Tupper leaves next Tuesday for Athens, where she enters Lucy Cobb.

***

Mr. James Swift, of Elberton, is in the city for a few days.

***

Mrs. A. L. Blackman has returned from the north and is at the Grand.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Mills and Charles Mills, Jr., are at the Cooledge for a few days on their return from Blowing Rock.

***

Mrs. Paul Clements has returned from Asheville.

***

Miss Cornelia Clark, of New York, is spending several weeks with Miss Fannie Collins.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Will Collins and Mr. Joseph Raugh have returned to New York.

***

Miss Pearl Sammes, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Miss Minnie Ashburn.

***

Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy Rogers left last night via Savannah for New York and Asbury Park. Before returning home they will also visit relatives in New Haven, Conn.

***

Mrs. Victor B. O'Driscoll, of Charleston, S. C., has returned from Marietta, Ga., where she has been visiting her

***

Mr. Henry L. Roan, of Columbus, Ga., is in the city.

USEFUL ANYWHERE.

A Way To Prevent Car Sickness.

A gentleman describes how he prevents car sickness. He says: "About one year ago I took a trip to California for my health. I had always suffered greatly when traveling and have been unable to eat ordinary food. A friend who knew this advised me to take Grape-Nuts with me, and I purchased a number of packages.

During the entire journey of five days I ate nothing but Grape-Nuts prepared with milk and sugar, and I gained strength steadily and suffered no illness whatever, besides at the end of the journey I found to my delight that I had gained five pounds in weight.

I consider Grape-Nuts the best food in the world; it keeps perfectly, is not bulky and is easily digested, is strength-giving and far preferable in every way to ordinary food." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There is one sure way to prove whether or not Grape-Nuts does rebuild and strengthen the brain. Try it ten days or two weeks. Thousands know it does, from actual experience, but everyone should make the trial himself.

COUNTY RATE MAY BE 5.20

Not Fixed Yesterday, But That Is the Figure Which Is Counted On.

COUNTY TO BORROW $20,000 TO MEET URGENT EXPENSES

Commissioners Declined To Pay Claim for Property Destroyed in Pittsburg Riot— Commissioners Attended a Barbecue.

The board of county commissioners failed to fix the county tax rate for the fiscal year 1902 yesterday, owing to the absence from the city of Commissioner E. B. Rosser.

The matter was referred to the finance committee, and that body will fix the rate within the next few days. Chairman Forrest Adair will then call a special session of the board for the purpose of ratifying the rate.

Chairman Adair stated to the board that he believes the rate can be made $5.20 on $1,000. This will be a reduction of 86 cents from the rate of last year, which was $6.06. This would make a combined state and county rate of $1.05 on the $100. The rate will be figured on a statement of the finances of the county prepared by Clerk Henry M. Wood.

Chairman Walter R. Brown, of the finance committee, reported that it would be necessary for the county to borrow $20,000 with which to meet the expenses of the past month and the board instructed the committee to borrow that amount. The county will have to continue borrowing until the taxes begin to come in.

Cannot Pay Riot Claim.

County Attorney L. Z. Rosser reported that the county had no authority to pay the claim of G. D. Young for household goods burned in the Pittsburg riot. Young some time ago filed a petition with the board for damages and the matter was referred to the county attorney.

A committee of citizens appeared before the board in the interest of a chert pavement on Piedmont avenue from Sixth to Fourteenth street. That portion of the street is at present paved with rubble stone. A. H. Bancker acted as spokesman for the committee. The matter was referred to the public works committee with power to act.

A petition was also read asking for the improvement of a road from the Exposition cotton mills bridge to the crossing in front of Van Winkle's shop. The road leads to the Brady union stock yards, and the improvement is desired in the interest of the yards. A committee composed of Major T. B. Brady, General A. J. West and Mel R. Wilkinson appeared before the board to urge the work. This matter was referred to the public works committee with power to act.

A report was also read from the county attorney to the effect that the county cannot recover from the contractors for the defective plastering in the new court house annex. The board instructed the public buildings committee to have the plastering repaired at the expense of the county.

Attended a Barbecue.

At the conclusion of the meeting the commissioners attended a barbecue at the river, tendered them by citizens of Bolton in honor of the completion of the work on the Marietta road. Clerk Henry M. Wood and several county officials and others were also present, and everybody enjoyed the affair greatly.

The party proceeded to the end of the electric car line at Howell's station on cars and was there met by a committee of citizens of Collins district with carriages. The trip from that point to the river was then made over the new road, giving the commissioners an opportunity to inspect it.

Dr. W. C. Fisher, the county physician, and W. R. B. Whittier, president of the Whittier cotton mills, had charge of the 'cue. The commissioners present were Chairman Forrest Adair, Captain Clifford L. Anderson, Judge H. E. W. Palmer and Hon. Walter R. Brown. Clerk Wood received the blue ribbon as the heartiest eater in the crowd. The barbecued meats and liquid refreshments, in the shape of buttermilk and beer, were plentiful and the 'cue was voted the best cooked one ever given in Fulton county.

The Marietta road has been paved with crushed rock from the end of Marietta street to the river and is now one of the best roads leading out of Atlanta. It is one of the best pieces of work ever done by Superintendent Thomas Donaldson in Fulton county.

The Saving of a Few Cents on a bottle of Vanilla Extract will not atone for the annoyance of having dessert that is "just a little off" in flavor. Always buy Burnett's.

A chance of a life time to visit Old Point Comfort, Va., $12.00 round trip; tickets on sale Sept. 11, good ten days, via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Central of Georgia Railway's Excursion Returning to Savannah, September 5.

Those desiring parlor car space on the special excursion train returning from Atlanta to Savannah 8:30 a. m. September 5, can secure same by calling at No. 16 Wall street. W. H. Fogg, traveling passenger agent. 9-3-4

"A SPECKLED BIRD."

We have plenty of copies of Augusta Evans Wilson's latest book to supply the demand in and out of Atlanta. John M. Miller Company, 39 Marietta street.

aunt, Mrs. John D. Easterlin, and is now the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnson, on Peachtree place.

***

Mrs. M. E. Fitzpatrick and daughter, Mary Gresham Fitzpatrick, of Union Springs, Ala., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Gresham, 96 East Cain street.

***

Mrs. E. M. Henny is visiting Mrs. A. S. Thomas on Bass street. She will return to her home in Charleston, S. C., soon.

***

Mr. Harry Snook is in New York on business. He will return next week.

***

Miss Antoinette Blount will entertain at cards this afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Ida Lee Hill, of Washington, Ga.

***

Mrs. Rice and Miss Ada Scott Rice left for their home in Nashville this week. Miss Rice is the talented society editress of The Nashville American.

***

Miss Carrie Kirtly has recovered from her recent indisposition.

***

Mrs. William Austell is spending a part of this week with Colonel and Mrs. John W. Aiken, of Cartersville.

***

Misses Jane and Fannie Kellogg returned yesterday from a pleasant visit to Winder.

***

Mrs Charles Smith and little daughters are in Greenville, S. C.

***

Miss Eugenia Rucker has returned from Newnan, Ga.

Better Known, Better Liked,
—the Gas Range. It lessens labor and improves the cooking.
ATLANTA GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

All Need Them

We have safe-deposit boxes for the use of administrators, guardians and trustees of societies. The expense is nominal—three dollars a year and upward.
TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA,
First Floor,
Equitable Building.

DANDRUFF
Positively Cured at your Home.
Falling Hair and all affections of the Hair and Scalp positively cured only with my scientific treatments, specially prepared for each case. Full information with book free. Call or write, JOHN H. WOODBURY D. L., 26 W. 23d, New York.

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MONEY ORDERS
for all your Small Remittances, by mail or otherwise.
Sold on all points in the United States, Canada, and on Havana, Cuba.
CHEAP AND CONVENIENT.
NO APPLICATION REQUIRED.
A receipt is given and money will be refunded if order is lost.
Sold at all agencies of the Southern Express Company at all reasonable hours.
RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

	CENTS		CENTS
Not over $ 2.50	3	Not over $102.50	85
" 5.00	5	" 105.00	85
" 10.00	8	" 110.00	38
" 20.00	10	" 120.00	40
" 30.00	12	" 130.00	42
" 40.00	15	" 140.00	45
" 50.00	18	" 150.00	48
" 60.00	20	" 160.00	50
" 75.00	25	" 175.00	55
" 100.00	30	" 200.00	60

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SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY
which operates on 27,000 miles of first-class railroads, with connections with other companies, to all points accessible by express.

Established in 1857.
Peter Lynch,
95 Whiteh all St.,
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos.
Also at 7 W. Mitchell st. Dealer in Hardware, Guns, Pistols and Ammunition, Garden and Field Seeds, Shoes and Rubbers, Boots. Just received a lot of Fresh Turnip Seeds, Bush and Cornfield Beans, Ear Corn for midsummer planting, &c., &c. Millville—Mason and Mason Improved and Woodbury Fruit Jars, half gallons, quarts and pints, also fixtures extra for any of these Fruit Jars. A perfect variety store, as usual. Terms Cash. 150 spirit barrels, half barrels, 15 and 10 and 5 gallon kegs for sale.

E. G. Willingham & Co.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds and Inside Finish.
Quick delivery and moderate prices have won for us a good business. We handle every article required to construct a building.
E. G. Willingham & Co.
Office, Factory and Yards: Corner Nelson St. and Madison Ave.
PHONE 1020.

Special train via Southern Railway to Old Point Comfort, Va., 1:00 p. m., Thursday, Sep. 11. $12 round trip; tickets good ten days.

How time flies!

Here it is Sept. If you have your own ideas about what your boy should wear—you will find your ideals here.

If you are looking for something better than usual, you'll find we've anticipated your wishes. Norfolks, sirdars, sailors, vestees, regular double breasted suits and three-piece knee pants suits. We also show a splendid line of odd knee breeches from 50c up. Good ribbed stockings at 15c and 25c a pair. School shoes at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50. Caps, hats, ties, shirts and shirt waists, underwear—in short, everything a boy wears, from Head to Foot.

EISEMAN & WEIL,
The Daylight Corner.
1 Whitehall Street,
School Suits Worth from $3.50 to $.750.
Reduced this week to $2.50 to $5.00.

Special vestibuled train of Pullman Sleepers and coaches will leave via the Southern Railway, Sept. 11, for Old Point Comfort. Round trip $12.00; tickets good ten days

Mrs. Rosa F. Monnish, M.D.
DISEASES OF WOMEN
Twenty years' experience. Has removed her offices to her new residence, 349 Peachtree street, corner Forrest avenue.
Bell 'Phone 1343; Standard 827.

HOTEL EMPIRE.
BROADWAY AND 63d ST., N. Y. CITY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
RATES MODERATE.
Excellent Cuisine — Modern
Efficient Service — Exclusive
Extensive Library — Accessible
Orchestral Concerts Every Evening.
All Cars Pass the Empire.
From Grand Central Station take cars marked Broadway and 7th Ave. Seven minutes to Empire.
On crossing any of the ferries, take the 9th Avenue Elevated Railway to 59th st., from which it is one minute's walk to hotel.
Send for descriptive Booklet.
W. JOHNSON QUINN, Proprietor.

A MOST ATTRACTIVE SUMMER RESORT.
NEW YORK CITY.
HOTEL GRENOBLE,
7th Ave. and 56th St.
Unsurpassed location, opposite Carnegie Hall, within three blocks of Central Park. A cool, quiet home for families. MODERN—FIREPROOF—SELECT. Broadway cars pass the door and connect for all points of interest. EUROPEAN PLAN. Special Summer Rates. Rooms with Bath, $1.50 per day and upward. A. E. DICK, Proprietor. Manager Tampa Bay Hotel, Tampa, Fla. Also Proprietor of Long Beach Hotel. Special Rates to guests from the Southern States.

When You Come to Chicago Stop at the
SHERMAN HOUSE
Corner Randolph and Clark Streets.
Rooms $1.00 upwards. Refurnished and redecorated. Fireproof. Large, airy and comfortable rooms. Centrally located, near all depots, street cars, L roads and theaters.
Popular Price Restaurants.
Sherman House Hotel Company, Chicago, Ill.

Hotel Bienville,
MOBILE, ALA.

ROOMS:
$1.00 and up.
$1.50 with bath and up.
Large Sample Rooms.
Restaurant and Buffet
New European Hotel.

NECKWEAR

As Usual

There's something new To be seen here today.

We've just placed on sale in our new store the most magnificent line of neckwear that we've ever had the pleasure of showing.

Men's scarfs, with character, style and originality that bespeaks so forcibly the name of the maker, who is looked upon as the most artistic creator of men's neck dressing in the trade today.

Ascots, Imperials, Four-in-hands, Tecks and Bats, in every conceivable shape, color and design that's new.

From Fifty Cents—on.

Daniel Bros
1 to 5 Peachtree,
(On the Bridge.)

Chas. W. Crankshaw
JEWELER
Has Moved to 37 Whitehall St.

ATLANTA GETS WORST OF STORM

Yesterday's Blow and Rain Were Not General in Georgia.

NO RAIN FELL IN SAVANNAH

High Winds and Driving Rain Believed To Have Caused Some Damage to Open Cotton in the Track of the Storm.

Present indications point to fair weather today and slightly cooler.

Tuesday away up in Montana there arrived the first killing frost of the season. This low temperature after cooling things very decidedly in the northwest created atmospheric disturbances that indirectly were responsible for the storm that came down upon Atlanta yesterday. All of which you could follow with great interest if you had seen the weather maps for the two days, with the red and blue pencil marks of Forecaster Marbury describing climatic conditions and temperatures from Miles City, Montana, to Tampa, Fla., and from the woods of northern Maine to the arid deserts of Arizona.

While rains were more or less general in the southeastern states, Atlanta seemed, according to reports last night, to get the lion's share for Georgia. No rainfall was recorded in Savannah and very little in Augusta. Chattanooga, just across the northern line, also escaped with little more than a summer shower. New Orleans, Mobile, Birmingham and Atlanta were in the line of storm and the rainfall in the cities to the west was rather heavier than that which fell here.

It started to rain in Atlanta at 12:28 o'clock and lasted until 3:30 o'clock with a total register of .91 of an inch. By far the greater portion of this downpour fell within ten minutes' time.

The velocity of the wind was the highest since the blow of August 19. For five minutes the wind blew from the south with the velocity of 40 miles an hour. This rate of speed is designated in the regulations of the weather department as a "gale" and "dangerous to sailing vessels."

The local temperature before the storm was 86 degrees, falling during the blow to 65 degrees, a drop of 21 degrees. Afterwards it grew warmer again and at 7 o'clock last evening registered 71 degrees. While yesterday's rainfall puts the first three days of September .49 of an inch in excess of the normal for that period, it still leaves a deficiency of 8.08 inches in the average rainfall for the year since January 1.

Those in a position to be worried were glad to learn from the local weather bureau that the storm was not general throughout the state, as it is believed that the high wind and driving rain would cause considerable damage to open cotton in the matter both of discoloration and by beating down the plants and filling the bolls with grit.

To please our patrons, the American public, is our aim. Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne. It has the quality.

NEIGHBORS HAD HER MOVED.

Negro Woman Lived Among White People and Caused Trouble. Created Much Disorder.

The police were called last evening to take part in a row which grew out of an effort of white people to have a negro woman moved away from their neighborhood. The white citizens claimed that the woman was objectionable, not only because of her color, but because she was a daily source of trouble and disorder. The woman claimed that it was only because she was black and that her white neighbors sent for an officer. She is the only negro in the neighborhood.

Officer Tibbs made the call. He went to No. 75 Rock street, where the woman has been living, and found her there with a 14-year-old negro girl.

It was reported to the officer that the woman had just given the girl a severe beating and but for the interference of the white neighbors she would have beaten the child to death.

On finding that she was to be arrested, Lulu Herren, the negro woman complained of, became furious. She began to curse the people who had complained of her, the police and the white race generally.

It was all the officer could do to handle the woman alone without using force. The woman was handcuffed and sent to the police barracks in the patrol wagon, where a case of disorderly conduct was booked against her.

At the police barracks Lulu stated that she was a victim of race prejudice.

"The white people were just mad," she said, "because I was able to rent a house as good as theirs. I had as much right to live there as they did and they have told all sorts of tales on me to get me to move. Yes, I whipped that daughter of mine because she wouldn't stay at home, and I'll whip her again if she does not mind me."

Officer Tibbs states that a petition has been signed by the white neighbors asking the chief of police to make the woman move from the neighborhood.

"She was one of the most disorderly characters I have had to deal with," said the officer, "and I thought at one time that I would have to use considerable force to place her under arrest."

COMMITTEE REPORTS A 30-YEAR FRANCHISE

THE committee on electric lights yesterday submitted to council a proposed ordinance granting the Atlanta Electric Company a thirty-year franchise for a new electric light and power plant. The paper was held up until the next regular meeting of council, that the members of the general body might familiarize themselves with the proposed terms before being called upon to take final action. The ordinance seeks to require a percentage tax on gross receipts of the company in the same ratio as that applied to the Georgia Railway and Electric Company, except that this tax does not become operative until 1905, thus giving the company two years in which to build its plant.

The proposed ordinance in full is as follows:

Be it ordained, by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, as follows:

Section 1. That the Atlanta Electric Company, its successors and assigns, shall have, and it and they are hereby granted the right, power, consent and permission to open the streets, avenues, alleys and public places, or such of them as it may from time to time deem necessary or proper, within the close or inner district of fire limits of the city of Atlanta and to lay, maintain and use therein conduits, ducts, wires, conductors, cables, insulators, man-holes and all necessary appliances and connections, and, further, to use the streets, alleys and public places as, from time to time, it may deem proper or necessary without the close or inner district of fire limits, for the erection of poles and the stringing of wires, cables, insulators, and all necessary appliances or connections for the business and purpose of conveying, using, conducting, supplying and distributing electrical current or electricity for light, heat or power, for public or private use, for and during the term of thirty years from and after January 1, 1903.

Sec. 2. That the rights, privileges and grants herein contained are made for the consideration and upon the terms and conditions following, to-wit:

(a) Said electric company, its successors and assigns, shall and is bound, and by the acceptance of this grant obligates itself, to pay on or before the first Monday of July of each year, beginning with the first Monday of July, 1905, into the treasury of the city of Atlanta the following percentages from the gross amounts received by said company, its successors and assigns, from charges and tolls received from or on account of the sale or supply of electric current for light, heat or power, to-wit: for the first three years beginning with the first Monday in July, 1904, and ending first Monday in July, 1907, 1 per centum per annum of said receipts; for the twenty years following the period just named, beginning with first Monday in July, 1907, and ending with first Monday in July, 1927, 2 per centum per annum; and, thereafter, 3 per centum per annum of said receipts; provided, however, that the receipts upon which the above percentages are to be calculated shall be confined to and upon business done within the limits of the county of Fulton and to such business done by said Atlanta Electric Company without the limits of the city of Atlanta as comes into competition with Georgia Railway and Electric Company or any other company located within the limits of the city of Atlanta that does business without said limits, and upon the gross receipts of whose business there is fixed a percentage charge by the ordinances of the city.

(b) The mayor and general council shall appoint or provide for a committee or board to make examination of the books and records of said company to ascertain the amount due from said gross receipts, and to make report thereof to the general council on the first Monday in July of each year on and after first Monday in July, 1905; and said company shall also on or before the first Monday of July annually during the same period file a statement of said gross receipts, sworn to by an officer of the company. Said statement and report shall cover the twelve months preceding each July at which said reports and statements are made.

(c) The payment of the percentage of gross receipts above provided for shall be in lieu of specific occupation, license, excise or special taxes not included in the levy of ad valorem taxes, and in full of all such demands or charges by the city, except ad valorem taxes and charges for paving repairs, and whatever shall be at any time required or exacted on any of said accounts, or any account other than ad valorem taxes and paving charges and repairs, shall operate to reduce to that extent the amounts due from the percentages above provided for.

(d) The terms of this ordinance shall be accepted by the Atlanta Electric Company by formal action spread upon its minutes, copies thereof to be filed with the clerk of council, and the provisions of this ordinance are not to be effective until so accepted. This acceptance shall be filed as above provided within thirty days after the approval of this ordinance.

(e) Before any street, alley or public place is broken, or any work done in pursuance of this ordinance at any time, said company, its successors or assigns, shall notify the city electrician or the board of electrical control, naming the street or alley they desire to use, and shall furnish to said officers detailed drawings and specifications of same, and the material used in the execution of said work, and the actual location and execution of the work shall be done under the supervision of the board of electrical control and the city engineer and subject to their approval, and when any of said work is located or executed without the consent of said officers, or same is condemned by said officers, such work shall be removed at the expense of the Atlanta Electric Company.

(f) All pavements, sidewalks, curb stones, streets, alleys or public places, or any portion thereof, disturbed or displaced in laying, altering or repairing said subways, conduits, connections, or any other manner by the Atlanta Electric Company shall be replaced or restored by the commissioner of public works at the expense of the Atlanta Electric Company.

(g) The Atlanta Electric Company, its successors and assigns, shall fully protect, indemnify and save harmless the city of Atlanta of and from all damages to water mains and of and from all damages to persons or property caused by the open trenches or man-holes, or the erection of poles or other work incidental to the construction and operation of the grants herein made, for unsafe condition of streets, alleys or public places from the laying of conduits, ducts, tubes, connections or other disturbances thereof, for which the city would otherwise be liable, or on account of which judgment may be rendered against the city of Atlanta, and before entering upon any of such work said company shall give bond to this end, with a good and solvent security, to be approved by the mayor, in the sum of $25,000, and shall give other and additional bond and security from time to time when required by the mayor and general council.

(h) Said company, its successors and assigns, in laying, establishing, maintaining and using their system of underground conduits or overhead construction, and in the conduct of business of electric lighting, heating and power in the city of Atlanta, shall submit and are subject to all laws, ordinances, reasonable rules and regulations by the city of Atlanta, or by its appropriate departments, which have heretofore been or shall hereafter be enacted by the mayor and general council on the subject of underground conduits, ducts, wires, manholes, overhead wires, for the regulation and control thereof.

(i) And the city of Atlanta reserves the right, and the Atlanta Electric Company agrees thereto, from time to time, or at any time the mayor and general council may deem necessary and proper, to require said company, its successors or assigns, to take down and remove all or any part of its poles, wires and overhead construction and place said wires under the ground upon such conditions as the mayor and general council may require, and said company, its successors and assigns, shall furnish and maintain to and for the city, on demand, one duct in each and all conduits constructed by it for municipal purposes, free of charge, or in and fro mthose conduits that may hereafter be laid without the fire limits as herein provided.

(j) The said Atlanta Electric Company shall file with the clerk of council, within sixty days, in writing, their acceptance of this grant, and shall file with the mayor, within ninety days, a bond in the sum of $25,000, to be approved by him, for the faithful carrying out of the provisions of this ordinance.

(k) And the city reserves the right and the said company agrees thereto, to string wires along each and every pole erected and used by the Atlanta Electric Campany, its successors and assigns for its own purposes and also to grant the privilege to other or similar companies or enterprises, to string wires along the poles erected under this grant by the Atlanta Electric Company, provided such other companies or enterprises shall pay adequate compensation to said electric company for the use of said poles. The wires so strung by the city shall be for municipal purposes, and there shall be no charge therefor by said company for the use of said poles by the city as herein provided.

(l) And the city further reserves the right, and the said electric company agrees thereto, to change the location of conduits, poles, man-holes and each and every electrical construction herein provided for, so as to allow other or similar companies or enterprises or the city to use the streets of the city for the same or like purposes; provided, where the said changes are made or ordered by the city on application of any other or similar enterprises or companies, such appliteants shall pay all the expenses appertaining to such changes, no charges, however, to be made for changes ordered by the city to accommodate its own purposes.

(m) And the rights, permissions and grants herein made are upon the further condition that the Atlanta Electric Company, its successors and assigns, shall have no right or power, nor does this ordinance authorize said company, to sell, assign or transfer said rights, privileges and grants, or any part thereof in advance of the construction and completion of the proposed system of underground conduits or overhead structures, as authorized in section 1 of this ordinance, and the operation of same as a competitive lighting, heating or power system, nor at any time subsequent to its completion as a system, without first obtaining the consent of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta.

Sec. 3. The Atlanta Electric Company shall begin the erection and construction of some part of its permanent structure within six months from the date of the approval of this ordinance, and shall complete its works within and without the city within twenty-four months from the date of the approval of this ordinance, to the extent that it shall by that time be prepared to furnish electrical current in such quantities as same may be used for commercial purposes.

PEG-LEG WAS ON A JAG AND HE WANTED A BED

A TALL white man wearing a suit of seedy clothes and an old black slouch hat, hobbled into police barracks last night about 8 o'clock on one shaky leg, a walking stick and a wooden leg.

It was evident that he had been imbibing too freely.

"I want a place to lie down and sleep," he stated to the station sergeant.

"Where are you from, and where are you going, and why haven't you a home?" he was asked.

"The last home I had," he replied, "was when I was a boy 11 years old, in Vermont. I am on my way to Florida."

"A tramp?" queried the station sergeant.

"Well, I reckon you might as well call me that," was the reply. "I have no home, and walk about over the country trying to get—"

"Work?" interrupted the station sergeant.

"No," exclaimed the visitor. "I was about to say health. I haven't been well for twenty years, and I am always in need of a change."

"Ever been arrested?"

"Never in my life, and this is the first time I ever visited a police station. The truth is, I wouldn't have come here tonight if my old pegleg hadn't gone back on me."

"Broke?"

"Who, me or the peg-leg?"

"I mean the peg-leg."

"No, but somehow or other it doesn't stand liquor like it used to. You may laugh, but this peg-leg has saved me a lot of trouble. I drink sometimes—it's a fact—and whenever I got wobbly on my good leg the peg-leg stood by me. But lately it has gone back on me. Tonight I took a few drams and when I tried to walk I found that my peg-leg was wobbly, so I knew it was time to find a place to lie down. When my peg-leg gets so it can't stand liquor the jig is up with me."

"You don't think your peg-leg feels the liquor?" he was asked.

"That's just what I mean. The time was when it could stand a lot of the juice, but now it is a worse drunkard than my good leg."

"Here, take this fellow back and give him a bed," the station sergeant called to the turnkey; "and see that his peg-leg has a chance to sober up before morning."

NEGRO HAD RAILROAD MAIL.

Drunken Negro Found with Important Packages in His Possession. Worked for Southern Railroad.

Staggering along Peters street, a tall, black negro was seen last night about 8 o'clock with an armful of letters and bundles. Some of the letters had dropped in the mud and were wet and soiled.

The negro was arrested and the mail turned over to the station sergeant.

The negro gave his name as Ben Polk. He said he works for the Southern railroad. The letters held in his arms had been given him at the railroad office to mail. Some of the letters were very important.

The railroad officials were notified and the mail was sent for. Most of it will have to be rewritten and it is very probable that some of the letters were lost.

Polk is said to have been a faithful and trustworthy servant, and was never known before to drink to excess.

Seaboard Air Line Railway two hours shorter than any route to Portsmouth; $12.00 round trip, tickets good ten days.

SCROFULA

I bequeath to my children Scrofula with all its attendant horrors, humiliation and suffering. This is a strange legacy to leave to posterity; a heavy burden to place upon the shoulders of the young.

This treacherous disease dwarfs the body and hinders the growth and development of the faculties, and the child born of blood poison, or scrofula-tainted parentage, is poorly equipped for life's duties.

Scrofula is a disease with numerous and varied symptoms; enlarged glands or tumors about the neck and armpits, catarrh of the head, weak eyes and dreadful skin eruptions upon different parts of the body show the presence of tubercular or scrofulous matter in the blood. This dangerous and stealthy disease entrenches itself securely in the system and attacks the bone and tissues, destroys the red corpuscles of the blood when decay of the bones take place, resulting in white swelling, a pallid, waxy appearance of the skin, loss of strength and a gradual wasting away of the body.

S. S. S. combines both purifying and tonic properties, making it the ideal remedy in all scrofulous affections. It builds up and purifies the deteriorated blood, makes it rich and strong when all tubercular deposits are prevented, and a complete and permanent cure is soon effected. S. S. S. improves the digestion and assimilation of food, restores the lost properties to the blood and quickens the circulation, bringing a healthy color to the skin and vigor to the weak and emaciated body.

SSS

Write us about your case and our physicians will cheerfully advise and help you in every possible way to regain your health. Book on blood and skin diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

We are now open for business at . .

26 Whitehall St.

Essig Bros.,

Moved from 37 Whitehall.

Make your sleeping car reservations for Old Point Comfort Excursion, Sept. 11, at Southern Railway Ticket Office, corner Kimball House.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,

Jewelers,

NOW LOCATED AT

28 Whitehall St.

Architects and Contractors.

Gainesville, Ga., September 2, 1902.

On September 15, 1902, the mayor and council will contract with architects to make plans and specifications for a $20,000 school building and the contract to erect the building will be let as soon as the architect completes his work. Also at the same time solicit offers to make survey and lay out system of sewerage. Respectfully, P. N. PARKER, Mayor.

Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the 3d day of September, 1902, an ordinance was introduced and read, providing for the construction of a sewer along and in McAfee street, from Alexander street to Pine street, and along and in Pine street to Venable street. The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows: From Alexander street to Mills street of 8-in. vitrified pipe; from Mills street to Hunnicutt street of 8-in. vitrified pipe; from Hunnicutt street to Pine street of 8-in. vitrified pipe; from McAfee street to Venable street of 12-in. vitrified pipe; brick manholes and catch basins. Said sewer is to be built at an estimated cost of $899. Said ordinance will come up for final action at next regular meeting of council, to be held Monday, September 15, 1902, at 3 o'clock p. m. Said sewer is to be built in accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing 70 cents per lineal foot upon the property and estates respectfully abutting on said sewer, on each side of said sewer.

W. J. CAMPBELL, City Clerk.

Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the 3d day of September, 1902, an ordinance was introduced and read, providing for the construction of a sewer along and in West Hunter street from trunk sewer, near Lowe street, to Vine street. The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows: From trunk sewer to Maple street of 12-in vitrified pipe, from Maple street to Vine street of 10-in. and 8-in. vitrified pipe; brick manholes and catch basins. Said sewer is to be built at an estimated cost of $900. Said ordinance will come up for final action at next regular meeting of council, to be held Monday, September 15, 1902, at 3 o'clock p. m. Said sewer is to be built in accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing 70 cents per lineal foot upon the property and estates respectfully abutting on said sewer, on each side of said sewer.

W. J. CAMPBELL, City Clerk.

MEDICAL.

DR. JOHNSON'S "AFTER-DINNER PILL" Will keep You Well. 25 cents. Of Druggists or FREE SAMPLE. THE HOME REMEDY CO., AUSTELL BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

Dropsy Cured in 30 to 60 days. 10 days' treatment free. O. E. COLLUM DROPSY MEDICINE CO., 312-313 Lowndes Building, Atlanta, Ga.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

WE rent second-hand typewriters of all makes from $2.50 up per month. Wagner Typewriter Co., 39 N. Broad st.

TYPEWRITERS at $10 up, according to make and condition. All knocked out by the visible writing No. 4 Williams typewriter. Catalogues. Hardin Co., 78-80 Peachtree st. Largest dealers and best repairers south.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS, THE SIGN MAN, 2 1-2 N. BROAD. PHONE 509.

IRON BROKERS.

DEALERS in new, second-hand machinery, iron and metals. R. S. Armstrong & Bro., Foundry St. crossing, Atlanta.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

WANTED—The people of Georgia to know that we are offering Studebaker, Babcock, Continental and Brighton buggies, surreys and phaetons at lower prices than were ever offered by any one. The best place to buy your vehicles and harness is where you can get the best quality for the least money. Our vehicles are all guaranteed. Thrower Bros., 57 South Broad street.

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

SPECIAL sale of antique mahogany furniture, sideboards, bureaus, sofas, tables, chairs, etc. Entire lot at cost. Robison, 18 E. Hunter. 'Phone 1368.

School Books Bought and Exchanged.

SCHOOL BOOKS, new and second-hand. Largest stock and cheapest place in city. Books bought or exchanged. Ye Olde Booke Shoppe, 174 Peachtree, opposite Aragon Hotel.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—5-r. dwelling, on Larkin st., 2 rooms on back; alley, large lot, white settlement; block on Walker; big bargain. Call at 115 Whitehall st.

FOR RENT--139 Windsor Street.

This property is on the west side of Windsor street, between Richardson and Fulton streets. The lot is 50 by 200 and lies elevated. The building is a two-story seven-room frame, with gas, hot and cold water, bath closet, sink in the kitchen and sink in the pantry. This property is in a good neighborhood and in good repair, and has stable and carriage house. Electric cars one block away. Rent $25.00 per month.

We publish a weekly Rent Bulletin, giving full description of everything we have for rent. Call or send for a copy. We move tenants free.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE.
The Renting Agent, 50 North Broad Street.

WANT "ADS"

The Constitution is the unexcelled medium for Want advertisements.

It PAYS to let your wants be known in The Constitution.

If you have anything to sell let the people know it through The Constitution's Want columns, and you can sell it.

If you wish to buy anything, let your desires be known in The Constitution's Want columns, and you can get it.

Ten cents per line each insertion.

No advertisement received for less than the price of three lines.

Special discount given when advertisements continue in the paper for month or longer.

Will not guarantee classification of advertisements if received after 8 p. m.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent foreman for modern sash and door factory, employing 150 men. Apply to Enochs Lumber and Manufacturing Co., Jackson, Miss.

WANTED—Coat maker.
White barber.
Clothing salesman; experienced.
Experienced stock man for paper and stationery house.
Furniture refinisher.
Office boy.
Stenographer on small salary.
Stenographer at $75.
The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

WE DESIRE at once 6 young men to teach; $40 per month. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—One first-class stair builder and ten carpenters for inside finishing. Masonic Temple, Columbus, Ga. Apply immediately by wire to Algernon Blair, contractor.

PHYSICIANS wanted for an advertising specialist's office. Dr. H. O. Wells, Jackson, Mich.

WANTED—A bright, smart boy for office work; must be acquainted with business portion of city and write fair hand; good, permanent place for right kind of boy. Apply Southern Engraving Company, second floor Constitution building.

WANTED—Two first-class steam fitters for house heating. Wages $4 per day for 8 hours' work. Address Alabama Supply Company, No. 318 N. Twentieth st., Birmingham, Ala.

TRADERS' Investment Co., 712 Empire, wants you help borrow money from them on notes or real estate. 'Phone 1262.

WANTED—Persons, male or female, to do writing for us at home. Light, pleasant work and big pay. Particulars and outfit free. Address Eugene Row, Senoia, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Four talloresses.
Experienced dressmaker's helper.
Working housekeeper.
Experienced demonstrator.
The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

WANTED—Settled colored woman or girl to cook and assist with three small children with colored family. Call at once at No. 126 Edgewood ave.

SITUATION WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, A1, would like a position in office of good concern; can furnish very best references. Address W. H. B., care Constitution.

WANTED—Stenographer and typewriter desires position at once; best of references. Address Stenographer, Box 109, Chester, S. C.

EXPERIENCED prospector on gold and iron properties desires work. Joseph H Bell, 6 East Tenth st., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Position as traveling salesman; references A1, and hard worker. J. C., care Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Rooms.

SMALL, adult family want second floor, with bath, etc., in nicely located north side residence. State rent and all particulars. Address Kimball, care Constitution.

WANTED—Houses.

FURNISHED HOUSE—Completely furnished house, with stable, beginning October 1, for one year or part of year. Best of care guaranteed of furniture, etc. Address the principal. C. C. Adams, 605 Prudential bldg.

WANTED—Agents.

GOOD MEN wanted in every town to sell and take contracts, superintend the applying of the celebrated "A. G." Roof Coating. We furnish material and cash for labor; bond $200 required. T. C. McDonald, "A. G." Roof Paint Co. agency, 447 Central avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW boarders can be accommodated with rooms and board at 783 Whitehall street. Bell 'phone 2239.

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—Salesman traveling south to take line on commission. Address E. A. Constine, Richmond, Va.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

TYPEWRITERS at $10 up, according to make and condition. All knocked out by the visible writing No. 4 Williams typewriter. Catalogues. Hardin Co., 78-80 Peachtree st. Largest dealers and best repairers south.

OILS, dressings, polish, hoof remedy, chamois skins, sponges, bargains at D. Morgan's, 119 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—Ribbed goods machinery in A1 condition, producing 275 to 300 dozen ladies' goods per day. For particulars address P. O. Box 1069, Amsterdam, N. Y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to loan, any amount. Edgar Dunlap, 212 Prudential bldg.

[illegible]IAL home funds to lend; any [illegible]unt; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 61-2 South Broad.

MONEY to lend on real estate from one to five years at 5 1-2 to 7 per cent; also repayable monthly; lowest possible expense. S. B. Turman, corner Broad and Alabama streets.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business 42 principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 8 West Alabama street.

MONEY to lend on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, 319-21 Equitable building, before borrowing.

WEYMAN & CONNERS, 525 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

ON DIAMONDS and jewelry; half rates; strictly confidential. Schaul & May, corner Peachtree and Decatur.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security; easy payments; call and see us. J. H. Kennedy, 723 and 724 Empire bldg.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 8 West Alabama st.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

WE BUY NOTES and make short time loans without delay. Oscar & Charles A. Davis, 15 Edgewood ave. 'Phone 603.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Second-hand candy machines; also 65 gallon jacket steam kettle; must be in good condition and cheap. Address Manufactory, care Constitution.

WANTED—A second-hand safe. State size, price and give full particulars. W., Constitution.

WANTED—A sound young horse suitable for delivery wagon. L. W. Rogers, 97 S. Forsyth.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A good second-hand small hand elevator. Address Box D, LaGrange, Ga.

SOUTHERN Engraving Co., Atlanta, conduct the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

STRAW HATS CLEANED, Panamas a specialty; also ostrich feathers cleaned and curled on short notice. C. H. Smith, millinery, 180 Peachtree.

HATS CLEANED while you wait. M. Kirschbaum, practical hatter and furrier, 11 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

CLOSING out lot home-made saddles, harness and lot whips, turf goods, saddlery, hardware. D. Morgan, 119 Whitehall.

WANTED—Sufferers to use Dr. Hammack's headache cure. Sure and harmless. 10c. Hammack's Pharmacy, Atlanta.

DON'T let the pests destroy your comfort; 1,000 mosquito nets only $1 each. P. H. Snook & Austin.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished house on Peachtree; eight boarders in the house; rent reasonable to right party. Address P. F., Constitution.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

A BUSINESS partner with from $3,000 to $5,000 to invest in a well established and good paying business in Atlanta; must be a thoroughly good business man and competent to manage the business during my absence from six to eight months each year. Address, stating age and experience, Box 24, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Equitable Loan and Security Company stock, class B. Address Cole, care Constitution.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PRESS clippings. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of all other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

LOST.

LOST—Child's gold rope necklace, with heart attached; will reward if returned to 49 Richardson st.

LOST—A $3 gold piece. Return and get reward. F. S. Cater, 27 Madison st.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

TWO furnished front rooms, all modern conveniences, for light housekeeping, reference. 236 Central ave.

STOVES—RANGES REPAIRED.

HAVE your stoves, ranges and furnaces put in good order before the winter sets in by F. M. Brotherton, 40 South Broad. All work guaranteed.

MEDICAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe. Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c, stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Phila., Pa.

LADIES—$1,000 reward. I positively guarantee my never-failing Ergo-Kolo Compound to safely relieve the longest, most obstinate case of delayed monthly periods in three to five days, without harm, pain or interference with work. Mail $1.50. Double Strength, $2. Write Dr. Southington Remedy Co., Dept. L, Kansas City, Mo.

GOPHER OIL.

USE as a liniment or ointment for everything. Active, strong, but harmless specific for burns, 25c and 50c at druggists. M. F. Game.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

SECOND-HAND material, old lumber, old buildings bought. Material Brokerage Company, 'Phone 3982.

REMOVAL.

BOLEY, Jeweler, has moved to 99 Peachtree. Diamonds reset; jewelry repaired. Watches cleaned, 50c to $5.

FOR SALE—Machinery.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools Richards Machine Co., 25 Peters street, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS.

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS now open in Atlanta over Brown & Allen's drug store, corner Alabama and Whitehall streets. You are invited to visit them. We will work for about cost of material the next fifteen days to introduce our crown work, bridges, fillings and sets of teeth. Call early and secure the best work known to the profession. N. Y. Dental Parlors, Lanier & Lanier, proprietors. Phone 1798.

THE Lanier Southern Busines College, Macon, Ga., is the largest and best equipped business college south. Phone 578, Macon, Ga.

DR. LANIER'S Atlanta Dental Parlors, corner Peachtree and Marietta streets, lead the south in fine work and low prices; $3.50 for a specimen gold crown, $4 to $10 for set of teeth. Phone 1534, Marietta and Peachtree streets.

TAILORING.

BEFORE ORDERING your fall suit see our thirty-dollar leader; real beauties. Gross Tailoring Co., 140 Peachtree.

FOR style, fit, workmanship, we lead. A trial will convince and save you money. Carroll Bros., opposite Aragon.

FOR RENT—Stores.

TWO STORES under Dixie hotel, Central avenue, $40 each.
3 stores on East Alabama street, about midway between Pryor street and Central avenue, $75 each.
Large five-story building, formerly occupied by Frank E. Block and by Eiseman Bros., suitable for manufacturing establishment or wholesale house, $500.
One store in Joseph E. Brown building, fronting on Wall street, $75.
One store near corner Wall and Central avenue, in Brown block, fronting Wall street, $100.
Also offices in Joseph E. Brown building and rooms and lofts suitable for cigar factories or light manufacturing in other buildings. Rents payable monthly. Apply to Julius L. & Joseph M. Brown, executors.

For Sale by S. B. Turman & Co., Real Estate, Renting and Loans, Cor. Broad and Alabama Sts. 'Phone 674.

W. PEACHTREE ST., 6-room cottage, nice lot, $4,500; easy terms.
Luckie street, close in on Luckie, we have a 10-room house, lot fronting 55 feet on Luckie street, $5,500.
4 brick flats, close in on north side, close to Peachtree street, renting for $1,920 per year, for $20,000.
Peachtree street, choice home, corner lot, close in, only $14,000.
West Peachtree. We have an elegant 2-story, 10-room house on this street with all modern improvements and the cheapest thing on the street for sale, at $8,750.
'Phone 674. Corner Broad and Alabama Streets.

E. D. Crane & Co., Nos. 43 and 45 S. Forsyth Street.

E. D. CRANE & CO. make the best harness.

E. D. CRANE & CO. are exclusive agents for Columbus Buggy Co.'s vehicles.

E. D. CRANE & CO. handle the "Old Hickory" and Owensboro work wagons.

E. D. CRANE & CO. show the prettiest line of runabouts.

E. D. CRANE & CO. carry the largest stock of vehicles and harness in this city.

E. D. CRANE & CO. offer lowest prices and sell most of them.

E. D. CRANE & CO. put on the highest grade of rubber tires.

EVERYBODY knows us. E. D. Crane & Co., 43 and 45 South Forsyth st.

SCHEDULES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, Union Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Jonesboro	6 15 am	*Jonesboro	6 25 am
*Savannah	7 26 am	*Savannah	7 50 am
*Jonesboro	8 15 am	*Macon	12 10 pm
*Macon	11 20 am	Jonesboro	12 20 pm
Jonesboro	2 15 pm	*Macon	4 05 pm
Jonesboro	5 40 pm	Jonesboro	3 45 pm
Savannah	4 15 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
Macon	8 00 pm	*Savannah	9 00 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only.		Following Trains Sunday Only.	
Jonesboro	8 55 am	Hapeville	9 00 am
Hapeville	10 45 am	Jonesboro	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville	7 30 am	Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 15 pm
Memphis	11 45 am	Memphis	4 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	Marietta	5 30 pm
Nashville	7 30 pm	Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Montgomery..	11 40 am	Montgomery....	5 30 am
Selma.....	7 30 pm	Montgomery....	1 05 p

COTTON CONDITION ESTIMATED AT 64.

70 or 72 Were Figures the Trade Had Been Expecting.

CAUSED A RAPID ADVANCE

Left Off Firm 23 to 30 Points Higher—Corn Advanced on Cold Weather Reports — Other Markets Followed. Stocks Active.

New York, September 3.—The cotton market opened firm with prices 3 to 6 points higher and following the call for a time continued to work steadily upward in the face of unsatisfactory cables from Liverpool and reports of further rains in the cotton belt—notably, in the central and eastern divisions. The chief supporting factor was the belief that the September government report, due at midday, would show a much lower condition of the crop than heretofore reckoned with. Liverpool was not tardy in responding to the firmness here, and Europe contributed a goodly number of buying orders believed to be for covering purposes. While there were reactionary movements later in the morning from time to time, the general course of the market was upward with Wall street a strong and enthusiastic buyer of the winter months. Trading was exceptionally active throughout the early session. The general impression was that the government would give an average condition of 70 or 72, as against 81.9 last month, and 71.4 last year. At 12 o'clock the advance was 10 to 14 points with the tone strong. Then came the announcement—'64. Wasnington"—and instantly the whole market in rapid motion shot upward, with the shorts panic-stricken. Wall street bulls pressed their advantage and the public was an eager buyer. Speculation was by active all the rest of the day, and despite flurries of profit taking with slight reactions the general ruling of the market was strong with November at one time 31 points above the close of yesterday. The close was firm and net 23 to 30 points higher. Total sales were estimated at 700,000 bales.

The special government rainfall bulletin gave showers to good rains over the central and eastern belt, but the drought-stricken western districts remained dry and hot. The fact that Texas reported a condition of 53 and Alabama a condition of 54, with conditions since the report was made up unfavorable to the crop in those states, led to flat predictions for a short crop. Near the close local shorts were greatly disturbed by claims that Liverpool will tomorrow advance more than the 5 to 6 points due, owing to a probable stampede of the European shorts. The report that President Roosevelt had been seriously injured in a trolley car accident made only a temporary effect upon the market at midday. The late telegrams from the south reported advances in spot cotton of ⅛ to ¼c.

New Orleans Market Reviewed.

New Orleans, September 3.—During the first part of the day there was very little business transacted in the market for spot cotton. Neither buyers nor factors showed much disposition to trade, pending the receipt of the government monthly report. When reports was read placing the condition at 64—an unprecedentedly low level—factors at once advanced their prices. Sales 3,700 bales, including 1,200 to arrive. Quotations advanced ¼.

In the contract market bureau day is always exciting, no matter to what extent the trade may previously discount government utterances, and today was no exception to the rule. Between the call and the receipt of the bureau report there was considerable covering by shorts and buying for the long account, and prices moved back and forth feverishly over a varying range of about 7 points, standing at 11 a. m. 10 to 11 points above last evening's closing record. At this level came the bureau report, which astonished operators on either side. Prices at once shot up about 20 points and for a time the market was wildly excited, but with the first paroxysm over, matters quieted down rapidly, the market closing steady at net advances from yesterday's prices of 17 points on September, 25 on October and 27 to 28 points on the other months.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 8 9-16c.
Liverpool—Firm; middling 5 1-16d.
New York—Steady; middling 9¼c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 8⅝c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 8⅜c.
Galveston—Easy; middling 8 9-16c.
Norfolk—Firm; middling 8¾c.
Mobile—Steady; middling 8¼c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 8½c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 8⅝c.
Charleston—Firm; middling 8¾c.
Houston—Steady; middling 8¾c.
St. Louis—Steady; middling 8 9-16c.

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
September	8 54	8 75	8 52	8 75	8 74-75	
October	8 46	8 65	8 43	8 62	8 61-62	
November	8 35	8 63	8 35	8 62	8 62-63	
December	8 43	8 64	8 40	8 64	8 63-64	
January	8 42	8 64	8 41	8 63	8 63-64	
February	8 32	8 52	8 32	8 52	8 52-53	
March	8 33	8 54	8 32	8 53	8 52 53	
April	8 38	8 56	8 38	8 56	8 53-54	
May	8 36	8 55	8 35	8 55	8 54-55	
June						
July						
August						

Futures closed firm.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday	18812	980	1650	18309	161227	236360
Monday	16953	10666	6144	15788	168195	
Tuesday	23381	9651	572	3632	186283	235520
Wednesday	13766	11334	3348	4050	191371	241688
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	73112	41434	11514	39779		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

September	8 46	Nov'm'r	8 46
October	8 46	April	
November	8 45	May	
December	8 46	June	
January	8 47	July	
February	8 46	August	

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, September 3—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, business moderate; prices firm; middling uplands 5 1-16; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,100; speculation and export 500; receipts 3,000; American 200.

Futures opened easy.

	Opening	Closing
September	4 53 64	4 56 Sellers
September-October	4 42 64	4 46 Sellers
October-November	4 36 64	4 40 Sellers
November-December	4 33 64	4 35 Sellers
December-January		4 35 Sellers
January-February	4 31 64	4 35 Sellers
February-March	4 30 64	4 34½ Sellers
March-April	4 30 64	4 34 Sellers
April-May	4 29 64	4 34 Sellers

Futures closed feverish

Movement at the Ports.

New York, September 3.—Cotton steady; sales 1,285 bales; middling uplands 9¼; gulf 9¾; net receipts 50; gross 331; stock 57,265.

New Orleans, September 3.—Cotton firm; sales 3,700 bales; middling 8⅜; receipts 2,056; stock 42,555.

Galveston, September 3.—Cotton easy; middling 8 9-16; sales 2,400; receipts 3,685; stock 36,861.

Mobile, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; sales 200; receipts 237; stock 3,316.

Savannah, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 8⅜; sales 485; receipts 6,050; stock 31,621.

Charleston, September 3.—Cotton firm; middling 8¾; sales 100; receipts 904; stock 3,534.

Wilmington, September 3.—Cotton firm; middling 8¼; receipts 1,404; stock 10,530.

Norfolk, September 3.—Cotton firm; middling 8¾; sales 9; receipts 73; stock 2,520.

Baltimore, September 3.—Cotton nominal; middling 9; stock 1,000.

Boston, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 32; gross receipts 270.

Philadelphia, September 3.—Cotton firm; middling 9¼; stock 1,790.

St. Louis, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 8 9-16; stock 11,656.

Memphis, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 8½; sales 150; receipts 167; shipments 683; stock 5,891.

Augusta, September 3.—Cotton firm; middling 8⅝; sales none; receipts 1,531; stock 8,058.

Houston, September 3.—Cotton steady; middling 8¾; sales none; receipts 6,973; last year 3,336; stock 14,783.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, September 3.—Early Liverpool advices were up to expectations, but our market nevertheless opened 11 to 13 points higher in anticipation of a very bad monthly bureau report. Subsequently, however, many sold to realize, occasioning a break of 4 to 5 points from the top. About this time considerable nervousness was exhibited, until the issuance of the bureau report, which was so sensationally bullish that for a moment operators were dumbfounded. A reaction immediately set in and prices were quickly advanced 16 to 24 points from the bottom. At the highest level the taking of profits occasioned easiness, which was only of temporary duration, as fresh buying caused steadiness, making the net gain 17 points on September, and 25 to 28 on the other months. The bureau makes the general average condition 64 per cent, as compared to 71.4 per cent last year; a drop of 7.4 points under last year, or 10 per cent less. If this same ratio were to continue during September it would indicate, according to the bureau, an outturn of only 9,630,000 bales. This is naturally a sensationally bullish report, and the trade cannot accept these figures on their face. Nevertheless, it is argued that making due allowance for exaggeration, the present outlook seems to be unfavorable. Consequently, as the world believes that the consumption of American this year will be 11,000,000 or over, the chances are that spinners may become frightened, with the bullish sentiment prevalent, and another bull season may be on the cards. Therefore, summing up the situation, it looks, for the moment, as if cotton is a purchase on all periods.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, September 3, 1902.

Stations of Atlanta District and State of Weather.	Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta, cloudy	88	70	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	78	69	.30
Columbus, cloudy	93	70	.00
Gainesville, cloudy	92	69	.13
Greenville, part cloudy	87	62	T.
Griffin, part cloudy	95	70	.00
Macon, clear	90	70	.00
Monticello, clear	96	68	.00
Newnan, cloudy	89	69	.00
Rome, cloudy	91	70	1.17
Spartanburg, clear	91	65	.00
Tallapoosa, cloudy	94	68	.35
Toccoa, cloudy	89	69	.60
West Point, part cloudy	92	73	.06

HEAVY RAINFALLS.

Natchez, Miss.	2.24
Port Gibson, Miss.	1.74
Waynesboro, Miss.	1.50

Central Stations.	No. of Stations Reporting.	District Averages. Maximum Temperature.	Minimum Temperature.	Rainfall (inches and hundredths).
Atlanta	14	90	68	.14
Augusta	11	92	68	.00
Charleston	5	86	70	T.
Galveston	30	90	72	T.
Little Rock	13	88	68	.00
Memphis	15	84	68	.14
Mobile	9	90	72	.72
Montgomery	10	92	70	.16
New Orleans	13	90	72	.48
Oklahoma	11	82	56	.04
Savannah	12	92	72	T.
Vicksburg	13	86	72	.78
Wilmington	10	88	70	.10

T. indicates inappreciable rainfalls.

Remarks—Rain has fallen in the central portions of the belt in moderate to copious amounts, being generally heavy in Mobile and Vicksburg districts. Showers have occurred in parts of the eastern and western belt, mostly light and scattered. The temperature rose slightly yesterday in the eastern districts and has fallen slightly in the west.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 3.—Dry goods market closes with a stronger tone following the government's report on the cotton crop. Buyers have been anxious to purchase ahead, and sellers less willing to accept orders at current prices. No open change in quotations. Woolen goods are firm with a fair demand.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 3.—The bureau report of 64 is the worst ever issued in the month of September, and if true will cause an advance in cotton beyond any price recorded in recent years. If proved incorrect, as was the estimate of last season, it will lead to a rapid change in the methods of the department. We have expected a very bullish report for the past week, as the crop was undergoing deterioration from the lack of rain. The condition, however, is reported as lower than anyone anticipated, and it may bring the spinners of the world into the market as buyers. After the report was issued the feature was the heavy selling of March by brokers supposed to represent a bull party. Outside buying increased, but not in the volume expected. Strangely, the south was not a heavy buyer.

Weil Bros.' Crop Letter.

Opelika, Ala., September 2.—As usual, during the month of August, complaints of deterioration of the cotton crop have again been reported from all sections, and while they may be, in a great many instances, grossly exaggerated, there is no possible doubt but that the crop has suffered during the entire month for the lack of rain, and very little, if any, crop has been added during this month.

During the last few days of August we have had throughout this section good, soaking and general rains, and these, combined with the rains had about two weeks previously, have kept the plant green. Some of the late crop has again commenced fruiting, but these are isolated instances. The plant is taking on a second growth and it will depend entirely upon the conditions from now on what showing this new crop will make, as the season is rather late and the date of frost will have all to do with it.

Taking the crop as a whole we find that we have an average bottom crop, hardly any middle crop and the top crop is a possibility. These conditions do not only apply to our immediate section, but also over the entire state of Alabama as well as Georgia. Crops are very much spotted and it will take the most favorable seasons and an unusually late fall for these two states to make within 10 per cent of what was made last year. At present the yield points to a decrease of about 15 to 20 per cent from last year. The hot and dry weather had almost during the entire month of August has caused the plant to mature very quickly, and we therefore have to report the earliest season we have had in years.

The planters are not rushing their cotton to market as rapidly as they have done in previous years, but all the cotton has been readily absorbed, not only by local mills, but also by the eastern and southern spinners, and Europe has also come in for its share. The stocks held in the interior towns are extremely light, but we look for heavy receipts from now on, especially if we have clear and warm weather.

The power of spinners from all sections at present seems to be to buy from hand to mouth. While the orders are plentiful, for this time of the year, they are all in small quantities and for time shipments, but we look for quite an active demand for the next few weeks to come.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 3.—The market opened 1 to 6 points higher for cotton, Liverpool advances being fully up to expectations and the absence of confirmatory reports of rains in Texas making shorts rather nervous pending the bureau report, due at noon. Receipts promised to be heavy, but this made no impression on the early market, where further news of deterioration was coming in by mail and wire, especially from Texas. The early weath bulletin indicated no rain over nt,:: except to a small extent at Vicksburg, Montgomery and Charleston. Firms who have been hesitating have been wheeling into line since the crop has failed to make the headway looked for; in fact, the August drought has been such that the conclusion reached by best people is that anything more of a crop than will be required is out of the question, and probably less will be made. During the first half hour prices rose 5 to 10 points on local covering and Wall street buying, which more than offset Liverpool selling. Liverpool closed 7 points higher and this helped to advance New York 12 to 14 points at the close of the first hour. The south was a heavy buyer, especially New Orleans, and when the bureau figures were announced at noon the market showed 10 to 15 points net advance. The bureau figures of 64, against 81.9 last month and 7.14 last year, caused general surprise, being much lower than expected even by bulls. Prices further advanced at a rapid rate and shorts were demoralized. Port receipts 14,000; last year 11,000.

From Theodore H. Price.

New York, September 3.—I take this means of answering hundreds of telegraphic inquirers reaching me from all over the country in regard to the cotton market. It is impossible for me to reply to them individually. The report of the United States government, issued today, in regard to the cotton crop, indicates a condition of 64, which is the lowest on record for September. It is, and has been confirmed and foreshadowed by all other reports, public and private, for the past three weeks. The most optimistic construction that it is possible to put upon the government report does not justify the expectation of a crop of 10,000,000 bales of American cotton. The world consumed during the year just ended 11,000,000 bales of American growth, and in order to make this supply suffice, reserves everywhere are practically exhausted. For the coming season the world will require, conservatively estimated, about 11,250,000 bales of American cotton. There is then a theoretical deficiency between the maximum supply and the minimum demand of at least 1,250,000 bales. An actual deficiency is commercially unthinkable. The price must go to a figure that will check consumption. This price is by no means reached as yet. America has a practical monopoly of cotton production. Peoples reigns universally throughout the world. Industrial and commercial enterprise is unchecked and expanding. Next to food stuffs cotton is the most important and necessary staple consumed by civilized society. I think it entirely probable that before any effect upon consumption is apparent cotton will be selling at 10 a pounds in the south, and the full advance will stop there. If the producers of the article are wise they will demand and obtain that figure. THEODORE H. PRICE.

The Metal Market.

New York, September 3.—Great weakness developed in tin in the home market today, coupled with a decline amounting to 40 points, which makes a perpendicular drop of 1½ within two weeks in the price of the spot article. Even at the present level, consumers are taking only what they require from day to day. The primary reason given for the break today was the heavy offerings in the Far Eastern markets, which influenced a sharp decline at London and, in turn, the New York market. The English market broke 10s for spot, which closed at £123 and £1 2s 6d for futures, closing at £123 2s 6d. The local market closed at 27.60@27.10.

Copper locally was dull and weak, but not much lower, standard spot closing at 10.70 @11.50; lake 11.30@11.60; electrolytic 11.20 @11.35; casting at 11.20@11.35. The London price was lower—£78 5s 0d spot closing at £51 13s 9d and futures at £52.

Lead was unchanged in both markets, here at 4¼ and abroad at £10 18s 4d.

Spelter remained steady and unchanged. London quoting £19 7s 3d and New York 5.50.

Domestic iron markets ruled quiet and firm and without change. Warrants nominal. No 1 foundry, northern, $23@25; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22@23; No. 1 foundry, southern, $22@23; No. 1 foundry, southern soft, $22@23. English markets were quiet, Glasgow closing at 57s 6d and Middlesboro at 53s.

St. Louis, September 3.—Lead firm at $4.92½. Spelter firm at $5.25.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, September 3.—Cattle: Receipts 18,000, including 6,000 Texans and 7,000 westerns. Good steady to slow; good to prime steers $8@8.05; poor to medium $4.25@7.50; stockers and feeders $2.50@5.25; cows $1.50@5.50; heifers $2.50@6; canners $1.50@2.50; bulls $2.50@5.25; calves $3@7.25. Texas steers $3@4.50; western steers $3.75@5.75.

Hogs—Receipts 23,000. Market 10 to 15c lower; mixed and butchers $7.20@7.75; good to choice heavy $7.50@8.05; rough heavy $7.15@7.40; light $7.25@7.65.

Sheep—Receipts 22,000. Market lower; good to choice wethers $3.50@4; fair to choice mixed $2.50@3.50; western sheep $2.50@3.75; native lambs $3.50@6; western lambs $3.75@5.25.

Kansas City, September 3.—Cattle: Receipts 11,000 natives and 3,000 Texans; calves, 869 Texans and 900 natives. Corn fed cattle steady; calves, western, steady to lower; quarantine active and steady; choice export and dressed beef steers $7.20@8; fair to good $4 @7.15; stockers and feeders $2@5.10; western fed steers $4.40@5.75; Texas and Indian steers $2.50@4.05; Texas grass cows $2@2.90; native cows $1.50@4.50; native heifers $2.25@3.45; canners $1@2.15; bulls $2.25@3.55; calves $2@5.25.

Hogs—Receipts 4,989. Market 5@10c lower, heavy $7.60@7.75; mixed packers $7.40@ 7.52½; light $7.40@7.60; pigs $6.50@7.40.

Sheep—Receipts 11,601. Natives steady; westerns weak; native lambs $3.25@5.60, western lambs $3@5.25; native wethers $3.40 @4; western wethers $2.90@3.95; fed ewes $3.40@4.20; Texas clipped yearlings $3@3.85; Texas clipped sheep $2.90@3.25; stockers and feeders $2.90@3.

St. Louis, September 3.—Cattle: Receipts 6,000, including 4,500 Texans. Market slow and steady to strong; native shipping and export steers $6@7.85; dressed beef and butchers' steers $4.75@7.15; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.60@5; stockers and feeders $3.50@4.75; cows and heifers $2.25@5.50; canners $1.75@ 2.75; bulls $2.50@4.50; calves $3@5.75; Texas and Indian steers $2.75@5; cows and heifers $2.60@3.40.

Hogs—Receipts 5,500. Market 10c lower; pigs and lights $7@7.40; packers $7.40@7.60; butchers $7.55@7.80.

Sheep—Receipts 2,500. Market 10@15c lower; native muttons $3.50@3.75; lambs $4.50 @5.50; culls and bucks $2.25@4.50; stockers $1.50@3.50; culls and bucks $2.25@4.50; stockers $1.50@3.50; Texans $3.35@4.

Available Supply Changes.

New York, September 3.—Special telegraphic and cable communications received by Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies compared with last account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 808,000; afloat for and in Europe increase 2,100,000. Total supply increase 2,908,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 423,000.

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Every Facility for Transacting a General Banking Business. Accounts Solicited. Letters of Credit. Travelers' Checks.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, September 3.—The course of the stock market today was in marked contrast to that of yesterday in that it was governed largely by different influences, although Reading and some of the other coalers were again well to the fore. Opening with a renewal of the previous day's bullish enthusiasm and strength, the list received what at first threatened to be a serious setback on early news of the accident to the presidential party. Rumors were more or less conflicting, and the list underwent a general recession. As soon as the extent of the disaster became known the market recovered the greater part of its strong undertone, but for a time there was a marked decrease of operations. Later, however, the early activity was resumed, and the day as a whole was the largest in volume of the present season. The last hour witnessed an extraordinary spurt in Pennsylvania, that stock selling up to 168¾, a net advance of 5 points on transactions involving over 100,000 snares. The advance in this stock was accompanied by rumors crediting the road with control of Reading. Another reason advanced in explanation of Pennsylvania's strength was the rather good showing made in the company's report for the first seven months of the year. Net earnings on the lines directly operated by Pennsylvania for the period named show an increase of over $2,500,000, while the company's lines west of Pittsburg and Erie show an increase of more than $1,500,000. Interest continued to center largely in Readings, and the common opened with a material advance on heavy transactions. The gain was almost entirely wiped out as soon as the Pittsfield incident became known. Subsequently, however, the stock more than recovered its loss, selling up to 78½, closing at 76½, and registering a net gain for the day of more than a point on transactions aggregating over 285,000 shares. The other Reading issues, on moderate trading, made fractional gains. There were no material changes in the other anthracite stocks except in New Jersey Central, which lost 4 points. In the soft coal group Norfolk and Western was the feature, the stock scoring a substantial gain on fairly heavy trading. Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, on very light transactions, made a net gain of over 6 points, and Chesapeake and Ohio, in which operations were quite extensive, also closed at a material advance. Labor Commissioners Wright's report was regarded as distinctly favorable to the miners. The trading in Reading had every indication of competitive buying, and reports of a triangular contest involving Pennsylvania, Morgan and Gould interests, were prevalent. Pennsylvania's sharp advance toward the close, already referred to, gave color to these rumors, but nothing tangible came from any authoritative quarter.

The bond market continued very active and showed some irregularity on profit taking. Total sales, par value, $4,185,000.

United States bonds unchanged.

Total sales of stocks today 1,498,600 shares, including Atchison 36,600; do. preferred 11,600; Baltimore and Ohio 59,200; Chesapeake and Ohio 73,600; Chicago Great Western 5,400; Erie 32,700; Illinois Central 23,900; Manhattan 32,700; Mexican National 8,400; Missouri Pacific 76,400; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 9,200; do. preferred 5,000; New York Central 48,200; Norfolk and Western 51,900; Ontario and Western 8,000; Pennsylvania 108,700; Reading 288,300; do. first preferred 19,500; do. second preferred 16,000; St. Paul 38,200; Southern Pacific 58,400; Southern Railway 28,000; Texas Pacific 27,600; Union Pacific 3,100; Amalgamated Copper 54,200; Colorado Fuel 18,600; People's Gas 15,200; Republic Steel 7,600; Sugar 8,900; Tennessee Coal 15,300; United States Steel 7,000.

Money on call firm at 4½@6 per cent; closing bid and asked 5@5½; prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent.

Sterling exchange $4.86 625@4.86.75 for demand and at $4.83.875@4.84 for 60 days; posted rates at $4.85½@4.87½@4.88; commercial bills $4.83½.

Mexican dollars 41c.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds irregular.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last sale.	Closing bids.
Amalg. Copper	69	70¾	69	69¾	69¼
Am. Sugar Refin'y	132¼	133¼	132	132¾	132½
Atchison	96¼	96⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
do. preferred	105¾	105¾	104¾	105	105
Am'n Car Foundry	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¼
do. preferred					91
Am'n Cotton Oil					50
Brooklyn R. T.	68¾	69	68¼	69¼	69¼
Baltimore & Ohio	116¼	116½	115¼	116	115¾
do. preferred					95¼
C., C., C. and St. L.	106¾	107	106¾	107	106¾
Canada Southern	90¼	90½	90¼	90½	90¼
Col. Fuel and Iron	81¾	81¾	79	80¾	80¾
Ches. and Ohio	56¾	57¼	56	57	57
Consolidated Gas	224	225	224	224½	224½
Del. and Hudson	181	181½	180	180¾	179¼
Erie	43	45¼	42¼	42¾	42¾
do. first preferred	71¾	71¾	71¼	71¼	71¾
General Electric	197½	197½	196	196	196¼
Great Western	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¼	34¼
Illinois Central	172	173½	171¾	173	172¾
International Paper	20	20	19¾	19¾	19¾
Jersey Central	184	184	183	184	184
Kans. & Tex., pref.	68¾	68¾	68¼	68¼	68¾
Louisville & Nash.	154¾	154¾	153¾	153¾	153¾
Missouri Pacific	117¾	119¼	117¼	118¾	118¾
Manhattan	136	137¼	135¼	136¾	136¾
Metropol. Traction	147	148¾	147	148	147¾
New York Central	164¾	166¾	164¼	166¾	166¾
Northwestern					239
National Steel	24¼	25	24¼	24½	24¼
Norfolk & Western	74½	78¼	74½	77¾	77¾
Ontario & Western	36¼	36¾	36	36¼	36¼
Pennsylvania	164	168¾	163¾	168¾	168¾
Pacific Mail	43¾	44¼	43¾	44¼	44
People's Gas Co	104¾	106¼	104¾	106¼	106¼
Rock Island	192	192¼	191	191¼	191¼
Rep. Iron and Steel	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼	21¼
Reading	75¾	78¾	75¾	76¼	76¼
do. first pref'd	88½	90	88¾	89¼	89¾
do. second pref'd	79¾	80¾	79¼	80¾	80
Southern Pacific	80	80¼	79¼	79¾	79¾
St. Paul	187¼	189¾	187¼	188¾	188¼
Southern Railway	40¼	40¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
do. preferred	97½	97½	96¾	96¾	96¾
T., L. & S. W.	38¾	38¾	38¼	38¼	37¾
do. preferred	79	79¾	78¾	79	78¾
Texas Pacific	54¾	54¾	53¾	53¾	53¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	70¾	71¾	70¾	71¼	71¼
U. S. Steel	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¾
do. preferred	90¾	90¾	90¼	90¼	90¾
Union Pacific	112	112¾	111¾	112	111¾
do. preferred	92	92¾	92	92	91¾
U. S. Rubber, com.					16¾
U. S. Leather	13¾	13¾	13¼	13¼	13¾
do. preferred					87¾
Wabash, preferred	48¾	48¾	48¼	48¾	48
Western Union	95¾	96	95	95	95¼

Foreign Fiances.

London, September 3.—Consols for money 93¾; do. for account 94. Atchison 98¼; do. preferred 108¼; Illinois Central 176½; Louisville and Nashville 89¾.

Bar silver quiet at 24d.

Money 2¼@2½.

Short bills 2 13-16; three months' bills 2 13-16@2¾.

Paris, September 3.—Three per cent rentes 101 francs 65 centimes. Exchange on London 25 francs 19 centimes.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, September 3.—The market today was highly irregular and excited on a large volume of business. There appeared to be heavy profit taking in some directions, while in others there was renewed and confident buying. Efforts were made at times to check the advancing tendency, but except for some hesitation which followed the early reports as to the accident to the president's party in the Berkshire hills, the general tone through the day were only the reflection of natural realizations. The keynote to the speculation was given by Reading issues, which again advanced sharply with almost violence. The movement in the stocks was regarded as emphasizing the completion of an eastern trunk line deal. This view was confirmed, in the opinion of many persons in the street, by a late remarkable outburst of strength in Pennsylvania and New York Central. Some specialties showed good gains at times. Louisville and Nashville and Southern Railway were somewhat reactionary, but Illinois Central rose sharply. North American 2 per cent on reports that the stock had been closely concentrated in expectation of important favorable developments. In the late dealings People's Gas was active and 2 per cent higher. Colorado Fuel and Iron continued weak, but Sloss-Sheffield and Tennessee Coal and Iron were higher, the former scoring a large gain. Virginia-Carolina Chemical and some specialties were strong. The market closed somewhat variable, but was generally strong and excited.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, September 3.—Cotton seed oil quiet and easy with quotations practically nominal in absence of business. Prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 28@28½; prime summer yellow 40@41c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45@46; prime winter yellow 46@47c. Prime meal $27.

Memphis, September 3.—Cotton seed oil: Car load lots, per gallon, prime crude nominal; off crude 27½@28½c; prime summer yellow 38½c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, nominal. Meal and cake: Prime $23; off nominal.

New Orleans, September 3.—Cotton seed oil: Prime refined in barrels 36c; off refined in barrels 35c; prime crude, loose, nominal.

R. M. Seale & Co.'s General Market Letter.

Atlanta, September 3.—Cotton—The government report of 64 is beyond comprehension, it might have been 72, or, at the worst 70, but how it can be 64 no one knows, but the figures have been issued and have to be reckoned with. We are not concerned with the accuracy or mistakes of the government report. It may be out of the way as much as it was last year. The real importance to be attached to the figures is that the crop is not a big one, and that the weather has been unfavorable. The world will need 11,000,000 bales this year, and we fail to see where it is coming from. It is going to be a big year in cotton. As a matter of fact, opinions vary, respecting the bureau, as any number of operators can be found who believe the report is exaggerated, yet there are many, who, after inspection of certain sections of the belt, adhere to the view that the condition is correct. It now remains to be seen in what manner country offerings will be extended, for upon the attitude of interior holders will largely depend the stability of prices for the near future.

Stocks—London came irregular this morning, but with the course of the day arbitrage houses bought about 25,000 shares on balance. Money was firm, strong and unchanged. The anthracite coalers opened lower, but soon established a fresh record of market valuations. The sensitive character of trading was in the setback which took place on the news of the mishap to the president. Aside from the Reading issues the most conspicuous movement in the railway list was in Illinois Central. Missouri Pacific, Norfolk and St. Paul. In the last named there was the incentive of the meeting of directors next week on the October dividend. With the course of the day Chesapeake and Ohio advanced sharply, presumably in sympathy with the rise in Norfolk and Western, although in the present circumstances the two properties are widely varied. Colorado Fuel and Iron was lively, fluctuated and bought by insiders. Copper was very strong on reports that a settlement with competing producing companies was under way. Sugar and the Steels were dull and fluctuated within narrow limits.

Wheat—Export sales at the seaboard were 20 loads. The opening was strong with good buying orders from commission houses, and a good many outside orders were sent in due to cold weather in the northwest and fears of frost. Armour appeared to be a seller of September, but there was buying of December that was very suggestive of Northwest and St. Louis shorts. The close was strong with senitment more bullish than for some time past, and it looks as if values would work higher.

Corn—Export demand at the seaboard, killing frosts in extreme northwest with predictions for frost tonight as far south as Iowa, started shorts to covering, while commission houses were buyers of all futures. Toward the close Patten sold considerable December, supposed to be realizing. The fact that corn was late in a great many sections created an apprehension to make the trade nervous over the situation and should frost appear they will no doubt be followed by numerous damage reports.

Oats were very strong on buying by the Cereal Company, while Patten sold. The grading continues very poor and makes sentiment very bullish on this cereal. We believe that the good grading will have a depressing effect on values.

Provisions—Stocks here show a reduction, and the world's stock at large decreased 29,000 tierces last month. Hogs were lower, but there was buying of January pork by Armour, while Cudahy bought January lard. The market was a dull affair, as attention seemed to be centered in the grain pits.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, September 3.—Eggs, fresh stock, 18 to 20c per dozen. Butter, choice 15@16c; fancy 20@22 1-2. Live poultry, hens 35cc; fries, large 23 to 25c; medium, 16@18; small 12@14. Ducks, puddie, 20c. Onions, 75@90c. Cabbage, 1 to 1 1-2c lb. Irish potatoes 65c per bushel.

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Correspondence O'Dell Commission Co. Incorporated Capital $200,000. Cincinnati, Ohio. Quickest service in South. NO INTEREST ON STOCKS and dividend paid on stocks bought on margins. Reference, Neal Loan and Banking Co. and Third National Bank.

CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, September 3.—Frost just over the Canadian border and fears that it would drop down as far as Iowa tonight put corn shorts in a state of fright today and brought good bulges in all grains. The advances in wheat and oats were largely in sympathy with corn. There was a good general trade and at the close both September and December wheat was up 1@1¼c, September corn 1¼c, December corn 1c higher, September oats 1¼c higher and December oats ⅝c higher. Provisions closed unchanged to 10c down.

Corn was leader both in point of price advance and trade. With a killing frost at Havre, Manitoba, and predictions that the unripe corn would suffer, corn was wanted in large quantities to cover contracts. All other conditions save weather were ignored. Offerings were exceedingly small, and at once prices stiffened. The southwest was a big buyer and commission houses as a rule had buying orders. The government crop report was moderately bullish, stating that corn in Iowa and eastern Nebraska needed a month to mature. Cables were a little higher, but receipts showed a little improvement. September sold from 57½@59c and closed strong 1¼c up at 58¼c. December sold from 42⅝@43

PELICANS MEET LOCALS TODAY

This Is the Last Series To Be Played in Atlanta This Year.

HENLEY WILL BE IN THE BOX

New Orleans Team Is in a Badly Disorganized Condition and Is Fighting Desperately To Hold Second Place in League.

Southern League Standing.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct
Nashville	106	74	32	.704
New Orleans	103	62	41	.602
Little Rock	111	65	46	.585
Atlanta	103	53	50	.514
Memphis	103	47	56	.456
Chattanooga	103	42	61	.407
Shreveport	106	42	64	.395
Birmingham	106	34	72	.318

Abner Powell's Pelicans come today for four games. The Birdies are fighting hard to offset Little Rock's rush and hold second place, and the series in consequence will be a hard proposition for the locals.

The Atlanta team has been playing an erratic game—at times showing invincible form and more often losing by poor work. New Orleans is not in the best of condition.

Henley will pitch for the Remnants. Last Saturday the tall twirler was in fine fettle, and if he does as good work and receives any sort of backing the Pelicans will have to take to the woods.

A double-header will be played Friday and the last Southern League game that the local fans will have a chance of seeing this year will occur Saturday.

Hams Continue To Lose.

Birmingham, September 3.—By three hits in the ninth inning Little Rock pulled the game out of the fire today and defeated Birmingham. F. Smith was invincible until the last inning, while Watt pitched star ball throughout the game. Score: R.H.E.

Birmingham 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2
Little Rock 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3 7 1

Batteries—F. Smith and Brown; Watt and Lynch.

Nashville Takes Two.

Nashville, Tenn., September 3.—Shreveport fattened Nashville's percentage column today by losing two games to the leaders. In the first game the locals batted Fisher at will, while Bailey was an enigma to the visitors. In the second game Nashville hit the ball at the right time, and was aided by Skopec's wildness, his bases on balls forcing in two runs in the third inning. Attendance 1,200. Scores:

First game— R.H.E.
Nashville 1 0 3 0 2 0 2 0 1—9 12 0
Shreveport 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2 6 2

Batteries—Bailey and Fisher; Fisher and Lehman.

Second game— R.H.E.
Nashville 0 1 2 0 1 3 0 0 *—7 7 1
Shreveport 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 11 4

Batteries—Damman and Risher; Skopec, Vogt and McGuire.

NO WINS FOR THE GEORGIANS.

Atlanta Riflemen Are Not Successful at Sea Girt.

Rifle Range, Sea Girt, N. J., September 3.—Magnificent shooting marked the wind-up of the regimental team match, one of the two leading events of the fifth day in the interstate shooting tournament. The victory was practically conceded to the team from the Seventy-first regiment, New York national guard, but the team from the Fourth New Jersey regiment made a remarkable spurt at 500 yards, two of its six members scoring 50 points out of a possible 50, and won out. The winning score, 545 out of a possible 600, equals the record in this match. The Seventy-first New York was second with 538, the Seventh New York third with 537, and the Second District of Columbia fourth with 533.

Company A, sixth battalion, District of Columbia national guard, landed first prize in the company team match, five men in a team, each man first seven shots at 200 yards and seven shots at 500 yards. The winning total, 312 out of a possible 350, carried with it a prize of $50 and a medal for each member of the team. Second prize was gathered in by company C, Seventh New York, with a total of 310, while third prize was won by company C, Fourth New Jersey. In this match the score of troop L, First Georgia, was 141 at 200 yards, 149 at 500 yards, a total of 290.

Blackshear 9, Waycross 8.

Blackshear, Ga., September 3.—(Special.)—The ball game between Waycross and Blackshear here today resulted in a defeat for Waycross by a score of 9 to 8 in seven innings. The features of the game were a home run and three-bagger by Tegal, of Waycross. Batteries—Pelze and Inman, for Waycross; Solomon and McMillan, for Blackshear.

SCHOOL SHOES

It is as natural for some children to come here for their shoes as it is for them to go to school. But we are after new friends. Do you know that one of the worst things you can do to the children is to make them wear ill-fitting, poorly-made shoes? Shoes that pinch, leather that is not properly tanned?

We put medium weight leather in the uppers of our shoes, and yet it is soft. Don't let anyone tell you that heavy leather can't be made soft.

Nothing but oak-tanned sole leather goes under these uppers.

This selection of stock costs us a little more, yet we have the satisfaction of knowing our School Shoes cannot be beat at the prices, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.

36 Whitehall — Carlton Shoe Co. — 36 Whitehall

M'GOVERN AND CORBETT TO FIGHT IN LOUISVILLE

Louisville, September 3.—Manager R. C. Gray, of the Southern Athletic Club, under whose auspices the twenty-round bout between Terry McGovern and Young Corbett is scheduled for September 22, tonight authorized the statement that the event will positively take place at that time, with James J. Corbett as referee. Mayor Grainer's declaration that the contest will be within the limit of the law, and the opinion of leading attorneys that the officials of Jefferson county alone have the power to act in the matter, makes it certain, the promoters say, that the championship event will be pulled off as arranged. Drs. T. Hunt Stucky and Bloom have consented to act as medical examiners to the Southern Athletic Club.

The sale of tickets has begun and 100 out-of-town sporting men reserved ringside seats today.

GEERS, HUDSON AND SNOW FINED FOR CROOKED WORK

Hartford, Conn., September 3.—Drivers Geers, Hudson and Snow were fined $100 each for "laying up" heats at the Charter Oak Park races today. In the first race, the 2:09 pace, Hudson laid up Twinkle. In the second race, the 2:15 trot, Geers held up Prince of Orange in the first and second heat. Snow laid up Fanny Dillard in the 2:04 pace. Summaries:

2:09 pacing, $3,000, mile heats: Dan R, ch. g., by Tasco, Jr., dam, by Colonel Hunt (Geers), won in three straights; Terrace Queen, br. m. (Schaffer), second; New Richmond, g. s. (Walker), third. Twinkle, Louis G, La Conda, John T. Star, Pugh, Cinch, Sophia also started. Best time, 2:05 ¾.

2:13 trot, $1,500: Prince of Orange, br. g., by Prince of India, dam by Cuyler (Geers), won in three straights; Monte Carlo, b. g. (Eckers), second; The King, b. g. (Curry), third. Best time, 2:09½.

Nut Bearer, Aggie Medium, Consuela S, A. J. D., Invader, Bessie Owens and Henry S. finished as named. Best time, 2:09½.

2:04 pace, $1,500: Audubon Boy, ch. s., by J. J. Audubon-Floxy, by Bourbon Wilkes (Hudson), won in three straight heats; Fannie Dillard, b. m. (Snow), second; Connor blk. g. (A. P. McDonald), third. Indiana also started. Best time, 2:05¼.

2:25 trot, $1,500: Dulce Cor, br. m., by Baron Wilkes-Nancy Gladys, by Nut Bearer (Miller), won; The Quester, b. g., second; William Tell, third. Anna Held, Oxford Chimes, Jantina, Handspring finished as named. Best time, 2:11¼.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

National League Standing.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct
Pittsburg	116	87	29	.750
Brooklyn	118	62	56	.525
Boston	112	57	55	.508
Cincinnati	115	57	58	.495
Chicago	115	57	58	.495
St. Louis	113	52	61	.460
Philadelphia	113	47	66	.415
New York	112	39	73	.348

Cincinnati 2, New York 1.

New York, September 3.—The game between Cincinnati and New York today was a somewhat dull pitchers' battle.

Score: R H E
Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—2 7 3
New York 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 3 0

Batteries—Thielman and Bergen, Miller and Bowerman. Time, 1:35. Umpires, Latham and Irwin. Attendance, 1,800.

St. Louis 3, Philadelphia 1.

Philadelphia, September 3.—St. Louis won today's game from Philadelphia in the eighth inning, on four singles.

Score: R H E
St. Louis 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3 10 0
Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 5 0

Batteries—Pierson and Ryan, White and Doolin. Time, 1:55. Umpire, Brown. Attendance, 700.

Pittsburg 12, Boston 5.

Boston, September 3.—Long's kindness in contributing errors and general foolish playing on the part of the home team gave Pittsburg an easy game today.

Boston 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0—5 12 6
Pittsburg 2 3 0 0 2 0 5 0 0—12 11 1

Batteries—Eason and Moran, Doheny and Phelps. Time, 2:10. Umpire, O'Day. Attendance, 1,790.

Brooklyn 4, Chicago 0.

Brooklyn, September 3.—The Chicago team was shut out by Brooklyn today.

Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 7 1
Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 1—4 13 0

Batteries—Morris and Kline, Evans and Latimer. Time, 1:35. Umpire, Emslie. Attendance, 1,400.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

American League Standing.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct
Philadelphia	112	64	48	.571
St. Louis	111	62	49	.558
Chicago	110	61	49	.554
Boston	112	62	50	.553
Cleveland	115	59	56	.513
Washington	115	53	62	.460
Detroit	110	44	66	.400
Baltimore	112	44	68	.392

Cleveland 8, Baltimore 6.

Cleveland, September 3.—Good support was all that saved Hess from a defeat today, as he was hit safely fourteen times and gave seven bases on balls.

Cleveland 4 0 3 0 1 0 0 0 0—8 13 0
Baltimore 1 0 1 0 2 2 0 0 0—6 14 4

Batteries—Hess and Wood, Butler, Heisman and Robinson. Time, 1:59. Umpire, Connolly. Attendance, 1,800.

Philadelphia 5, Detroit 3.

Detroit, September 3.—Poor base running in the first and second innings, when seven local men got to first base, cost Detroit today's game.

Detroit 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 11 4
Philadelphia 0 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 0—5 10 2

Batteries—Egan and McGuire, Hastings, Plank and Powers. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, O'Laughlin. Attendance, 1,300.

Even Break at St. Louis.

St. Louis, September 3.—St. Louis split even today, winning the first game and losing the second. Scores:

St. Louis 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 4 3—9 13 2
Washington 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2—4 7 4

Batteries—Donohue and Kahoe, Orth and Clarke. Time, 1:40. Umpires, Johnstone and Sheridan.

St. Louis 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 6 0
Washington 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0—4 7 1

Batteries—Sudhoff and Sugden, Townsend, Clarke and Drill. Time, 1:35. Umpires, Sheridan and Johnstone. Attendance, 6,500.

GLORIES TO PLAY VICTORS.

Final Game of the Series Will Be Played at Piedmont Park on Friday.

The Young Glories will play the North Side Victors Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Piedmont park. The contest between these two strong teams will precede the regular game.

It will be the deciding game in the series for the championship of the Junior League. The Glories and the Victors have played two games, each winning one.

The pennant, offered by F. G. Byrd to the victorious team, will be awarded after the game. Manager E. T. Peter, of the Atlanta team, will umpire.

AT BUFFALO

EINUS, QUOTED 20 TO 1, SURPRISES THE TALENT

Buffalo, N. Y., September 3.—The feature of today's racing at Kenilworth park was the clever win by Green B. Morris' Artvis in the handicap for 2-year-olds, the third event on the card. The victory of Einus, at 20 to 1, in the first race, was the surprise of the day.

FIRST RACE—Selling, mile: Einus, 98 (J. Daly), 20 to 1, won; Curtsy, 105 (Minder), 3 to 5, second; Lady Sliver, 102 (O'Neil), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:42 4-5.

SECOND RACE—Selling, mile and one-eighth: Cogswell, 101 (Minder), 2 to 1, won; Silk Cord, 104 (L. Jackson), even, second; Jessie Jarboe, 107 (McCann), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:56 2-5.

THIRD RACE—Handicap, three-fourths mile: Artvis, 126 (Minder), 7 to 10, won; All Souls, 108 (Robertson), 4 to 5, second; Kilmorie, 104 (L. Jackson), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 2-5.

FOURTH RACE—Mile: Dr. Brown, 107 (T. Knight), 4 to 5, won; Golden Cottage, 102 (J. Daly), 6 to 1, second; Annie Lauretta, 102 (M. Johnson), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:42 1-2.

FIFTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs: Cruzados, 100 (Alexander), 1 to 4, won; Snark, 110 (Minder), 40 to 1, second; Hop Scotch, 110 (Robertson), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 2-5.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, five-eighths of a mile: Ennui, 105 L. Jackson), 3 to 1, won; Immortelle, 100 (O'Neil), 3 to 1, second; Oraviva, 103 (J. Daly), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:02 2-5.

AT DELMAR.

ONLY ONE FAVORITE RACES FIRST PAST WINNING POST

St. Louis, September 3.—The talent had an off day at Delmar, as only one favorite flashed first past the post. Second choices predominated in all the races save two. The track was fast and the weather cloudy.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Kingstelle, 113 (Dale), 10 to 1, won; Nearest, 114 (Houbre), 7 to 5, second; Onanetta, 114 (C. Bonner), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 1-2. Tros, Alalia, Cotton Plant, Peter Duryea, De Blaize, Neva M and Aline S also ran.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Barnacle, 99 (Houbre), 5 to 2, won; Marchioness, 104 (Otis), 9 to 5, second; Centi, 95 (L. Spencer), 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:10. Liska, Bear Creek, Lupulin, Tribes and Joquita also ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs: Louis Wagner, 103 (Battiste), 7 to 5, won; Spurs, 101 (J. Miller), 40 to 1, second; Hainault, 95 (Scully), 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:29. Rendaw, Julius Werner, Masterful, Miss Wandelohr and Henry Bent also ran.

FOURTH RACE—One mile: Foundling, 92 (C. Bonner), 2 to 1, won; Fitzkanet, 105 (Dade), 3 to 2, second; W. B. Gates, 107 (J. Miller), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 1-2. Helen Print and Lasso also ran.

FIFTH RACE—One mile and a quarter: Tammany Chief, 95 (Sayers), 10 to 1, won; Lindenella, 106 (Otis), 11 to 10, second; South Breeze, 100 (T. Dean), 6 to 5, third. Time, 2:08 1-2. Invictus, Varner, LeFlare and Harry K also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs: Croix d'Or, 95 (C. Bonner), 2 to 1, won; Four Leaf C, 101 (Dougan), 9 to 2, second; Kitty Clyde, 111 (Otis), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:28 1-4. Lennep, If You Dare, and Temptress also ran.

Today's Entries at Delmar.

First Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Russian, Annie Oldfield, Mona B, 106; Overstreet, 103; Fleetwing, Birdie Stone, Curd, Gillock, One More, 101; Tuckapaw, 95.

Second Race—Mile and three-sixteenths, selling: Cherished, 105; Terra Incognita, Greyforge, Belle Simpson, 102; Free Coinage, 100; Burnetts Walkaway, Mission, 97; Hucena, 95.

Third Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Icicle, 109; Lyror Bell, 105; Van Hoorebeke, 106; Federalist, 103; Ciales, Bengal, 101; Mabel Richardson, 95.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs: Hilee, Frank Bell, 110; Miss Golightly, Ethylene, 108; Bummer, 105; Father Wentker, 104; Miss Mac Day, Ed L, 96; Kiss Quick, 93; Amigari, 85; Laura G, San Lulton, 80.

Fifth Race—Mile and 20 yards, selling: Brownvail, 110; Fon Spray, Tenny Belle, Spurs, Pirates Daughter, Lofter, 105; Barkleyte, 98.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Beana, 107; El Caney, Zonne, Found, Orris, 101; The Boer, 96; Leenja, 86.

AT HARLEM

HARGIS, HOT FAVORITE, BEATEN BY LA CRIMAE

Chicago, September 3.—La Crimae proved easily the best in the fourth race at 1 mile at Harlem today after a wretched start in which Hargis and Jane Holly were badly worsted. Hargis, the favorite, backed from 6 to 5 to even money, was third at the finish.

Nellie Waddell won the second race with ease, covering the 6 furlongs in 1:13 according to the official timer, although a dozen private watches caught the time at 1:12 2-5, which would have given the filly a track record. Weather cloudy; track good. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Watkins Overton, 113 (J. Mathews), 3 to 1, won; Galba, 110 (Birkenruth), 11 to 1, second; Vincetides, 110 (Hoar), 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:15 2-5. The Picket, Banter, Blue Miracle, Rankin, Canyon, Mike Shelly, Blando, Sardian and B. F. Johnson ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Nellie Waddell, 92 (Helgerson), 6 to 1, won; Burnie Bunton, 105 (Prior), 11 to 5, second; Toah, 109 (Winkfield), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:13. Headwater, Wain-A-Moinen and Admonition ran. Messina threw rider at start.

THIRD RACE—Steeplechase, short course: Wenlock, 145 (H. S. Wilson), 4 to 5, won; Lemoon, 145 (J. Johnson), 6 to 1, second; Stamp, 145 (Worthington), 9 to 1, third. Time, 3:38 1-5. St. Sulphice, Bob Alone and Duke of Bohemia ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile: La Crimae, 104 (Ransch), 5 to 1, won; John A. Clarke, 107 (Robbins), 9 to 1, second; Hargis, 108 (Winkfield), even, third. Time, 1:43 3-5. Jane Holly, Gonfalon and Serpent ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Antagonist, 102 (Seaton), 13 to 1, won; Flocarline, 106 (Ransch), 9 to 10, second; Jackfull, 106 (J. Mathews), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:07 1-5. Pennant, Frank Rice, Dupont, Siloam, Pericles, Clarissa Belle, Vestia, High Charmer and Merciful ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile: Duellist 114 (Hoar), 5 to 1, won; Evening Star, 104 (Birkenruth), 7 to 1, second; Count 'Em Out, 107 (Prior), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 3-5. Cork, James J. Corbett, Irma's Choice, King's Court and Zyra ran.

Today's Entries at Harlem.

First Race—Five and a half furlongs: Whiten, Naulahka, Mary Glenn, Vestry, Lady Grafter, Impetuous, 110; Siege, 105; Monia, Allyar, Bruce, The Fisher Girl, Feby Blue, The Crisis, 102; Chicago Girl, 105. Couple Grafter and Impetuous as Griffin entry.

Second Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Rabunta, 109; Carnelian, 106; Harry Preston, Papa Harry, Ida V, Silver Fizz, Lady Wentworth, Light Ball, Alfred C, Jack Doyle, Fridolin, Golden Scepter, Essence, Lime Light, 103; Form, 98.

Third Race—Sapling stakes, half mile: Stemwinder, J. Sidney Walker, 112; Vestry, 105; Mallory, Aurevolr, 120; Josette, 117; Adica, Gypsene, Agnes Mack, 115; Estrada Palma, 108; Bad News, Magills, 105. Counie Mallory and Aurevoir as Bennett entry; Walker and Vestry as Darden entry.

Fourth Race—Mile: Jiminez, 112; Joe Frey, Rolling Boer, 107; Major Dixon, Pink Tail, 104; J. V. Kirby, 99; St. Minor, 80.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Laya, 109; Harney, Galathee, Cougar, 108; Wyola, 107; Lecturer, 106; Della Ostrand, Rosa Dlah, Fairbury, 105; Little Duchess II, About, Tizona, 103; The Caxton, 100; Mountebank, 98.

Sixth Race—Mile, selling: Emathion, 109; Magi, Rose of May, John A. Clark, Leviathan, Lenata, 102; Matin Bell, Wild Oats, Gra My Chree, 100; Miracle II, 99; Ultruda, Howendobler, 96; Corinne Unland, 94; Blessed Damosel, 92.

Nashville Outshoots Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., September 3.—(Special.) The Hermitage Gun Club, of Nashville, won another championship cup from the Huntsville Gun Club yesterday. The shoot continued all day. Each club picked a team of twenty men who shot in the match and each shooter had 100 targets. F. G. Fite, of Nashville, made the best score of the day, breaking 86 targets in the hundred. The Hermitage club team broke 1,420 targets in 2,000 and its percentage was 71, while the Huntsville team broke 1,377, the percentage being 68.9.

The day was spent in a very pleasant way. The Huntsville club gave a barbecue in compliment to the visitors.

GIRDLE IN FRONT FOR FILLY STAKES

W. C. Whitney's Filly Makes Six Furlongs in Fast Time.

WINNER QUOTED AT 15 TO 1

Dazzling, the Favorite, Contested Every Inch of the Race, and Girdle Won by a Short Head in a Furious Drive.

New York, September 3.—Girdle, owned by W. C. Whitney, won the Great Filly stakes at Sheepshead Bay today. She was at the remunerative odds of 15 to 1 and ran the 6 furlongs with 116 pounds up in the fast time of 1:12 3-5. Dazzling and Duster, coupled from the Keene stable, were favorites, closing at even money, with Ada Nay next in demand. Judith Campbell made the running to the main track, where both Girdle and Dazzling closed and in a furious drive Girdle won by a short head. Dazzling was second, three lengths in front of Ada Nay. The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Red Knight, 114 (L. Smith), 6 to 1, won; Africander, 126 (Landry), 4 to 1, second; Joe Cob, 110 (Redfern), 20 to 1, third. Time 1:06 1-5. Manru, Sparkle Easher, Woodlake, Intervention, Monte Carlo, Louise Collier, Muzio, John A. Scott, Pan Longin, River Pirate, Sir Voorhies, The Captain and Orlando ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, mile: Rossignol, 95 (J. Martin), 15 to 1, won; Key Note, 96 (Redfern), 3 to 1, second; Stevedore, 90 (L. Smith), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:40. Sadduccee, Clonmel, Dr. Riddle, Ohnet, Grail and Locket ran.

THIRD RACE—The Great Filly stakes for fillies 2 years old, 6 furlongs: Girdle, 116 (Burns), 15 to 1, won; Dazzling, 116 (Shaw), even, second; Ada Nay, 114 (Odom), 13 to 5, third. Time 1:12 3-5. Judith Campbell, Hymettus, Merry Reel, Duster, Florite and Love Note ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Dolphin, mile and a furlong: Igniter, 108 (Shaw), 8 to 1, won; Whiskey King, 108 (Redfern), 6 to 5, second; Heno, 114 (Bullman), 4 to 1, third. Time 1:53 2-5. South Trimble, Hindred and Dixie Line ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Hempstead cup steeplechase for hunters, about 2 1-2 miles: Self Protection, 156 (Page), 2 to 5, won; Hark Forward, 142 (Saffel), 7 to 1, second; Gypsie, 142 (Dayton), 30 to 1, third. Time 5:10 3-5. Silent Friend ran. Howard Crafty fell.

SIXTH RACE—Handicap, mile and a furlong: Daly, 89 (Redfern), 9 to 2, won; St. Finnan, 86 (Shea), 12 to 1, second; Advance Guard, 132 (Odom), 8 to 5, third. Time 1:53 4-5. Slipthrift, Remorse and Andy Williams ran.

Today's Entries at Sheepshead.

First Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Scoffer, 112; Stamping Ground, 111; Dramatist, Dark Planet, 110; Burke Cochran, 109; Showman Cincinnatus, 108; Ella Snyder, Cloche d'Or, 107; Bright Girl, 105; Cates, Harrison, Amorous, 102; Squanto, 99; Marionetta, 98; Nevermore, 97.

Second Race—Seven furlongs: Chuctanunda, 103; Royal [illegible], Col. Padden, 112; Monograph, 110; [illegible]sette, 105; Huntressa, 104; Gold Maxim, Ordhung, 100; Belle of Lexington, 99; De Reszke, 98; Extinguisher, Lady Uncast, 97; Lord Pepper, 95; Flying Jib, 95; Rockey, 90; White Crest, 89.

Third Race—Selling, mile and a furlong: Hesper, 110; Satire, 107; Lady Sterling, Right Away, 101; Teddy, 98; King Raine, 96; Swamplands, Boaster, 95; Latson, 93; May J. 84.

Fourth Race—Five furlongs: Bensonhurst, 122; Blue Ribbon, 115; Roxboro, 112; Cinque Valli, 110; Invincible, Lord of the Vale, Blue and Orange, Incubar Innesbruck, 104; Rosewater, Sumida, Medal, 110; Toscan, 115.

Fifth Race—Mile: Lillion, Bencotta, Col. Rorera, Judge Burell, Dartman, 112; Col. Rue, Alabarch, Lady Teasle, Annie Grace, Pillager, The Dancer, The Cuckoo, Ironess, Miss Almy Outsider, Anna Darling, The Talisman, Moon Daisy, Edgar Poe, 109.

Sixth Race—The Turf handicap, mile and a quarter on turf: Advance Guard, 130; Blues, 122; Bonnibert, 124; Tom Candles, 112; Articulate, 110; His Eminence, 106; Par Excellence, 98; The Rival, 95; Daly, 87.

ANNUAL MEETING OF DEMOCRATS

Young Men's Democratic League To Gather This Evening.

OFFICERS WILL BE ELECTED

Van A. Bachelor Spoken of for President, and W. H. Terrell for Vice President—Will Invite Prominent Democrats To Come to Atlanta.

The Young Men's Democratic League of Fulton county will hold its annual meeting in the council chamber at the city hall this evening at 8 o'clock. The object of the meeting, as stated by President Walter McElreath, is the election of officers for the ensuing year.

There are three candidates in the field for the three leading offices, and it is not likely that there will be any opposition to any of them. Van Astor Bachelor is prominently spoken of for president; W. H. Terrell for vice president, and Frank Mitchell, the present secretary, for reelection.

Though there is no opposition to any of the candidates, yet it is not at all likely that the meeting tonight will be a dull one, for it usually happens that something is sprung at the annual meeting to make matters interesting.

Besides the election of officers the league will doubtless take some steps toward making arrangements for having a number of the leading democrats of the country come to Atlanta during the presidential campaign that is soon to be precipitated.

There is some talk of extending an invitation to David B. Hill to come to Atlanta and address the democrats of Fulton county. Congressman Griggs, chairman of the congressional campaign committee, will also be invited to speak. Though affairs are all practically democratic in and around these regions, yet the young men's league does not intend to allow itself to be caught napping on any proposition.

There are between 1,500 and 2,000 members of the league, and it is expected that a full quota of the membership will be in attendance upon the meeting tonight.

The order calling the meeting for tonight is as follows:

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Democratic League of Fulton County is hereby called for Thursday night, September 4, 1902, at 8 o'clock, in the council chamber for the purpose of holding the annual election of officers.

WALTER McELREATH, President.

FRANK MITCHELL, Secretary.

Close connection made by the Seaboard Air Line Railway with New York, Washington and Baltimore steamers at Norfolk, Va.

IN THE COURTS.

The Fulton county grand jury yesterday returned twenty true bills and five no bills. None of the cases acted on were of special public interest. The jury completed the business before it and adjourned subject to the call of Solicitor Charlie Hill.

Transfers of Property.

The following transfers of property were recorded yesterday with Deputy Clerk Alex Dittler, of the superior court:

Mrs. Mary R. Parrott to Mrs. Cornelia E. Daniel, lot on south side of Glenn street, 55 by 100, $350

The Atlanta Real Estate Company to Edmond L. Wooten, lot on west side of Hill street, 54 by 147, $700.

E. L. Wooten to F. C. Lacy, lot on west side of Hill street, 54 by 147, $800.

J. W. Hitch, guardian, to D. O. Smith, lot on west side of county line road, dividing Fulton and DeKalk counties, 566 by 580, $800.

Mrs. Emma B. Baldwin to Mrs. Lena Swift Huntley, lot corner of Jefferson street and Harvard avenue, 400 by 380, $1,200.

Millie Cato to Robert R. Wood, Jr., lot on southwest side of Trenholm street, 40 by 85, $700.

The New Manchester Company to Emma R. Baldwin, lot corner of Jefferson street and Harvard avenue, 400 by 380, $500.

Sheriff's deed—D. C. Black, by sheriff, to J. A. Fritz, lot on west side of Piedmont avenue, 260 by 100, $500.

Franklin P. Rice to Charles F. Rice, lot on west side of Tifton street, 60 by 100, $100.

Henry L. Wilson to Franklin P. Rice, lot on south side of Fourth street, 97½ by 83 feet 3 inches; also lot on east side of Tifton street, 66 by 100, $600.

John A. Wright to William S. McCord, lot corner Johnson avenue and Howell street, 150 by 52, $2,500.

Quit claim deed—W. A. Wright to William S. McCord, lot corner of Johnson avenue and Howell street, 150 by 52, $10.

Seaboard Air Line Railway is only line leaving Atlanta at night which makes connection at Norfolk with Washington, Baltimore and New York steamers. $12.00 round trip Atlanta to Old Point Comfort, Va., via Richmond or Portsmouth.

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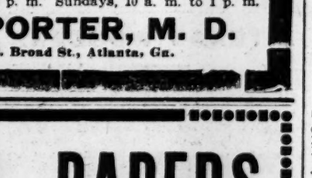

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Marist College
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New Pupils
Examined and classified Thursday and Friday at 9 a. m.
Classes Resumed Monday, Sept. 8 at 8:30.
Applications for admission should be made to
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A Model Boys' School.

The New Endowed School of the South, THE JACOB TOME INSTITUTE, an hour's ride from Baltimore, has a plant that cost about $1,000,000 and a productive endowment exceeding $2,000,000, making it many times the RICHEST SCHOOL IN THE UNITED STATES and insuring THE HIGHEST EFFICIENCY AT LOWEST COST. Situated on the palisades of the Susquehanna River, with an elevation of 250 feet above the picturesque town of Port Deposit, Maryland, a site of exceptional beauty and healthfulness. Twenty-five university-trained instructors. Courses of study in seven groups—Classical, Scientific, English, Manual Training, Commercial, History and Economics and Art. Terms, including tuition, board, furnished room, heat, light, laundry and text-books, $400. Illustrated prospectus upon application. ABRAM W. HARRIS, LL.D., Director, PORT DEPOSIT, MARYLAND.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and Business University ATLANTA, GA

6,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 8 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

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CHINA PAINTING
Especially for Teachers.
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Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's **Business College** ATLANTA, GA.
The Complete Business Course. Total Cost, $60.00. Actual Business from start to finish. Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 450 graduates. Cat. free.

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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
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College Preparatory and Special Courses in Music, Literature and Art. Address, 191 Browan Street, Dallas, Texas.

WOMAN'S COLLEGE, RICHMOND, VA.
ESTABLISHED 1854.
One of the great institutions of this country for the higher education of young ladies. Enrollment last session, 260. Apply for catalogues and further information to James Nelson, M.A., D.D., president.

Atlanta College of Pharmacy
Free Dispensary, only college operating an actual drug store. Greater demand for our students than we can supply. Address, GEORGE F. [illegible], Dean, Atlanta,

AN OCEAN TRIP
To NEW YORK, BOSTON AND ALL
EASTERN RESORTS
Via The Savannah Line
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LOW RATES—SUPERIOR SERVICE
50 Hours of Ocean Breezes
3 Sailings each Week
from Savannah, Ga.
The steamships of this Popular Line—incomparable in Speed, Service or Appointments, offer a delightful route—inexpensive in cost, complete in enjoyments—from all Southern Points by a short rail journey to Savannah and 50 hours of cool, salt air to New York.
FOR RATES, RESERVATIONS, ADVERTISING MATTER, ETC., APPLY TO
W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., 14 & 16 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.
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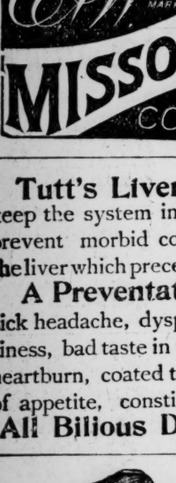
Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 10 days. Hundreds of references. 20 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address
B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

DROPSY CURED! Gives quick relief, removes all swelling in 15 to 25 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given absolutely free to every sufferer. Write to
DR H. H. GREEN'S SONS Specialists, Box E, Atlanta, Ga.



Made in Atlanta
If you have not tried
Red Rock
then you don't know what Ginger Ale is.
Red Rock Ginger Ale
is the finest made in America and better than the imported.
Try It.
At All Founts.
Manufactured and the trade supplied by
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TO EUROPE With Safety and Speed
DOMINION Line
FAST TWIN SCREW SERVICE
Boston to Liverpool
Commonwealth Sept. 10. Merion (new) Sept 17. New England Sept 24. Common wealth Oct. 8, Saloon $65 and $80 upward, according to steamer. Second saloon $40.00. Third class at low rates. Boston-Mediterranean service. Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa. Vancouver, Sept. 6, Oct. 18. Nov. 29. Cambroman, Sept. 27; Nov. 8; Dec. 20. Saloon rates $75 and upward, 2d saloon $50. For steamer plans etc., address Dominion Line, Boston, or E. J. Walker, Union Depot Ticket Office, Atlanta

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MISSOULA
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Tutt's Liver Pills
keep the system in order and prevent morbid conditions of the liver which precede disease.
A Preventative of
sick headache, dyspepsia, dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, coated tongue, loss of appetite, constipation and
All Bilious Diseases.

Full Set Teeth $5.00 to $10.00
Gold Fillings, $1.00 and Up.
Silver Fillings, 50c and Up.
Gold Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty
OUR MOTTO is to turn out work that will satisfy all. Examinations and estimates made free.
DR. E. G. GRIFFIN,
Mgr. Gate City Dental Rooms, 408, 409 and 413 Norcross Building, will continue to serve his patrons as faithfully as he has done during the last 8 years in Atlanta. Open until 8 o'clock every night, except Sunday.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed at Sanitarium or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Cure Co., Drawer A, Austell, Ga. Home treatment sent if preferred. Correspondence strictly confidential.

I Respectfully
Invite Your Attention
To the fact that my Stock of Fall and Winter Woolens is now in, and beg to express the hope that you will favor me by an inspection of same.
A. SATZKY,
37 N. Forsyth St., Prudential Bldg. Merchant Tailor.
8-29-30t

LADIES! $500 REWARD For a case of obstinate suppression, any cause in pathology, my monthly reg. fails to relieve; safe, harmless; mail; how long suppressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., 169 Dearborn St., Chicago.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
M. T. Dorsey. Albert Howell, Jr. P. H. Brewster.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 820.

A Second Page.

BOARD PARDONS GEORGE WELCH

Atlanta Attorneys Secure Release to the Young Lad.

RETURNS TO ATLANTA FREE

He Had Been Arrested in Atlanta as an Escape from the Augusta Reformatory—Has Recently Been at Work Supporting His Mother.

George Welch, the lad who was recently arrested in Atlanta as an escape from the Augusta reformatory, has been pardoned through the work of Messrs. Howell C. Erwin and Malvern Hill, two of Atlanta's attorneys, who went to Augusta and secured the release of the boy.

Young Welch was working in Atlanta for his widowed mother when he was arrested. The story of his arrest was published in The Constitution and was read by many, among whom were the two attorneys mentioned.

The boy will arrive in Atlanta this morning and will resume the manly efforts he has been making to redeem himself and support his mother.

The story of the pardon of the boy is told in the following special to The Constitution:

Augusta, Ga. September 3.—(Special.)—Howell C. Erwin and Malvern Hill, of Atlanta, appeared before the board of the Richmond county reformatory today in the interest of George Welch.

Several years ago this lad, then a resident of Augusta, was sent to the reformatory. Subsequently his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Welch, and family removed to Atlanta. About two years ago young Welch ran away from the reformatory and had not been heard of since. It seems that he made his way to Atlanta, joined his family and has been industriously and faithfully working and aiding his mother in the family's support. Recently there was an Augusta excursion to Atlanta and Welch strolled down to the depot to see any old acquaintances who might be aboard. As fate would have it he met face to face the assistant keeper of the reformatory, who promptly had him arrested as an escape and brought him back to Augusta. Without fee or hope of reward Messrs. Hill and Erwin came to Augusta at their own expense and put the matter before the reformatory board, setting forth young Welch's exemplary life in Atlanta as evidence that the work of the reformatory had been successful. The board promptly pardoned and discharged young Welch and he returns to Atlanta with a clean record.

NORMAL WILL CLOSE TODAY.

Special Examinations Will Be Held in All City Schools Tomorrow.

With today's session the normal school ends, and on tomorrow all the schools in Atlanta will be open for the purpose of holding examinations.

The normal school this year has been largely attended and the sessions have been more than ordinarily interesting. The programme for today is as follows:

8 to 8:45, Professor T. Gilbert Pearson, "The Life and Work of Audubon," hall.
8:50 to 9:30—Professor J. I. Foust, hall.
9:45 to 10:15, Grades 1 and 2, Miss Jones, room 11; grade 3, music, room 12; grade 4, Professor Foust, room 15; grades 5 and 6, Professor Pearson, room 18; grade 7, manual training, room 14; grade 8, faculty meeting, room 16.
10:15 to 10:45, Grade 1, physical culture, room 11; grade 2, music, room 10; grade 3, grade work, room 12; grade 4, Professor Pearson, room 15; grade 5, manual training, room 14; grade 6, Professor Foust, room 18; grade 7, grade work, room 17; grade 8, faculty meeting, room 16.
11 to 12, General directions by superintendent, hall.

The examinations to be held on Friday and Saturday are for children who are entering school for the first time in grades higher than the first, children who want to skip a grade and still others who want to be reinstated in classes they had dropped out of last term. Children who were promoted last term and who do not wish to skip a grade and children entering the first grade are not required to stand any examination.

The regular school term will begin next Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock.

ENDEAVORERS WILL MEET.

Atlanta Union of Christian Endeavor Will Hold Regular Monthly Meeting Tomorrow Night.

The Atlanta Union of Christian Endeavor will hold its regular monthly meeting tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at the Moore Memorial Presbyterian church.

The evening will be given to the discussion of junior Christian Endeavor work and several interesting and instructive papers will be read bearing on this phase of the work of the society.

The male quartet of the Central Congregational church will be present and will render several selections. Those who have heard these singers know what a treat it is to listen to them.

The devotional exercises will be led by Rev. J. W. Atwood, pastor of the Georgia Avenue Presbyterian church.

Moving on Chattanooga.

Indianapolis, Ind., September 3.—A large delegation, including a number of prominent busines men, will leave here Saturday for Chattanooga, Tenn., to attend the national convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive firemen. The effort begun last year to remove the national headquarters from Peoria, Ill., will be the special object of the Indianapolis delegation.

New Court Opens.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—(Special.)—The new court of chancery appeals met and organized here today. Judge M. M. Neill, of Trenton, recently elected to the supreme court, retired from the appellate bench and was succeeded by Judge John M. Taylor, also recently elected. The court took up its work without delay, Hamilton county causes being the first called. This county will also be considered tomorrow and Friday, and on Monday the court will take up Roane county.

A TEXAS WONDER.
HALL'S GREAT REMEDY.
One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidney and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, Sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.
Allens Mills, Ga., Jan. 31, 1902.
Dr. E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.
Dear Sir: I suffered 25 years from kidney and bladder trouble and used many different remedies with only temporary relief. After taking your Texas Wonder four weeks, I passed a large stone from the bladder and I think it has made a permanent cure and I can cheerfully recommend it. Yours truly,
B. HARPER.

DUNN'S MONOGRAM RYE
IS PURE
WHISKEY
PLEASES EVERYBODY, ASK ANYBODY.
S. GRABFELDER & CO., Distillers, Louisville, Ky.
A. L. DUNN, So. Trav. Agt., Box 657, Atlanta, Ga

RAILWAY NOTES.

Georgia Sleepers To Come Off.

An announcement that may be sad news to the antiquarian, but which will nevertheless be heartily welcomed by the traveling public, is that on September 21 the Georgia railroad will retire from active service the sleeping cars that have done duty for so long a time between Atlanta and Augusta and Atlanta and Charleston and substitute for them modern Pullman sleepers.

The sleepers that will be put on will be of the most modern and approved pattern. They will be sixteen section cars and will be provided with buffets. For the present only one sleeper will be run on trains 3 and 4 in place of the two that are now in service.

The schedule of the Southern from Augusta to Charleston will be so changed that passengers for Augusta will not have to leave the sleeper until 7 a. m., so that there will in reality be no need for separate Augusta and Charleston cars. In connection with the Southern the Georgia now operates a through Pullman line between Cincinnati and Charleston on trains 1 and 28.

The removal of the old Georgia railroad sleepers will prove the loss of another landmark, as well as another reduction in the number of roads operating their own sleepers. These cars have been in service for a long time, and they and the porters who have attended them are known to everybody who has traveled on the Georgia railroad in recent years.

The new cars will be known as the "Augusta" and the "Aiken." They are being turned out especially for this line and will be as fine as the Pullman shops can make them. This improvement in the service between Atlanta and Augusta and Charleston will doubtless be greatly appreciated by those who constantly use the line.

Spikes and Cinders.

Captain E. G. Ham, who was for a number of years one of the best known conductors on the old East Tennessee, and who has served on the Southern's Chattanooga division since the consolidation, left yesterday for Greenville, Miss., where with his brother he will control a large wholesale furniture business. Captain Ham has a large number of friends among the traveling public who will miss him when on the line between Atlanta and Chattanooga.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—President M. F. Darby, of the Southern Railway Machinists' Union, has returned from Washington, where he went to confer with Southern railway officials relating to the wage scale of the machinists. He states that the company has granted the request for an increase of 10 per cent, effective September 1.

Knoxville, Tenn., September 3.—The contract has been let to double track the Queen and Crescent railway from Harriman Junction to Somerset, Ky. This improvement is made necessary on account of heavy traffic on this road. It handles practically all of the Southern railway's business from the St. Louis-Louisville line for delivery to other parts of the Southern system. A large force of men is at work on the improvement.

J. G. Edwards, who has been assistant to District Passenger Agent J. G. Hollenbeck, of the Louisville and Nashville, has resigned to accept a position with the legal department of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis. He will still have headquarters in Atlanta.

J. C. Haile, of Savannah, general passenger agent of the Central of Georgia, was in Atlanta yesterday.

H. A. Sutton, of Chattanooga, traveling passenger agent of the Cotton Belt, with headquarters in that city, was in Atlanta yesterday. While in the city he was the guest of Traveling Passenger Agent N. B. Baird, of the same line.

William H. Rogers, of New Orleans, traveling freight and passenger agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, was in the city yesterday.

Not Doomed for Life.

"I was treated for three years by good doctors," writes W. A. Greer, McConnellsville, Ohio, "for Piles and Fistula, but, when all failed, Bucklin's Arnica Salve cured me in two weeks." Cures Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Corns, Sores, Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Piles or no pay. 25c at all drug stores.

NEW STORE ON WHITEHALL.

Work of Tearing Away Old Lynch Building, on the Alabama Corner, Begins Today.

The work of tearing down the old Lynch building on the northwest corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets will begin today to make way for the new building to be erected there by Harry Silverman.

The new building is to cost in the neighborhood of $20,000. The building proper is to be a plain but substantial two-story brick structure, but the interior will be finished and furnished in handsome and elaborate style.

Architect Willis F. Denny has about completed the plans for the building and the bids will be opened in a short time. The work of construction will begin as soon as the old building is out of the way, and will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Mr. Silverman, in speaking of the building yesterday, reiterated his statement of a few weeks ago to the effect that he expected to have the handsomest store in the United States.

NEW PRISON BARS RECEIVED.

Iron Strips Being Placed in United States Penitentiary Will Prevent Former Methods of Escape.

The structural iron work for the United States prison has arrived from Cincinnati, Ohio, and workmen are now engaged in placing the strips at the bottom and the top of the bars before every window in the institution. It was through the top opening that Sheldon, one of the convicts, made his escape, and it was by squeezing his body through the lower space that East made his reputation for being the first to get away from the new penitentiary.

The strips which are being added have diminished the former space of 7 1-4 inches to 4 1-2 inches. Riveted far into the stone work, these new bars will absolutely prevent all possibility of escape in this direction in the future.

THEATERS.

The theatrical season of 1902-1903 was forced open yesterday afternoon and last night by Pete Baker with what was denominated on the play bills a musical comedy drama, called "Chris and Lena." The audience regretted that the season did not remain closed a while longer. "Chris and Lena" might go pretty well at popular prices, but it would have to brush up a little to keep pace with some of the productions that have been put on the boards at the old Columbia.

In "Chris and Lena" Peter Baker, who is a German comedian of the ordinary vaudeville class, has surrounded himself with a number of people, some of whom it would be complimentary to call second rate. The same thing might be said of the show. While the audience seemed at times amused, there was nothing that elicited applause except a couple of comic songs by John Kernell, the Irish comedian.

It was anything but an auspicious opening for the Grand. Both audiences were far better than the production merited.

Manager Charles H. Yale announces three new ballets for the twenty-first edition of his "Everlasting Devil's Auction," which comes to the Grand next Monday.

For the first act a danse eccentrique, which includes "Le Danse Sensatione" by Fraulein Jennie Prager and Aurelio Coccia.

For the second act "The Feast of the Lanterns," the Chinese divertisement in which is introduced the new European novelty, "The Dance to the Moon."

For the third act a radical departure is made from the stereotyped ballet, in "Echoes from the South," which, as its title indicates, savors of ragtime melody and dance. All these divertisements are produced under the direction of Aurelio Coccia, the maitre de ballet and male dancer, while Amelia Bartoletti and Fraulein Jennie Prager, two beautiful and clever premieres, head a bevy of pretty secundos and ballerine who illustrate them.

The cast of "McFadden's Row of Flats" for the present season includes a coterie of players whose reputations and ability in the farce comedy line is a guarantee of excellence. Among those of the long list appear the names of James K. Wesley, Arthur Whitelaw, Henry Frey, Bobby Ralston, Jerry Sullivan, Mae Donohue, Emma Italia, the Exposition Four, and, of course, the famous "Yellow Kids" with their educated goat, trained pig and miniature fire engine. The company in point of numbers is this season larger than ever before, with a chorus of graceful and comely young girls, whose costuming is all that the art of modiste can supply.

"McFadden's Row of Flats" comes to the Grand next Tuesday.

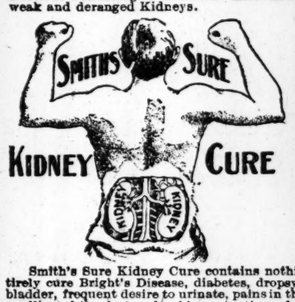
R. J. Diegle, manager of Al G. Field's greater minstrels, was in Atlanta yesterday looking after the interests of his attraction. Al Field will come to Atlanta September 16, and his show is expected to be one of the bright particular features of the early theatrical season in Atlanta.

"Of course, I am prejudiced," said Mr. Diegle yesterday, "but there is no doubt that the minstrels Mr. Field is presenting to the public this season is better than ever before. It is bigger and a number of new and interesting features have been added. I know Mr. Field will be glad when he reaches Atlanta. He has a wide circle of friends here and is always accorded a most cordial welcome. His personal friends are numbered by the hundreds through the section."

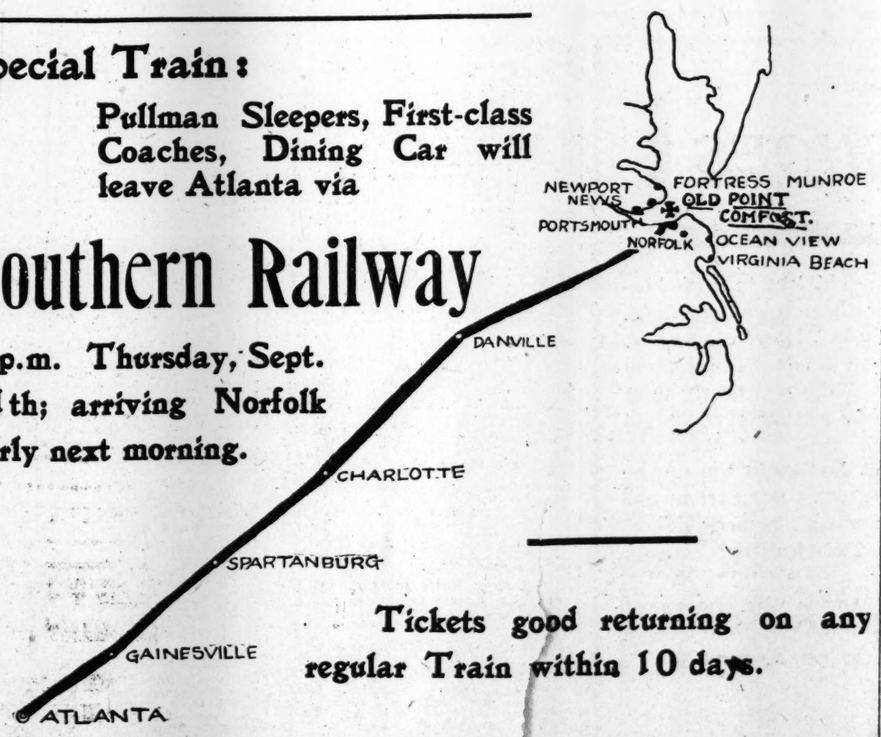
FOR SALE--No. 403 FRASER ST.
PRICE $1,600.
This is a neat, nearly new, two story 6-room house, just beyond the Fraser Street school. The lot is 36x160, fronting east and running back to an alley.
The property is clean and attractive; in strictly white neighborhood; it has been occupied by one tenant for five years and is in perfect order and repair.
We can sell the property for $1,600, payable $100 cash and $15 a month with 7 per cent interest. The titles are perfect, being a mortgage foreclosure.
G. W. ADAIR.

Don't lose sight of the fact that the character of the advertising matter you send out will largely determine the success or the failure of the "Wider territory" movement now on. And since the trade to which it looks must in a great measure be attracted through the medium of printing, it is of the highest importance that yours should properly present your claims. To ensure the best service in this matter, we are candid when we say we do not know a better way than to give us your order.
FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

GEORGE B. SAUNDERS
Buys an Interest with
GIRARDEAU & CO.
I beg to inform my patrons and the public that I have sold a half interest in the business heretofore conducted under the firm name of C. H. Girardeau & Co. to Mr. George B. Saunders, who until recently was cashier for the well known firm of G. W. Adair. Mr. Saunders is a thorough office man and accountant, and will add new strength to the old firm, which will in future be conducted under the firm name of Girardeau & Saunders. We are thoroughly equipped to render a high order of service in selling Real Estate, renting Real Estate and writing Fire Insurance, and your business is solicited. Respectfully, C. H. GIRARDEAU.

Have You Kidney or Bladder Trouble?
The Case of Mrs. Nancy Ball.
There are no diseases that more quickly and surely derange the entire constitution than Kidney or Bladder trouble, and it behooves every man and woman suffering from these diseases to have themselves cured at once. The body depends upon the Kidneys to throw off the waste matter of the system, and when it fails to do this the result is an interference with digestion, a sudden stoppage of the free circulation of the blood and a serious weakening of the heart. Also rheumatism could not exist if it were not for weak and deranged Kidneys.


Mrs. Nancy Ball, proprietor of the Ball House, Columbia, Miss., says: "I was for a long time a great sufferer from dropsy complicated with Kidney and Bladder troubles; my feet and hands were swollen and at times I was unable to walk about. My family physician had exhausted his skill in the treatment of my case without giving me any relief. I was then induced to give Smith's Sure Kidney Cure a trial and to my utter astonishment the first bottle relieved me, and I am in perfect health and able to attend to all my duties about the hotel. I consider Smith's Sure Kidney Cure the greatest medicine of the age."
Mrs. Nancy BALL, Columbia, Miss.
Smith's Sure Kidney Cure contains nothing harmful but nevertheless it will entirely cure Bright's Disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, stone in the bladder, bloated bladder, frequent desire to urinate, pains in the back, legs, sides and over the Kidneys, swelling of the feet and ankles, retention of urine, scalding pain in the bladder, wetting the bed—in short, every form of Kidney, bladder and urinary trouble in man, woman or child.
Price 50c and $1.00 a bottle of druggists generally or direct from the chemists.
FREE SAMPLE SENT ON APPLICATION.
SMITH MEDICAL COMPANY
ST. LOUIS, MO.

$12.00 Old Point Comfort $12.00
—AND RETURN—
Ocean View and Virginia Beach.
September 11th, Good 10 Days.
Special Train:
Pullman Sleepers, First-class Coaches, Dining Car will leave Atlanta via
Southern Railway
1 p.m. Thursday, Sept. 11th; arriving Norfolk early next morning.


Tickets good returning on any regular Train within 10 days.
Make Sleeper reservations early at Southern Ticket Office, 'Phone 142, or address
J. C. BEAM, JR., D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MEETING.

A regular communication of Fulton lodge, No. 216, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner Forsyth and Mitchell streets, at 8 o'clock p. m. Work in the degrees. All brethren duly qualified are fraternally invited to attend.
By order P. M. HUBBARD, W. M.
W. M. MAYO, Secretary.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, September 3.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Georgia—Fair in northwest, local showers in east and south portions Thursday; cooler in east portion. Friday fair; variable winds.

Virginia—Fair in west, clearing in east portion Thursday. Friday fair; fresh south, shifting to west, winds.

North Carolina—Local showers Thursday; cooler in central portion. Friday fair; light south winds on the coast.

South Carolina—Local showers Thursday; cooler in interior. Friday fair; light to fresh south winds on the coast.

Eastern Florida—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday with occasional showers; light east winds.

Western Florida—Showers Thursday. Friday fair; variable winds.

Louisiana—Showers Thursday; cooler in west portion. Friday fair; light to fresh north winds.

Alabama—Fair in north, showers in south portion Thursday. Friday fair; variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Showers Thursday; cooler in south portion. Friday fair and warmer; light to fresh north winds.

Western Texas—Local showers Thursday; warmer in west portion. Friday fair and warmer.

fair; warmer.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Highest temperature	86
Lowest temperature	63
Mean temperature	76
Normal temperature	74
Precipitation for past 24 hours	.91
Excess since first of month	.49
Deficiency since January 1	8.03

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature at 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature	Rainfall in Past 12 Hours.
Abilene, rain	72	86	.04
Augusta, clear	84	90	.00
Buffalo, clear	72	74	.00
Charleston, partly cloudy	80	84	.00
Charlotte, cloudy	74	86	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	76	80	.04
Chicago, clear	60	72	.01
Cincinnati, clear	78	84	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	84	88	.00
Detroit, cloudy	70	80	T
Dodge City, clear	60	74	.00
Galveston, clear	84	88	.00
Huron, clear	60	64	.00
Jacksonville, clear	80	86	.00
Jupiter, cloudy	80	84	.01
Kansas City, clear	64	74	.00
Key West, cloudy	82	86	.10
Knoxville, cloudy	72	76	.02
Memphis, clear	80	86	.00
Mobile, cloudy	76	82	.90
Montgomery, cloudy	72	82	.30
New Orleans, cloudy	80	90	.66
New York, cloudy	72	78	.00
Norfolk, partly cloudy	76	78	.20
North Platte, clear	64	68	.00
Omaha, clear	62	64	.00
Palestine, cloudy	76	88	.01
Port Eads, cloudy	82	90	.18
Raleigh, cloudy	80	90	.04
Rapid City, partly cloudy	60	64	.00
St. Louis, cloudy	74	86	T
St. Paul, partly cloudy	54	60	T
Savannah, clear	80	86	.00
Tampa, cloudy	80	90	.00
Vicksburg, partly cloudy	80	86	.12
Wilmington, clear	78	86	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

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140 Cooper St., 6 room cottage	22.50
157 Whitehall St., 10 rooms, modern	$35.00
163 Peeples St., West End, 7 rooms	$25.00
142 Formwalt St., 6 room cottage	$25.00
276 Whitehall St., 9 rooms, all modern improvements	$35.00
388 E. Hunter St., 5 rooms	$10.00
25 Pitman Place, 3 rooms	$7.00
3 N. Broad St., Store 20x65	$90.00
58 N. Broad St., Store	$85.00
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